

The Pine County Pioneer.

Ed. C. GOTTRY, Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS.

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VOL. XIII.

PINE CITY, PINE COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1898.

NO. 26.

Dr. E. E. Barnum,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office in East Residence South of the Court House.
Pine City, - - - Minnesota.

Dr. R. L. Wiseman,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office in Riverside cottage.

Dr. A. C. Trowbridge,
Dentist
Office opposite Pokigama Hotel. Office hours, 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 2 p. m.

Dr. R. White,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
PINE CITY, - - - MINNESOTA.

Dr. E. L. Stephan,
Physician and Surgeon.
—Office at Drug Store—
Hinckley, - - - Minnesota.

A. J. Stowe, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Graduate of the University of New York City, 1857. Office in new building 2nd street south of Postoffice. Residence second north of office.
Pine City, - - - Minnesota.

Ed. C. Gottry,
Attorney at Law.
Take Register U. S. Land Office. Will practice in all Courts of the State.
Edison Block, Taylors Falls, Minn.

S. G. L. Roberts,
Attorney and Counselor
at Law.
Pine City, - - - Minnesota.

Robt. C. Saunders,
Attorney at Law.
Hinckley, - - - Minnesota.

J. A. Oldenburg,
DEALER IN
General Merchandise.
Best Goods at Lowest Prices
Emlyson, - - - Minnesota.

Willow River House.
MIKE HAWLEY, Manager.
Willow River, - - - Minn.

**Pine City Restaurant
and Bakery.**

LODGE AT
Veverka's
(I DON'T!)



Will reopen on Monday, June 6th, with a new and fresh line of bakery and confectionery goods. See new ad next week.

A Word to the Wise
Is Sufficient.
And all we need to say is that if you desire reasonable treatment, and to buy your goods at a reasonable price.

WE are the people.
Cash paid for Potatoes.
GILMAN & MATSON.

CORRESPONDENCE

**Gleaned for our Readers
From All Sections of
the County.**

ROCK CREEK.

Neils Nelson went to St. Paul to enlist in the army, on Monday. Hon. Chas. A. Towne was in town on Friday of last week. Perhaps he was looking for Mr. Younger.

R. Tynelius, the photographer, will be here next week with his portable studio. He does fine work and we hope he will do well.

Joseph Rubado has started up the local blacksmith shop, and will be prepared in a short time to do all kinds of repair work "with neatness and dispatch." He is also a first-class horse-shoer.

These are the times when each and every American citizen ought to have a flag or two displayed about his home or place of business. We don't have war all the time, and there is no danger of our colors getting too common to be revered.

About two months ago Mr. Folsom, of Hinckley Enterprise fame, was almost tearing himself to pieces because President McKinley did not declare war against Spain, claiming that the President, or Mark Hanna, was playing into the hands of bond holders who were opposed to war.

Now on the other hand Mr. Younger says that "the Republican party and the President are carrying on and prolonging the war solely for the purpose of enriching the bond holders who are making money by loaning it to the government, and the poor people have to pay everything." Oh! what a glorious time these free silverites must have, trying to make political capital out of the present war.

On Thursday night, last week this place came near being washed away entirely. There was about three and a half hours of incessant downpour of rain and hail, ending with a regular cloudburst, which did considerable damage to the crops. The water came down so fast that it was about six inches deep on the high ground before it could flow away. Everything on low ground was under water, being about five feet deep on the meadows. The rail road dump was partially washed away, and the night trains were stopped north and south of here; the midnight freight was derailed at Dowlan's and it took them about ten hours before they were enabled to proceed north. The night passenger train No. 5 was stopped here and the passengers besieged Gilman & Matson's kitchen until one o'clock Friday afternoon, when the "blockade" was broken and the trains left town.

BROOK PARK.

Byron Safely, of Windom, is visiting his cousin, James Safely, of this place.

Miss Althea Hogland returned last week from Goodhue county, where she has been teaching during the past year.

Master Willie Kelley drove through to Minneapolis last week, where he will assist his father in building a house and barn.

The heaviest rain storm ever witnessed here visited us last Thursday night and did considerable damage, tearing out bridges, washing out crops, etc.

The scurrilous remarks of the Pokigama correspondent of the Pioneer last week were evidently the result of envy and disappointment and we feel constrained to give him some wholesome advice. Never indulge wicked feelings; never speak disrespectfully of those who have done you no harm, or injustice. Brookpark isent to blame for being the natural point of junction of the Great Northern Short Cut with their main line, and as to the slab depot we are willing to waive all claims to it, in favor of the original depot, as a result of our great success in

(which is likely to rival Minnetonka and White Bear.) near the upper end of Lake Pokegama. Furthermore Brookpark has had no representatives hovering in the wake of the surveying party laboring to induce them to change their contemplated route, so as to serve the interests of some adventurer. But believing that J. Hill knows his own business and is fully competent to care for the same, we serenely await the results of the survey.

MEADOW LAWN.

Small grain looks fine, but potatoes and corn are badly drowned out.

Schuyler Kilgore has just returned home from a business trip to Stillwater.

The outlook for berries of all kinds is good this season in the woods.

It costs you nothing to look at the collection of bees in the trees, at W. B. Nichols'.

Mr. Nelson is erecting a 16x26 house on the farm he has just purchased in section 22.

John Holler says he is going to put a bridge across Bear Creek today, the 8th, sink or swim.

Mr. Nelson's horses left the Lawn Monday, and took the road for Pine City. Mr. Nelson says any one finding them can make a couple of dollars by letting him know where they are.

The farm of John Holler was visited by a small cyclone last Thursday evening, tearing the roof off of his barn and scattering his granary all over his farm, tipping over his bees, and blowing down all of his nice green timber.

How Meadow Lawntes get to town—Start from home at 7 a. m., not so hot all you get to Bear Creek then it is swim or drown, then walk to Chongwata, then pay 25 cents to be ferried across the river, then walk again arriving at Pine City about 2 p. m. Make your purchases and start back arriving home about 9 p. m. tired out and with a 15 cent sack of corn meal.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., June 6, 1898. President McKinley believes, and every member of the Cabinet agrees with him, that the war movements now under way will as soon as they are successfully carried out, as they are certain to be, bring the war to a close by compelling Spain to sue for peace. These movements include the capture of Santiago de Cuba, upon which a combined attack is to be made by the army and navy just as soon as the troops can be got into position—they have probably already been landed—and the capture or destruction of the Spanish fleet in the harbor at that place. Just as soon as Santiago has been captured, the army and navy will make a combined move on Porto Rico, and when that island has been captured it is believed that Spain will gladly evacuate Cuba in order to get peace.

The last cable from Cuba, excepting the one to Key West, has been cut, and General Blanco is now not only cut off from Spain, but from nearly all of the Cuban cities, as the insurgents make it impossible for him to maintain overland wires from Havana.

No more daring deed has been performed during the war, or any other war, than the sinking of the U. S. collier Merrimac in order to obstruct the narrow channel at the entrance of Santiago harbor, by a volunteer crew of seven men under Lieut. Hildson. These heroes were all captured by the Spanish, but they will not remain in prison long, and President McKinley will see that they are properly rewarded when they get out.

The Senate has passed the war revenue bill. As passed by the Senate it authorizes the issue of \$500,000,000 in bonds and directs the purchase of the silver billion in the treasury at the rate of \$1,000,000

month and the issuing of silver certificates for that amount. The bill has been sent to a conference committee, and the House conferees will insist upon increasing the bonds to \$500,000,000, as provided in the original House bill, and upon striking out the silver coinage clause, and they expect to carry their point on both instances. The final vote upon the bill in the Senate was 43 to 23.

Senator Wolcott made a manly reply to the implied charge of Senator Allen that the Bimetall Commission uselessly and extravagantly wasted an appropriation of \$100,000 during its trip to Europe, in which he said: "I desire to inform the Senator from Nebraska that the three commissioners spent more than six months in Europe, traveling where their duties took them. They were accompanied by a secretary, and the entire expense of the work accomplished was only \$16,000. And I desire to add that every member of the commission, in accepting his appointment and performing his duties sacrificed thousands of dollars. It is undignified and unbefitting a Senator of the U. S. to stand in his place on this floor and suggest that the commission spent money it was not justified in spending. I am getting tired of hearing that sort of suggestion from the Senator from Nebraska. It is not the first, the second, nor the third time he has thrown them out. Through him they are now being circulated in the west by means of 'patent-lies', which constitute the bone and marrow and most of the brains of the populist party." Mr. Wolcott concluded by expressing his belief in the ultimate success of international bimetallism.

No one in Washington is worrying over the news given out by the Spanish government that a large Spanish fleet is on the way to Manila. Even if it were true, wherein it would be different from any other news given out by the Spanish government, it would cause no worry in Washington. Admiral Dewey is amply able to take care of any fleet that Spain can send against him, even without any reinforcements, and it is certain that the cruiser Charleston and the first instalment of troops—the second instalment will start for San Francisco this week—will be with Dewey before any Spanish fleet can possibly get to Manila.

Hawaii annexation may not be accomplished this week, but the resolution providing therefor will almost certainly be taken up and adopted by the House this week. Owing to the latitude given the minority by the rules of the Senate, no one is predicting when that body will act. But the adoption of the resolution by the House will open the way for annexation in another way, if the minority of the Senate succeed in preventing a vote being reached upon the resolution. The President has ample authority to seize Hawaii as a war measure, and as its possession is considered absolutely necessary as a stopping place for our ships bound to and from the Philippine islands, there is little doubt that he will do so if the Senate fails to act before the adjournment of Congress.

The volunteers will not be deprived of their votes at the Congressional election, if Representative Lacey's bill, which has been favorably reported to the House from the elections committee, becomes a law, and it will probably will. The bill gives the volunteer soldier the right to cast his vote for Congressman, wherever he may be stationed. The war will probably be over before the Congressional election, but some of the volunteers are likely to be continued in service until after that time, especially those who have gone to the Philippines and those who will go to Porto Rico.

If you are indebted to the Pioneer you should be a good time to call round and drop a few nickels in its slot, and you can bet that we would smile, for if we ever were in need of money it is at this time. Try and see if you cannot help us out.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Get your Property Insured in

**The Best Companies
In the World,**

Who in case of Loss

Pay Promptly.

Do Not Put it off a Day.
Protect Yourselves Against Loss.

For full information, terms and rates, call on

J. Y. BRECKENRIDGE,
Agent,
Main Street, Pine City, Minnesota.

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WANNAMAKER & BROWN

Clothing Man,

Now At the

Borcher's Shoe Store.

J. A. Franta,
Manufacturer of Harness,
And Dealer in Trunks, Valises, Etc.

Horse supplies of all kinds kept constantly on hand
Repairing a specialty.

Hine Co. Pioneer.

W. P. GOTTBY, Publisher.
PINE CITY, MINN.

In Russia 14 laboratories are engaged in the manufacture of diphtheria serum, in which the entire people place great confidence, and not without reason, as in 44,687 registered cases in which the serum was used the death rate was but 14 per cent, against 31 per cent. of the 6,307 cases in which it was not employed.

One of the newest things in the building line is the aluminum hut. A Pennsylvania inventor has patented this article for the Klondike mines. When packed for carriage it weighs 110 pounds. It is composed of one side and a roof of thin sheet aluminum, and when put up the house contains 100 cubic feet.

Tumble guns of our modern battle ships are dangerous to those who use them. In the war between the Chinese and Japanese, in 1894, Commodore Philo McDillon, of the Chinese vessel Chen-Yuen, had both of his eardrums ruptured by the concussion of his own guns, at the battle of the Yellow Sea. The crew were similarly permanently injured.

Russia has tried experiments with aluminum shoes for cavalry horses. A few horses in the Finland dragoons were shod with the aluminum shoes and three iron shoes each, the former being on the fore foot in some cases and on the hind foot in others. The experiment lasted six weeks and showed that the aluminum shoes lasted longer and preserved the foot better than the iron ones.

In a sentence, Russia is a huge farm, comprising a seventh of the land surface of the globe, and a sixth of its total area. It has half a dozen men to manage it—according to the policy of one of the six—and the people are doing in 10,000,000 of them, whom the world has never seen, from the dustiest, reddest, least ambitious peasantry in Europe.

The monument raised by the Empress Elizabeth for her son, the late Crown Prince Rudolph, has been erected in front of the Mayerling shooting box, with the intention of the Empress that his tragic death should be forgotten. The monument is a pyramid of white marble, three meters in height, with a relief portrait of the crown prince.

Among all the dwarf stories it is impossible to determine which is the very latest, but here is one. It is of a boy who was such a teacher at school, and caused his neighbors and father so much trouble, that he was at last expelled, and calling the youth into his study, said: "If you must fight, I'll fight you. But you, hereafter, make fighting a business. Accordingly the boy was secured an appointment as cadet at Annapolis.

GEN. WELLES, former captain general of Cuba, makes a proposition to the Spanish government. He proposes that Spain furnish him with 20,000 Spanish soldiers and he will come over and capture the United States. Spain should not lose this opportunity. That country will furnish the money, will furnish the transports, and 15,000 United States troops will demonstrate to the world how quickly they can capture the sails of this conceited wind-bag.

DIFFERENCES of patriotic sentiment has caused a disruption of the family of Vincente H. de Ochoa, a wealthy insurance man of New York City. Believing that duty called him to Madrid to take up arms for his native land, for the Spanish king, Mr. Ochoa has not enlisted in the Spanish army, while his son Richard has joined the 1st regiment of the 1st division against him, and is now in Florida. His father is with the Spanish troops in Cuba.

PERHAPS the smallest electric motor in the world is in the seat pin of D. Goodwin, of Mackinac, Wis. He is a skilled watchmaker, and recently he constructed the motor, which is so small that a thin cent piece will cover it. It weighs only 3/10 of an ounce. The front of the motor is of highly polished gold and the commutator and segments are of the same metal. Mr. Goodwin wears the curiosity in his pocket, and it makes a very attractive decoration, the nature of which can only be discovered by close inspection.

ALFONSO XIII, Spanish boy king, amuses himself by drilling a company of guards in the grounds of the palace, and in one of the apartments are toy models to the extent of a hundred or more of men and officers of the various regiments of the Spanish forces. These are placed in formation by two or three veteran officers, and the toy army battles against another crowd of toy soldiers supposed to be Americans, which of course they are not. He takes them about seven days to get around to Santiago de Cuba.

DEWEY IS ALL RIGHT.
A Washington report after a lot of conflicting rumors of naval engagements, the landing of troops and such matters, at the day department, says that the fleet of the day is in the important bit of news embodied in a report from Admiral Dewey of important successes achieved by the insurgent

THE BAY

The Spanish Squadron Cannot Escape from the Narrow Channel at Santiago.

OUR WARSHIPS GO THE ENTRANCE.

Sinking of the Merimarin in the Channel Was a Desperate Move. Must Leave Canada—Troops Are Said to Have Landed in Santiago—Other War News of Interest.

Washington, June 4.—The navy department has received an official report from Commodore Schley regarding his recent attack on the fleet at the entrance of Santiago harbor. It was read at Friday's cabinet meeting and received with satisfaction. Commodore Schley says that his attack was made for the purpose of developing the enemy's position, to locate their batteries, etc. In that respect it was, he says, entirely successful and accomplished what he set out to do. None of his vessels was touched by the enemy's volleys, and there was no loss of men or mishaps on his vessels. He says in addition that he has no reasonable doubt that the enemy's fleet is inside the harbor of Santiago.

The navy department has bulletined the following report from Commodore Schley regarding the sinking of the Merimarin in the Channel at Santiago.

"Secretary Navy, Washington: Made Commodore this afternoon, May 31, and in 1894, that he was appointed to develop fortifications with his character. The fleet was returned with orders by the heavy batteries to the east and to the west of the channel. The range was 7,000 yards. Reconnaissance showed that the Merimarin was in the channel near the upper fort, as they fired over the hill at 10:30. A quick death. The Merimarin is here. (Signed) "SCHLEY."

CHIEF DEED.

Story of the Sinking of the Merimarin in the Channel at Santiago.

Washington, June 6.—Washington rings with praise for the gallantry of our fleet, and the heroism of the men who were seen to face death at Santiago de Cuba while sinking the collier Merimarin in the channel just before daybreak Friday morning. The gallant effort went to what seemed certain death with the apparent coolness of men performing quiet duty.

Constructor Hobson's bravery has put Admiral Sampson in a position where he had to wait the arrival of the invading army. Troops are concentrating at Tampa as fast as they can reach that city. It is estimated that nearly 30,000 men will be sent to the island near Cuba to the Santiago from the rear, while Sampson attends to the army.

How the Heroes Were Saved.
Kingston, Jamaica, June 6.—Hobson and the heroism of the Merimarin were saved in the following manner: Unable, after the sinking of the vessel, to make their way back through the straits, shot and shell, they rowed into the harbor to the Spanish flagship and were taken on board by the Spanish admiral, under a flag of truce, on Friday sent word to the American admiral that he had exchanged the prisoners, adding that he had 20,000 men, and his party would be treated with the greatest kindness.

Reported Spanish Defeat.
Montreal, Can., June 6.—Herman Carranza, who is at the head of the Spanish spy bureau in Montreal, recently wrote a letter to the secretary of the Madrid in which he criticized Admiral Camara and predicted the ultimate defeat of Spain. The letter was sent by the Spanish secret service to the United States, and is published. Carranza's utterances are said to be reasonable, and he is said to be a man of high character. He speaks also of the spy system which he is conducting and refers to a proposed naval attack on Cuba.

The Spanish spies are to be expelled from Canada by the authorities of that country, now that positive proof is at hand to substantiate them.

TROOPS LANDING.
Report that Several Thousand United States Soldiers Are in Santiago.
Cape Haytien, June 6.—The investment of Santiago by the American troops has begun. The latest dispatches from the sorely-bested capital of eastern Cuba tell of the landing of 5,000 soldiers of the United States army at Paria Caba, six miles to the westward of Santiago harbor, and the marching of Gen. Linnaeus' army to oppose them. The Americans have united with Gen. Calixto Garcia's 3,000 Cuban patriots, as arranged for by Lieut. Rowan and other American scouts. The normal force of the city is 25,000 men. Of these only 9,000 are regulars. Five thousand are volunteers and the rest are militia, which are being organized and pressed into service.

Yacht Arm Moving.
Washington, June 7.—The last of the first expedition to Cuba left Tampa Monday night, of transports carrying 26,000 men with horses, wagons, artillery, siege guns and all necessary equipments and supplies for a campaign of six months. Gen. Shafter is in command. Twenty thousand troops went from Tampa, 6,000 under Gen. Carpenter, from St. Paul. It is taken about seven days to get around to Santiago de Cuba.

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CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

For the Week Ending June 7.

Daily Summary of the Work Being Done in Washington by Our Law-Makers.

WAR MEASURES HAVE THE PRECEDENCE.

In the Senate the Time Is occupied Mostly in Discussing the War Revenue Measure—Bills and Resolutions of Various Kinds Keep the House Members Busy.

Washington, June 1.—The war revenue measure was further discussed in the senate yesterday. In executive session the annexation of Hawaii was considered, and it was decided not to pursue the subject further except behind closed doors.

Washington, June 2.—Further discussion of the war revenue bill occupied the time in the senate yesterday.

Washington, June 3.—The war revenue measure for the finance committee is concerned, was completed in the senate yesterday with the exception of the loan provision.

Washington, June 4.—The senate yesterday adopted the amendments to the war revenue bill for the issue of silver and the issuing of bonds, and also concurred in a house bill removing all disabilities imposed by the fourteenth amendment to the constitution.

Washington, June 6.—The senate concluded its long discussion of the war revenue bill on Saturday by passing the measure by a vote of 48 to 28. The committee on naval affairs made a report on the resolution directing an investigation into the destruction of the battleship Maine.

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MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For the Week Ending June 7.

The War Revenue Measure Is Finally Adopted in the Senate by a Majority of Twenty.

Washington, June 6.—With no evidence of excitement and without unduly worthy of the occasion, the war revenue measure was passed by the senate yesterday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The bill was under consideration eight hours Saturday, and more of attempts were made to amend the measure, but they were all rejected. The measure was passed by a majority of twenty.

On the passage of the bill every Republican voted in favor of the measure. The vote was 54 yeas and 34 nays. The bill was passed by a majority of twenty.

The plan of the Webster-Manufacturing company at West Superior, Wis., was burned, the loss being \$200,000.

A. Weston & Co., bankers at Painted Post, N. Y., made an assignment, being up \$2,000,000 worth of property.

Bob Fitzsimmons has promised to meet "Kid" McCoy in the ring in a battle for the championship of the world.

Don Joaquin Francisco de Assis Brazil, the new minister from Brazil, was formally presented to President McKinley.

At Cincinnati, Paris, Mayville and other towns in Kentucky severe shocks of earthquake caused a panic among the people.

Curts and Samuel Young (colored) were fighting a mob at Clarksville, Mo., for killing City Marshal McLean during a fight.

Joe Anderson, the elephant keeper with Wallace Bros' circus, was killed at Racine, Wis., by one of the elephants that became unruly.

A fire fence dispute caused the death in a fight of James Kilgore and County Commissioner Samuel Barnes near Muscadine, Ala.

J. M. Guffer has been made the representative of the state of Pennsylvania on the national democratic committee to succeed William F. Harris.

Louis Martels was shot fatally at Alford, Me., by Joseph Glendon, husband of the woman with whom Martels had been involved. Glendon then committed suicide.

Albert W. Weda, secretary of the Northwestern Saengerbund, one of the most widely known members of the German singing societies in the country, died in New York.

A law of Nebraska, herebefore treated as a dead letter, was given full effect in Lincoln when Judge Holmes sentenced to three months in the penitentiary for gambling.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Standing of the Various Clubs in the Leading Baseball Organizations Up to To-Day.

The following table shows the number of games won and lost and the percentage of the total of the leading baseball organizations. National League:

| Club | Won | Lost | Per cent. |
|----------------------|-----|------|-----------|
| Cincinnati | 27 | 14 | 66 |
| Cleveland | 25 | 16 | 61 |
| St. Louis | 24 | 17 | 59 |
| Pittsburgh | 23 | 18 | 56 |
| Philadelphia | 22 | 19 | 54 |
| Boston | 21 | 20 | 51 |
| Washington | 20 | 21 | 49 |
| Chicago | 19 | 22 | 46 |
| St. Paul | 18 | 23 | 44 |
| Western association: | | | |
| Indianapolis | 27 | 19 | 59 |
| Columbus | 21 | 16 | 57 |
| Dayton | 20 | 17 | 54 |
| Kansas City | 20 | 17 | 54 |
| Detroit | 19 | 18 | 51 |
| St. Louis | 18 | 19 | 48 |
| Western association: | | | |
| Portland | 27 | 19 | 59 |
| Dubuque | 25 | 16 | 61 |
| Keokuk | 24 | 17 | 59 |
| Quincy | 23 | 18 | 56 |
| Utah | 22 | 19 | 54 |
| Rockford | 21 | 20 | 51 |
| St. Joseph | 20 | 21 | 49 |
| Western association: | | | |
| Portland | 27 | 19 | 59 |
| Dubuque | 25 | 16 | 61 |
| Keokuk | 24 | 17 | 59 |
| Quincy | 23 | 18 | 56 |
| Utah | 22 | 19 | 54 |
| Rockford | 21 | 20 | 51 |
| St. Joseph | 20 | 21 | 49 |

Washington, June 7.—Beyond the passage of an urgent deficiency bill made necessary by the war with Spain, the senate accomplished but little yesterday. The report of the conference committee on the sundry civil appropriation bill was considered.

Washington, June 2.—In the house yesterday the bill to amend all political disabilities incurred by the third section of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution was passed unanimously.

Washington, June 2.—The urgent deficiency bill providing \$17,845,000 for emergency expenses of the army and navy department incident to the war was passed in the house yesterday.

Washington, June 4.—In the house yesterday the time was occupied with private pension bills, a number being passed. Adjourned to Monday.

Washington, June 7.—By a strict party vote the house yesterday refused to concur in the senate amendments to the war revenue bill and agreed to a conference with the senate on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Washington, June 7.—The secretary of the navy has prepared and delivered suitable medals of honor to Lieut. Hobson and each member of his crew for gallant heroism and patriotic services rendered to the United States in the harbor of Santiago on June 1, 1898.

Oregon Republicans Win.
Portland, Ore., June 7.—Scattering returns from the city and from five in the republican state ticket. The chief man of the republican state committee claims that with 12 holdover senators the republicans will have a majority in the legislature. The vote for congressman in both districts will probably be heavy.

Barred of the State.
Shreveport, La., June 4.—William Street, a negro at Doyle's saloon, Paris, was burned at the stake by a mob.

THE TAX IS PASSED.

For the Week Ending June 7.

The War Revenue Measure Is Finally Adopted in the Senate by a Majority of Twenty.

Washington, June 6.—With no evidence of excitement and without unduly worthy of the occasion, the war revenue measure was passed by the senate yesterday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The bill was under consideration eight hours Saturday, and more of attempts were made to amend the measure, but they were all rejected. The measure was passed by a majority of twenty.

On the passage of the bill every Republican voted in favor of the measure. The vote was 54 yeas and 34 nays. The bill was passed by a majority of twenty.

The plan of the Webster-Manufacturing company at West Superior, Wis., was burned, the loss being \$200,000.

A. Weston & Co., bankers at Painted Post, N. Y., made an assignment, being up \$2,000,000 worth of property.

Bob Fitzsimmons has promised to meet "Kid" McCoy in the ring in a battle for the championship of the world.

Don Joaquin Francisco de Assis Brazil, the new minister from Brazil, was formally presented to President McKinley.

At Cincinnati, Paris, Mayville and other towns in Kentucky severe shocks of earthquake caused a panic among the people.

Curts and Samuel Young (colored) were fighting a mob at Clarksville, Mo., for killing City Marshal McLean during a fight.

Joe Anderson, the elephant keeper with Wallace Bros' circus, was killed at Racine, Wis., by one of the elephants that became unruly.

A fire fence dispute caused the death in a fight of James Kilgore and County Commissioner Samuel Barnes near Muscadine, Ala.

J. M. Guffer has been made the representative of the state of Pennsylvania on the national democratic committee to succeed William F. Harris.

Louis Martels was shot fatally at Alford, Me., by Joseph Glendon, husband of the woman with whom Martels had been involved. Glendon then committed suicide.

Albert W. Weda, secretary of the Northwestern Saengerbund, one of the most widely known members of the German singing societies in the country, died in New York.

A law of Nebraska, herebefore treated as a dead letter, was given full effect in Lincoln when Judge Holmes sentenced to three months in the penitentiary for gambling.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Standing of the Various Clubs in the Leading Baseball Organizations Up to To-Day.

The following table shows the number of games won and lost and the percentage of the total of the leading baseball organizations. National League:

| Club | Won | Lost | Per cent. |
|----------------------|-----|------|-----------|
| Cincinnati | 27 | 14 | 66 |
| Cleveland | 25 | 16 | 61 |
| St. Louis | 24 | 17 | 59 |
| Pittsburgh | 23 | 18 | 56 |
| Philadelphia | 22 | 19 | 54 |
| Boston | 21 | 20 | 51 |
| Washington | 20 | 21 | 49 |
| Chicago | 19 | 22 | 46 |
| St. Paul | 18 | 23 | 44 |
| Western association: | | | |
| Indianapolis | 27 | 19 | 59 |
| Columbus | 21 | 16 | 57 |
| Dayton | 20 | 17 | 54 |
| Kansas City | 20 | 17 | 54 |
| Detroit | 19 | 18 | 51 |
| St. Louis | 18 | 19 | 48 |
| Western association: | | | |
| Portland | 27 | 19 | 59 |
| Dubuque | 25 | 16 | 61 |
| Keokuk | 24 | 17 | 59 |
| Quincy | 23 | 18 | 56 |
| Utah | 22 | 19 | 54 |
| Rockford | 21 | 20 | 51 |
| St. Joseph | 20 | 21 | 49 |

Washington, June 7.—Beyond the passage of an urgent deficiency bill made necessary by the war with Spain, the senate accomplished but little yesterday. The report of the conference committee on the sundry civil appropriation bill was considered.

Washington, June 2.—In the house yesterday the bill to amend all political disabilities incurred by the third section of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution was passed unanimously.

Washington, June 2.—The urgent deficiency bill providing \$17,845,000 for emergency expenses of the army and navy department incident to the war was passed in the house yesterday.

Washington, June 4.—In the house yesterday the time was occupied with private pension bills, a number being passed. Adjourned to Monday.

Washington, June 7.—By a strict party vote the house yesterday refused to concur in the senate amendments to the war revenue bill and agreed to a conference with the senate on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

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THE BOND FEATURE IS MAINTAINED.

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PINE COUNTY PIONEER

AD C. GOTTRY Editor and Prop.

TERMS: \$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

Entered at the Pine City Post Office as Second Class Matter.

PINE CITY, MINN., JUNE 10, 1898.

THE WATERS SUBSIDING.

Considerable Damage Done to Chagwata Dam—Booms, Piling and Crops also Suffer.

The water that fell in this and surrounding counties came down the Snake River in a deluge, and the logs that came with it took out piling and booms, and scattered the logs over the sloughs and marshes.

A jam formed at the railroad bridge at this point, a quarter of a mile wide and three-quarters of a mile long, and it was estimated that there was at least 300,000 feet of logs piled up in that small space. The water was backed up, overflowing its banks, and running up into town a considerable distance.

It was feared on Sunday that it would rush through the village. The water on the west side of town was at least four feet higher than it was in Cross Lake.

The water came to the highest point during Sunday night, and on Monday it commenced going down. The old residents claim that the water never was as high here before as it was at this time, although in 1850 there was a big flood, but the water was not as high within two feet.

That portion of the town east of Second avenue and north of Third street was an island, and the children enjoyed themselves rowing boats from the river to the lake through our streets. But very little damage was done in the village, the railroad company sustaining the heaviest loss. Their track was washed out in several places in this vicinity, and the heavy pressure of the logs pushed a section of the railroad bridge about three inches out of line. There is a big job in store for the drivers to get the jam away from the bridge.

The Chagwata dam is in bad shape, and it may be necessary to wait until the water goes completely down before it can be repaired. On Sunday morning the old barge "General Custer" broke loose from where it had been tied up for the past nine or ten years, and taking two piers and a section of the boom with it, went straight for the center of the dam. The force of the water pushed the barge upon its side in front of the dam, and there it broke in two, one part lodging in the sluice gate, and the other still stands up about ten feet above the dam. George Goodwin, who has had charge of the dam for the past twenty-two years, says that when he saw the barge coming he expected to see the dam go out, but when it stood such a strain as that he did not think that there was anything could move it from its present foundation.

The north wing is badly damaged, and a large hole is washed around the south end. Two of three of the gates are broken out, and the tops of some of the piers are knocked off by roots and logs.

Two DROWNED. Charles Conway and Lee Nason Perish in Kettle River—The Bodies Not Yet Recovered.

Last Friday, while working on the Kettle River log drive, Charles Conway, the eldest son of Hugh Conway, met his death. Conway was an expert swimmer, and he must have been seized with the cramps when he fell into the water from a small jam that he was riding. Mr. Conway's cup of grief is filled to overflowing, and his wife died but a short time ago.

Lee Nason, the second son of Mayley H. Nason, was drowned in the dam in the village of Rutledge on Monday afternoon. He, in company with his older brother, was falling from the dam, when one of the logs became caught, and the little fellow stooped over to loosen it, when he lost his balance and fell in, only three feet from the open gate, and his body was carried through the gate to the river below. Mrs. Nason was utterly prostrated by the sudden affliction, and remained unconscious for several days. The bodies of both of the drowned persons have been recovered up to the present writing, but it is hoped that the efforts of the

TEETH OF SOLDIERS.

The Kaiser is Going to Have Those of His Troopers Put in Good Order.

Toothache has been lately a great source of annoyance to the Kaiser. Not that he has any, but that he knows, I know, threatened with premature decay. Were this the case, nobody would risk the penalties of loss, majesty by openly asserting that he has, however, from a public point of view, more merciful. It appears that the entire German army suffers from dental troubles, and that he has had found difficulty to find non-commissioned officers capable of giving the word of command. When they attempt to utter familiar forms, such as "Attention," "Stand at ease," "Shoulder arms," and so forth, their confused and inarticulate sounds issue from their toothless gums. Things are bad enough on the parade ground, but what would happen on a battlefield one hardly ventures to conjecture. Worse still, the boys in the training camps for "honorary" seem to be in no better plight than their elders. Nearly all of them, after inspection, seemed to have large or small hopeless tanks, while a large portion can only be rendered fit for service by strict submission to the dentist's orders, and many are beyond the reach of art.

His majesty has resolved to spend at once 11,000 marks on relieving the teeth of his Christian warriors, in providing them with false sets. This applies only to the Prussian contingent. Several of the subjects of other nations have not made up their minds to incur the expense.

PECULIAR CHICAGO HABIT. A Great Many Citizens Always Go to the left in Exiting or Leaving Buildings.

Chicago enjoys the exceptional distinction of being the only left-hand city in the union. That is, the good people of this bustling metropolis violate all the "rules of the road," so far as the matter of keeping to the right is concerned when entering or leaving public buildings. A man, for instance, approaches a building where the entrance is on the left-hand side, and he invariably reaches the "officer," and invariably open the left-hand door and make a wild dash to get outside, running the risk of collision with anybody who remains that to go to the right is the first law of navigation on land, says the Chicago Chronicle.

The habit of doing things the wrong way has taken such firm hold on the people that the man who uses the left-hand door and is run into gears in the moment at the "officer," utterly oblivious of the fact that he himself is the one who should be blamed. "It makes no difference that there are two doors of equal width, and one for entrance and one for exit. If, going in, will seize on the exit door and reverse the proceeding it coming out. Half an hour's observation anywhere in the business district will demonstrate the truth of this assertion.

OLD-TIME POST OFFICES. Some Points of Advantage About the London Mail Established in 1877.

The postmasters were free from all public offices, from liability to quarter soldiers, and they received quarter postage, "wherever they advantage themselves in their common trade of selling date, and they have their single letters free to London."

The rates of postage in 1877 were comparatively low. A single letter, a 4-cent letter containing one sheet of paper only—could be sent for any distance to 30 miles for 2d, and beyond 30 miles for 3d. A letter weighing an ounce cost 4d, for 30 miles, and 1d beyond, says London Times and Courier.

The mails were dispatched from London about midnight on Tuesdays, and arrived in London on Saturdays, and were due to arrive in London early on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings. They were carried on horseback at the rate of five miles an hour, and they were liable to a detention of not more than half an hour at each postoffice (stage) on the road. England was divided into six postal districts, and each district was divided into four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one, forty-two, forty-three, forty-four, forty-five, forty-six, forty-seven, forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-five, fifty-six, fifty-seven, fifty-eight, fifty-nine, sixty, sixty-one, sixty-two, sixty-three, sixty-four, sixty-five, sixty-six, sixty-seven, sixty-eight, sixty-nine, seventy, seventy-one, seventy-two, seventy-three, seventy-four, seventy-five, seventy-six, seventy-seven, seventy-eight, seventy-nine, eighty, eighty-one, eighty-two, eighty-three, eighty-four, 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sixty-five

PINE COUNTY PIONEER

PINE CITY, MINN., JUNE 10, '98

CHIPS AND SAVINGS.

Local Chips Picked up Around Town and Savings Clipped From Our Exchanges.

—Isn't it about time to call a halt on the scorchers?
—Try whole wheat flour, for sale by all merchants.

—Bring your Potatoes to the Wilcox Mercantile Co.'s store.

—The Wilcox Mercantile company want potatoes, and want lots of em. Don't forget your Fire Insurance.

—Call on J. Y. Breckenridge
—Remember the Fireman's meeting at village hall tomorrow evening.

—Carlson, of Rush City, is bound not to be beaten on prices. See his ad.

—Remember Dr. Forbes, next Thursday evening, at the M. E. church.

—MONEY TO LOAN. In small sums on improved farm lands. Apply at this office.

—Highest market price paid for potatoes, by the Wilcox Mercantile company.

—Nearly every cellar in town has some water in it, as a result of the recent flood.

—Farm wanted—Send full particulars, price etc., at once. A. H. Russel, Akron, O.

—For Sale—A complete set of Chambers' Encyclopaedia, cheap. Enquire at this office.

—Try "Whole Wheat Flour." It is something new—manufactured by the Pine City Roller mills.

—Mrs. John D. Wilcox, who has been visiting in St. Paul for a few days, returned home on Monday.

—Mrs. F. J. Brady, of St. Paul, is spending the week visiting at the home of her mother, Mrs. M. Murphy.

—Jos. Veverka's new baker arrived on Monday, and is now turning out bread, cakes and pies at a lively rate.

—Quite a number of the residents of Rush City came up the first of the week to view the high water and the log jam.

—Wanted, no buy one, two, or three row boats in good condition. Apply to Maj. Wm. Cooley, Pine City, or at this office.

—Mrs. Dr. E. L. Stephan and little daughter, of Hinckley, are spending a few days with relatives and friends in this village.

—Miss Mary Buselmeyer departed on Thursday for Minneapolis, to spend a couple of weeks visiting with friends. Miss Mary expects to be home for the Fourth.

—For Sale—A good farm of 227 acres within one mile of this village. A snap for some one—Enquire at this office for particulars.

—It will pay you to call at the store of G. A. Carlson in Rush City. Examine goods and ask for prices. He sells as low as the lowest.

—A large number from Pine City and the surrounding country have visited at the Chegwatana dam to view the beautiful waterfall.

—Mrs. F. W. Lee, editor of the Rush City Post, was in town last Monday, viewing the flood sights. She was a welcome visitor at the Pioneer office.

—Editor Peet, of the Grantsburg Journal, stopped off between trains last Saturday to view the log jam, and while here made the PIONEER a fraternal call.

—We are pleased to state that Sheriff McLaughlin is able to be around the house, and we hope to see him fully recovered within the next few days.

—Joseph Veverka opened up his restaurant and bakery on Tuesday, and his many old customers will be waited on in the same courteous manner as before.

—Dr. Forbes, of Duluth, will preach in the M. E. church Thursday evening, June 16th, at 7:45. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered.

—Services as usual at the Presbyterian church next Sunday, June 12. Morning service commences at 10:30. Evening at 7:45. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services.

—Those who can take one or more teachers to board during the summer training school should notify Mr. Blankenship, so that no one may come and not be able to secure a boarding place.

—In the spring time you'll need the wonderful strengthening, refreshing, and invigorating effect of Rocky Mountain Tea. It's the best of all spring tonics. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge, Pine City.

—The St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company has had their pile driver and a crew of men at work in this place for the past few days, repairing damage done to the tracks by the high water.

—Divine service will be held in the M. E. church next Sunday as usual. Morning at 10:30. Evening, Young People's meeting at 7 o'clock. Preaching service at 7:45 o'clock. Everyone invited to these services.

—"Your wife is a jewel." Keep her "bright and shining." Now's the time—"springtime." Give her Rocky Mountain Tea; make's the whole family well. Woman's best friend. For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge, Pine City.

—S. E. Peachey, formerly of Duluth, made this office a pleasant call on Friday last. Mr. Peachey was on his way to Forest City, Iowa, where he has purchased a newspaper plant, and will make that place his home in the future.

—The Degree of Honor, assisted by the A. U. O. W., wish to announce to the public that they will serve lunch in Pine City on July 4, on the vacant lot between H. Borchers' shoe store and Jas. McLaughlin's new brick block on front street.

—L. M. Anderson, recently of Nebraska, is agent for Wannamaker & Brown, of Philadelphia, and will take your order for clothing, either ladies or gents. See his ad in another column. Mr. Anderson is for the present located at Borchers' store.

—A. E. Webber has made arrangements to move his small steam-er Nyroca to Rush Lake, where he will run it during the summer. We understand that the residents of Rush City are jubilant over the proposal, and offered Mr. Webber any thing he wanted.

—In response to a telegram from Rutledge on Monday, announcing the death by drowning of Lee Nason, the second son of M. H. Nason. Mrs. A. M. Nason and son Will took the 2:10 train on Tuesday morning. At last accounts the body had not been recovered.

—Andrew J. Billstrom wishes to inform the public that he will take contracts for open ditch work and draining. Mr. Billstrom has had a good deal of experience in this class of work, and can give the best of recommendations. Any one in need of his services can leave word at this office.

—W. E. Hobson, wife and two daughters, of Copemich, Mich., arrived in this place a week ago last Wednesday. Mr. Hobson is a brother of Mrs. A. E. Webber and is a farmer by trade, he came out here with the intention of running a shop, but he says we have all the shop the place can support.

—O. C. Cox, of Hinckley, was a county seat caller on Tuesday. Mr. Cox has been out in the Rocky Mountain country for the past year for his health. We are pleased to report that he is ever so much improved in health and looks. Mr. Cox likes the west, but says that there is no place like Pine county.

—Lumberman O. Niel and son, of Stillwater, one of the firm of O. Niel Bros., was here on Saturday, looking after his logs which are jammed at the railroad bridge. He says that the logs are not scattered over the meadows as they would have been had there not been so strong a current as there was, the logs following the channel better.

—The attention of the powers that be is called to the pernicious habit of scorching some of our local wheelmen are falling into. In the late gloaming, with neither lantern nor bell, they recklessly scoot around the corners and along the main business streets, to the great danger of pedestrians, several of whom have narrowly escaped being run down during the past week.

—The Pine City public schools closed on Friday last, and the teachers have all left for their respective homes. Messrs. Tucker and Hamilton went to New Auburn, Miss. Will. to Minneapolis, and Miss Badger to Taylor Falls. It has not yet been decided what teachers will be engaged for the coming year, but the present corps of teachers have proved as good as could be secured, and we see no reason why they should not be re-engaged.

—MEN AND WOMEN OUT OF WORK Can't earn the wages and establish by permanent credit selling "PIONEER" pills in every family. Helpless, suffering, and in every way afflicted. Send today and secure your field.

—The Chegwatana Dam to be Reconstructed as Soon as the Logs in this River Have Been Sliced.

On Thursday forenoon Messrs. O'Neil, Malvey and Munch held a conference and after looking the Chegwatana dam over came to the conclusion that there was no use in trying to repair the old dam as there are only two gates that can be used at all. So they decided to wait until the water fell two feet more and then string their booms and clear out the rubbish that is lodged in the sluice gate, then put a large crew of drivers on the jam and slice the logs through the railroad bridge and dam.

Then just as soon as the logs are through the dam they will put a very large crew of men to work under the charge of the best dam builder on the river, and proceed to at once rebuild the dam. Mr. George Goodwin informed a reporter of this paper that was the result of the conference, and that the new dam would undoubtedly be completed by the middle of July, so as to hold the water at a stage to protect our citizens' health.

Mr. Goodwin says that the bottom of the dam is as good as it ever was, and that the rock in the piers is all right, so that all there is to fix is the wood work for the piers, and the gates. When completed it will be a comparatively new dam, and one that will stand for a good many years.

—The Ladies of the M. E. church held their Aid Society at the residence of Rev. H. Taylor on Wednesday afternoon, and in the evening a lunch was served, consisting of ice cream and cake, for which the small sum of ten cents was asked. The ladies cleared a neat little sum. All those in attendance report having had a fine time.

—John Clover, of Sunrise City, has been here for the past week, visiting with the families of John D. and Oliver Wilcox. Mr. Clover says there was no rain to speak of at Sunrise on Thursday or Friday of week.

—Society girls are all taking Rocky Mountain Tea this month, brings rosy lips, lovely color, rich, creamy complexion. Cures pimples, blackheads and bad breath—For sale by J. Y. Breckenridge, Pine City.

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BOYS Can easily earn a Good, Sure Profitable, Which in a few hours will enable every family to send stamps for 100,000. Address: J. E. Miller, Co., 1015 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

ST. P. & D. EXCURSION ANNOUNCEMENTS.
State Sangerfest, Winona, Minn.—Excursion Rates via St. Paul & Duluth Railroad.

On account of the Minnesota State Sangerfest, the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad will sell tickets to Winona, Minn., and return at low rates. Tickets on sale June 9-12, good to return June 13, 1898.
A. J. ARMSTRONG, Local Agent.

Excursion Rates to St. Paul and Minneapolis—Half-Fare Rates via St. Paul & Duluth Ry.
On account of the Democratic, People's Party and Silver Republican convention, the St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell tickets to St. Paul or Minneapolis and return at half rates. Tickets on sale June 14 and 15, good to return June 17, 1898.
A. J. ARMSTRONG, Local Agent.

Excursion Rates to Omaha, Nebraska, via the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad.
On account of the Trans-Mississippi Exposition, the St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell excursion tickets to Omaha, Neb., and return. Tickets on sale June 1st to November 1st, 1898. A. J. ARMSTRONG, Local Agent.

Excursion Rates to Denver, Colorado, via the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad.
On account of the American Medical Association meeting the Saint Paul & Duluth Railroad will sell tickets to Denver, Colorado and return at low rates. Tickets on sale June 2, 4 and 5. Good to return July 6, 1898.
A. J. ARMSTRONG, Local Agent.

Home-Seeker's Excursions via St. Paul & Duluth Railroad.
On May 31 and 17th, June 7th and 21st, 1898, the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad will sell Home-Seeker's Excursion Tickets to points in Arkansas, Colorado, Texas, Indian Territory, Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri, North and South Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky, Mississippi and other states, at one fare plus \$2.00.

Call on agents for particulars, or address G. E. Stone, G. P. A., St. Paul, Minn.

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G. A. Carlson

Rush City, Minn.,

Dress Goods.
New fancy dress goods, in all the new shades in colors from the up to \$1.25 per yard.

Kid Gloves.
New line of kid gloves in black, tan, green, brown and wine color for 90c., \$1.25 and \$1.50 per pair.

Ladies' Shirt-Waists.
A more complete line of ladies' shirt-waists was never shown in Rush City before. New styles, new patterns, neat and pretty, in prices at 25c., 40c., 50c., 70c., 85c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

Underwear and Hosiery
We have a complete line of ladies' underwear and hosiery at right prices.

Clothing.
Why are we selling so much clothing? Simply because we have the goods, and our prices are always the lowest. Another lot of men's black clay worst-d suits, regular \$8.50 quality, but will sell them to you for only \$7.00. Our \$7.00 suits can't be beat—strictly all-wool and in neat patterns. All told, we carry the biggest line of clothing on the St. Paul & Duluth road, and of best make, and always of the newest style.

HATS
We have a complete line of men's boys' and children's hats at 15c., 20c., 40c., 50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00.

UNDERWEAR.
Come and look at our underwear line, and see how we can save you money. Bargain underwear, 25c. wool underwear at 30c. and French ballingigan underwear, 50c.

COLLARS AND CUFFS
Gentlemen's and cuffs in all the latest styles, from 10c. up.

SWEATERS.
Men's wool sweaters at 90c. in black, green, navy and maroon. Men's cotton sweaters at 50c. in black, green, navy and maroon. GENTS' HATS—Cotton tops at 10c., 15c., 20c. and \$25c. per pair.

Black Skirts.
Another lot of ladies' black skirts just in plain or figured, in prices from \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 \$4.00 and \$5.00.

Ladies' New Umbrellas.
Our line of ladies' parasols are new in, and we can show you the best line and at the very lowest prices, in all the latest shades, for 40c., 50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00.

Ladies' Collars & Cuffs.
We have the new styles in ladies' collars and cuffs, and at the right prices. Come and look at them.

New Wash Goods.
Our line of wash goods can't be beat. We have new goods, new patterns, and the best of all at the right prices.

Home-Seeker's Excursions via St. Paul & Duluth Railroad.
On May 31 and 17th, June 7th and 21st, 1898,

A LABOR OF LOVE

By JULIE M. LIPMAN.

"HERE! It's stopped!" announced Mrs. Field, solemnly, as the last lugubrious echo of the meeting house bell faded off into the quiet of the serene summer air and the distant tolling ceased.

"What did you make it?" asked her daughter, lowering her voice to an undertone, as if in defiance to the dead, whose elder it might be, "I counted again."

"So did I. And I warrant it's Amelia Thacker. She was 32 last May. I remember because her and Brother Seth was just out of an age, and Seth he came to the lay of Duke. Well, if it's Amelia, her passing beyond is in some ways a blessed release. She's been a dreadful sufferer of late years, and Thomas he's been a sufferer too—in consequence, you might say."

"Mother," said Elizabeth, rising and folding the napkin she had been darning into an accurate square. "Dr. Bradley told me Amelia Thacker hadn't a living thing the matter with her excepting whimsy. He said she was as sound as a nut, but that her imagination had dropped and she'd ought to be tapped—had. He said if Thomas would do it just once—real thorough—it would be better for her own sake."

Mrs. Field drew her eyebrows together in a frown of disapproval. "I don't want you should talk like that, Elizabeth," she said. "Dr. Bradley ought to say such things to you, even if you are engaged to him. It ain't professional. And don't you repeat it. I would be glad to hear she had circled such a report when Amelia was alive, and now she's dead it would be twice as bad."

"Oh, Willard didn't mean anything. He was always as patient and kind as could be to Mrs. Thacker, and never complained no matter how often she had him routed out of her own room to come and pacify her when she'd dreamed a new symptom. But he does feel awfully sorry for Mr. Thacker. He says his ailments genuine. At a time of mortification. Willard says it often sets in after a fracture, and Amelia's broken Thomas' spirit, and now he has psychic ailments in their place."

As they passed the prim, fat-shutted Thacker place she lowered her voice and her face grew grave, but when hearing her voice return to him again, and she could not keep her lips from smiling.

"Poor Thomas!" she said, "we'll never see him again. I wish you could see him again, Amelia standing over him to see that he stretched her seams straight. How she used to make him run that machine, and how she'd sit at home but there he was sitting, trading away as if his life depended on it. Always used to want to stop and say something cheerful to her, but she'd be so downhearted and sad. But of course I knew better. Don't you suppose he would have broken down and cried, Willard, if anyone had let on they saw him?"

The young doctor furnished his whip over the horse's back to scatter the flies before he replied. "I don't know, I'm afraid so. He is very highly-organized, and the incessant humiliation of his position has worked on his mind until he is scarcely in a normal state. I suppose no man would resist being turned into a sempstress because his wife had a freak that she couldn't run a sewing machine. But a robust nature would perhaps have taken it with a better grace and put a laughing face on it. Thomas may be aware that he's not very virile at heart, and when I met him at the sewing machine, and what's more, kept him as it. I presume he felt it was a scorching reflection on his effeminacy—a public testimony to his femininity."

They drove on through fragrant hedges, down leafy avenues and through shaded lanes, stopping here and there before a more curious and that until, at last, the list of names on the complete and the doctor's daily duty done.

The sun was setting as they passed the Thacker house on their home way, and though Elizabeth peered curiously because they went by she did not see behind the closed-drawn blinds the eager face of Thomas waiting out at them from between the narrow slats.

He was sitting in the living-room in the very spot where for so many years he had written notes on the rack impaled upon him by his iron-willed wife. But now she was lying upstairs—nervous and still, and the sewing machine (the instrument of his torture) was out of sight.

He had but an hour ago turned the

WILL SOON BE OURS.

Wonders and Charms of the Island of Puerto Rico.

Castle San Juan No Doubt Acquire the West Indian Coast Before Signing a Peace Treaty with Spain.

(Special Correspondence.) Whatever the congress may eventually do with Cuba, it seems probable now that before peace with Spain is imposed the island of Puerto Rico will become an American colony. It will be available to us as a naval station, for as it does east of Santo Domingo, only 60 miles distant from St. Thomas, all the arguments that have been advanced for many years as to the advantages to us in the acquisition of a coaling station at the latter island and in West Indian waters apply with yet greater force to Puerto Rico and the six small islands of Culebra and Vieques, rich in the forests of dye and cabinet woods, which go with it. Probably no part of the West Indies is so fertile and so generally susceptible of cultivation. A single acre of its cane already yields more sugar than elsewhere. It exports each year about 17,000 tons of coffee and 1,800 tons of tobacco. The yearly production of sugar has been

known to reach 100,000 tons. This sugar is separated from the cane in mills owned hitherto by Spanish and English capital. Sixty years ago a writer described Puerto Rico as "the most lovely of all those regions of loveliness washed by the Caribbean sea." Given such an island, possessing every variety of tropical landscape, fertile from the mountain summit to the brink of the sea, rich in pasture fields, abated with beautiful groves of cocoa palms, nourished by 1,300 streams, with here and there a hot spring, and already open to international commerce by improved highways and a new railway, it is difficult to prophesy as to the progress a few hundred Yankee capitalists might make. The pasture lands in the north and east are superior to those of the other Antilles. Herds graze on the thousands of hills. Hundreds of cattle are exported yearly, and the numerous fruits of the tropics, such as sugar, tobacco and coffee, the American settler might successfully raise in great quantities. There is sugar, bauxite, iron, copper, tin, mica, lime, and other minerals, and a rich variety of cabinet woods, such as mahogany, rosewood, ebony, and other valuable species, all cultivated at home or near by. Gold, once mined in great quantities, is still found, as well as coal and salt.

Travelers generally agree that the climate of Puerto Rico is more agreeable and healthful than that of any of the other Antilles. The average daily temperature is 80 degrees Fahrenheit, but a cooling north breeze is generally prevalent during the hottest days. Land winds, so disagreeable in the other Antilles, are seldom felt, though tropical hurricanes are apt to make things lively at any time between July and October. The forest-covered mountains, which extend from east to west, with the length of the island, produce a marked difference in the climate between their opposite prevalencies. The district of the north, comprising the greater portion of the island, is visited by frequent showers, and the southern district is often without rain for months at a time.

In San Juan, the capital, where one of the most beautiful views of the island is located, the air is pure and wholesome. With his modern ideas as to municipal hygiene, Uncle Sam will not be slow to improve the unsanitary conditions of the city. The city has a population of 25,000.

It is not without reason that the castle was called the "morro," or Morro hill tower, because it was generally so called by the Spaniards. It is situated on the hill of Morro, like Havana, has a fine view of the harbor, and is one of the fortifications. It stands on a high bluff, and the city walls and a lighthouse immediately in the rear.

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ground is enclosed within the walls, west of the citadel, and out far off is the oldest ruin in the island, the fortress known as the castle of Don Juan de Leon, one-time governor here and discoverer of Vieques. His ashes are also kept here, in a leaden case.

Just under the northern wall of the citadel is the public cemetery, the gate to which is opened by an ornate letter box, and the bones of certain remains of graves whose terms of rental have expired are piled in the corners of the building. This cemetery is not open to the public, and it is to be hoped that our sailors and their families, who will be favored with a breeze inshore most of the time. The prevailing winds by day are from the sea landward; by night from the island mountains toward the coast. Far inland rises the summit of the great Luquillo, a mountain about 4,000 feet in height, and from whose sides descend streams that fertilize the island.

Puerto Rico is 100 miles in length and 50 to 60 miles in breadth, and as square as a dry goods box. East and west, north and south, it coast runs almost as regularly as if projected to compass. It is about 50 miles from San Juan to Ponce, the southern port, by a direct line, and the distance is about 100 miles. The Spaniards generally are poor road builders, but in this island they have done better than in Cuba, and one may travel here with a fair amount of comfort to the mile. There are several lines of railroads building, a system being projected around the island 340 miles

Why We Stick It On. "It is a new medicine," says Dr. Hayes, "that you can get for 50¢ per bottle. It is a very pure and healthy place, and that the soil is very rich and the climate is very pure. He says that the island is a very fertile and healthy place, and that the soil is very rich and the climate is very pure."

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Nervous and Tired

Wan Not Able to do Her Work Until Hood's Sarsaparilla Cured.

"I was treated only by medicine, physicians and diet tried nothing. I read in the papers of Hood's Sarsaparilla and began taking it. I am now able to do my work as Hood's Sarsaparilla has restored my health."—Mrs. J. L. Henderson, Ill.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is America's Greatest Medicine. It is for all kinds of blood diseases, such as scurvy, skin eruptions, itching humors, and all other ailments of the blood. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments.

One of the New Vegetables—shall we put it in the list? It is a new vegetable, and it is a powerful purifier of the blood. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments.

The Pioneer Limited is the name of the only perfect train in the world. It is a new train, and it is a powerful purifier of the blood. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments.

Allen's Lung-Balm is a powerful purifier of the blood. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments.

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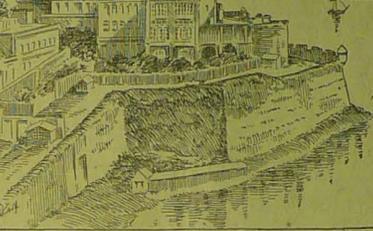
Winchester Loaded Shot Gun Shells are a powerful purifier of the blood. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments.

Agents Wanted for the Life of Gladstone is a powerful purifier of the blood. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments.

Life! Life! Life! is a powerful purifier of the blood. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and it is the only medicine that will cure all these ailments.

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GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S PALACE AT SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO.

Lectures of a Novelist. A well-known novelist delivered a lecture recently in the city of Buffalo, N. Y. He was a well-known novelist, and he was a well-known novelist. He was a well-known novelist, and he was a well-known novelist.

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CATARHAL WEAKNESS.

Pelvic Catarrh a Very Common and Debilitating Affliction Among Women.



MRS. CAROLINE P. EVANSWORTH, of Pelvic Catarrh is usually called female disease. Not being called catarrh, as it should be, it is not treated as such. Catarrh is a frequent failure to find a cure. Catarrh is a frequent failure to find a cure. Catarrh is a frequent failure to find a cure.

Catarrh of the lining membrane of the vagina, womb or bladder, producing a constant discharge of mucus, is a very common disease. It is generally called female weakness. The catarrhal disease of the bladder is not usually known. Hence very few people are receiving the correct treatment.

THE LAW IN THE CASE.

It Was So Plain and Simple That There Was No Need of an Appeal.

The man in the southwest had stolen the horse beyond the peradventure of a doubt, for he had been taken with the horse under him and the owner's name was on the blanket. Under the circumstances he should have been charged with larceny, but he was charged with stealing a horse.

"What law?" said the judge, in surprise. "The law that says a man who steals a horse is guilty of larceny." "That is not the law," replied the man. "The law that says a man who steals a horse is guilty of larceny."

A HEART PROBLEM.

It Was Easily Solved with the Right Method.

"I will not let Mr. Harklone," the young woman said, with downcast eyes, "that your attentions are agreeable to me. I am always glad to see you."

"What's the matter there?" said the judge to the defendant. "I was released from the witness stand, and was running amongst the jury."

Some men seek glory in the cannon's mouth, but those who seek it in their own mouths are in an overwhelming majority.

Teacher—Who discovered America? Street Gamin (after deep thought)—I discovered him (name, but who was a Dago—N. Y. Weekly).

We never yet met a girl in a dry goods store who was not just going to toss some something that cost more than it cost—Michigan Globe.

A woman usually gets a good meal at home just before going out to dine, in order that her appetite may not make her impatient—Atlantic Globe.

A good way to avoid trouble is to make up your mind not to be troubled, but to be too much troubled—Washington (La.) Democrat.



THE SAN JOSE SCALE.

The Home of American Fruit and the Great Hindrance to Our Export Trade in Fruits.

Austria has legislated against American fruit because she objects to the importation into her territory of the Aspidiotus perniciosus. If you don't recognize the name, be informed that it is the entomological title for the San Jose scale, which is the pest of the fruit grower.

This little scale of a scale, no larger than the period at the end of this sentence, is the pest of the fruit grower.



SAN JOSE SCALE.

(Enlarged Several Hundred Times.) Hence, it is a living, moving propagating insect with a complicated organism, by means of which he works great destruction to fruit trees, roses, currants and all similar growths.

To the casual observer, the Aspidiotus perniciosus is very insignificant, and he might even pass for a simple point of discoloration on the tempting fruit you hold in your hand, ready to enjoy.

"Never in the history of economic entomology in the United States has a single species of insect excited so much interest as has the San Jose scale." "This insect of orchards is a native of Mexico and carries a Spanish name."

"The scale is the most prolific insect on the planet," said E. W. Bentler, entomologist at the American museum of natural history, when asked about the little creature. "He follows every line of travel where fruit goes, soon gains a lodgment, and begins his destructive work on the trees."

"It is extremely difficult to get rid of," he said. "It is very prolific here in the tenacious of life. It is one of the most ingenious workmen in the insect world."

"The female scale does not lay eggs, but is viviparous, and her young are fixed on the bark of the tree they inhabit, and are at home in less than a day. Then they grow and wax strong, and in a little more than a month are parents themselves."

"What is the antidote?" Many have been suggested and recommended, but with any it is a constant battle to make headway against the pest. There is a southern fungus called by the botanical name of Spilococcium coccophagum, which is said to be death to them and not injurious to the tree. It produces a disease from which the scales die.

Economy of Wide Trees. At a hearing before Gov. Voorhees, of New Jersey, on the proposed wide-tire bill, it was stated that the reformer of the township meetings had generally appropriated small sums for the care of the roads, but that they were not attending these meetings in as good repair as they think they should be.

An orchard of apples on a large scale should be composed of a few winter varieties. Mangel wurzels and rutabagas give good satisfaction for general stock feeding.

SHORT ROAD SERMON.

Very Profitable Increase in Expenditure Would Result from the Use of a Few More Possible Everywhere.

It is constantly being remarked in conversation and printed in interviews and editorials to the papers that better roads are very necessary, but that they are too expensive—the community is too poor to do anything, and there the matter ends.

First. Road taxes must be paid in money and not in labor. Good roads have never been obtained by working out road taxes and it is not in the nature of things that they should be.

Second. Proper grading must be secured, hills reduced and fillings made until no steep hill exists that the farmer must "step hill" every time he hauls over it.

Fifth. After a good surface is secured by the above methods, it must be preserved and maintained by putting only the use of wide tires on heavily laden vehicles, thereby continually rolling and improving it—Good Roads.

HIS TERRIBLE SUSPICION.

It Spreads a Quick Sneeze of Opprobrium Upon the Innocent.

Brainard Ashford was the son of rich but retired parents, and he was well brought up. There was a passion against him which he walked to the window and looked out toward William's paragon that stretched back for many a mile.

Upon reaching William's paragon the young man found a man who had been seen in the morning, and he was the man who had been seen in the morning, and he was the man who had been seen in the morning.

"Reginald," he cried, drawing away, "you are there as you should be, but I don't have to do it. You are there as you should be, but I don't have to do it. You are there as you should be, but I don't have to do it."

The following case is printed originally in the Monitor, a newspaper published at Marlborough, Vermont. Donahue was raised as to its truthfulness, consequently a close watch was kept on the case for years and the original statement has now been confirmed.

Mr. Donahue had been a hopeless paralytic for five years. His case had been well known all beyond recognition, and could not be cured. He was confined to his bed, and his spinal column, and all said he could not be cured. He was confined to his bed, and his spinal column, and all said he could not be cured.

By a proking sensation, until at last the blood began to course freely and vigorously through his body. Soon he was restored to his old time health.

"What is the cause of this?" he asked. "It is the cause of this?" he asked. "It is the cause of this?" he asked. "It is the cause of this?" he asked.

"You know that is to follow." "What is the cause of this?" he asked. "It is the cause of this?" he asked. "It is the cause of this?" he asked.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS IS due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes.

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Public Clocks.

Very great cities of America are adequately provided with public clocks of such a size and so prominent location as to indicate the time over wide metropolitan districts.

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To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Catarrh Remedy Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure.

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Your Liver

needs coaxing, not crowding. Dr. Ayer's Pills stand without a rival as a reliable medicine for liver complaint. They cure constipation, and they cure its consequences, biliousness, indigestion, sick headache, nausea, coated tongue, foul breath, bad taste, palpitation, nervousness, irritability, and many other maladies that have their root in constipation. They are a specific for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, and keep the body in a condition of sound health.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—JAMES QUINN, 50 Middle Street, Hartford, Conn.

Take Ayer's Pills

BEWARE OF MORPHINE.

Mrs. Pinkham's Urgent Appeal to Suffering Women.

She Asks Them to Seek Permanent Cures and Not Mere Temporary Relief From Pain.

Special forms of suffering lead many a woman to acquire the morphine habit. One of these forms of suffering is a dull, persistent pain in the side, accompanied by heat and throbbing. There is disinclination to work, because work only increases the pain.

This is only one symptom of a chain of troubles; she has others she cannot bear to confide to her physician, for fear of an examination, the terror of all sensitive women.

The physician, meantime, knows her condition, but cannot combat her shrinking terror. He yields to her supplication for something to relieve the pain. He gives her a few morphine tablets, with very grave caution as to their use. Foolish woman! She thinks morphine will help her right along; she becomes its slave!

A wise and a generous physician had such a case; he told his patient he could do nothing for her, as she was too nervous to undergo an examination. In despair, she went to visit a friend. She said to her, "Don't give yourself up; just go to the nearest druggist's and buy a bottle of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It will build you up. You will begin to feel better with the first bottle." She did so, and after the fifth bottle her health was re-established. Here is her own letter about it:

"I was very miserable; as so weak that I could hardly get around the house, could do no work without feeling tired out. My monthly periods had stopped and I was so tired and nervous all the time. I was troubled very much with falling of the womb and bearing-down pains. A friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; I have taken five bottles, and think it is the best medicine I ever used. Now I can work, and feel like myself. I used to be troubled greatly with my head, but I have had no bad headaches or palpitation of the heart, womb trouble or bearing-down pains, since I commenced to take Mrs. Pinkham's medicine. I gladly recommend the Vegetable Compound to every suffering woman. The use of one bottle will prove what it can do."—Mrs. LUCY PEASLEY, Derby, Center, Vt.

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A famous southern clergyman recently told a good story illustrating the whimsical ingenuity of the Ethiopian mind, says the New York Mail and Express. A southern planter who was puzzled by the disappearance of a great deal of rice, found out that it had been purloined by a favorite slave. He sent for the latter and asked: "Sam, I am very sorry to discover that you are a thief and have been taking my rice." The slave smiled and answered: "I took your rice, master; but I'm no thief."

How do you make that out?" came the query.
"Well, master, does I belong to you, or does I not?"
"Yes, you belong to me."
"Ah! don't that rice belong to you?"
"Certainly."
"Well, then, if I take that rice and eat that rice it belongs to you still? It hasn't gone away from you, and no other man's got it, and so I couldn't have stolen it, could I?"

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