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Ed C. GOTTRY, Proprietor. | DEVOTED TO THE GENERAL INTERESTS OF PINE COUNTY, AND THE WELFARE OF ITS READERS. | TERMS: $1.50 PER ANNUM

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F. A. HODGE President. P. W. McALLEN, Cashier.

FIRST STATE BANK PINE COUNTY.

(INCORPORATED.)

Commercial Banking in all its Branches.

Insurance written in Reliable Companies.
Drafts on domestic points sold cheaper
than express or postoffice money orders.
Drafts on Europe sold. Land Bought and sold.

Taxes Paid for Non-Residents.

PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

When we were Boys at School, we used to swap pencils, a little later our jack knives engaged our attention; we are still looking for a chance to swap, this time it is Lumber we wish to Trade, and money is the consideration. We will give you as much Lumber for your money as you can get anywhere, and higher grade stuff to boot.

We wish you to bear in mind that we are

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Mouldings, Building Paper, Lime, Cement, Brick, Paint, Ladders, Screen Doors, Windows, etc.,

Let us figure on your bill and Convince you.

NOAH ADAMS LUMBER COMPANY.

I. E. Richardson, Mgr.

Pine City, - - - Minnesota.

Seeds!

Seeds!

Seeds!

GET THE BEST;

The Best is the Cheapest.

Not only is this true in regard to Flour, but especially so in regard to Seeds. During the spring season I make a specialty of the Seed business. My stock of Clover, Timothy, Millet, Flax, Mangerl, Turnips &c., are from the most reliable houses, and as I buy nothing but selected Seeds you can always rely on getting the best that can be had.

A call at my emporium will convince the most skeptical.

J. J. Madden,

PINE CITY FEED AND SEED STORE,

Pine City, Minnesota.

FRANK RADLEY

DEALER IN and IMPORTER OF

Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

I am Prepared to Entertain my Friends and Serve Them With the Choicest Goods in his Line. Give me a Call and You Will Recieve the Best of Treatment.

J. L. LONES,

Plumber and Gas Fitter.

I also handle Pumps and Wind Mills and furnish supplies for both. Also do repairing.

Leave orders with Berg & Ryan.

PINE CITY, MINNESOTA.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4, 1900—

The comptroller of the Currency has furnished the following statement showing the practical workings of the new financial law in regard to profits on circulation taken out by national banks. The case is taken of a bank which bought $100,000 of the new 2 per cents at 106. The receipts will be $6,000, composed of $3,000 interest on circulation at 4 per cent, and $2,000 interest on bonds deposited. The expenses will be: tax $500; expenses $62.59; sinking fund to liquidate premium, $104.23; total $666.83. This leaves net receipts of $5,333.17. If $4,230 is deducted for interest at 4 per cent on the money used in buying the bonds, $1,103.17 will be left to represent the profit on circulation.

Europe is anxiously reaching out for whatever remains of last year's cotton crop in the United States. The exportation of cotton in April 1900, the details of which have just been completed by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics, amounted to 274,014,318 pounds, against 134,397,328 pounds April of last year, and the value to $24,684,078, against $8,455,097 in April last year, while the average price per pound in April 1900 was 9.3c and in April 1899, 6.3c an increase of about 50 per cent. This brings the price of cotton to a higher figure than at any prior time during the decade. The average price per pound in the year 1891 was 8.6c, 1893 and since that date has ranged downward, being in 1898 5.9c, and in 1899, 6.8c.

The construction place on the Navy personnel law by Admiral Crowninshield has put the navy under the humiliating necessity of having to appeal to the army for an engineer to visit Guam, Dry Tortugas, Pearl Harbor and Pango Pango, with a view to making a report upon what is necessary to be done to fortify them so as to get an appropriation from Congress to complete the work. It is probable that when it becomes known it is the intention of those having the matter in charge to go to the army for an engineer to perform duties which belong to the navy, the feeling will be such as to defeat this particular feature of the plan, and Congress will be appealed to to authorize more civil engineers for the navy, or enact legislation permitting graduates of the Naval Academy, who have studied engineering but have left the service, to return to it.

According to the State Department, the fleets on the Chinese coast near Tien Tsin Province, where the "Boxers" outrages are most alarming, represent nearly all of the principal commercial nations of the world. The United States has 55 vessels in its Asiatic squadron, many of them at the Philipines. Russia has on the whole Pacific ocean 18 ships and 5 more are to be added this year. England has thirty-eight vessels on the South Pacific. Austria and Denmark each have one vessels on the station. France has 12 vessels, Germany 8 Italy 3 and Portugal 2. The total making a formidable showing and affords the means for impressive naval demonstration against China, should that government prove its incapacity to control the "Boxer" rebels.

The appropriation bill, just passed by Congress, makes some important changes in the pay tables of the service and establishes a rate for both officers and men serving beyond the states almost as liberal as prevailed in time of actual war. By the bill's provisions officers serving in the Philippines, Hawaii, Alaska, Cuba and Porto Rico are allowed 10 per cent increase, and enlisted men 20 per cent. A uniform rate of travel is also allowed discharged officers and men proceeding from the colonies and Alaska to their home or place of enlistment, the rate being fixed at 4 cents a mile on shore and actual expenses on sea.

Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister, created quite a little sensation recently by going up to the Capitol and asking the Senate committee on appropriations to strike out of the sundry civil bill a clause which empowers the commissioner of immigration to make the regulations for the admission of his fellow countrymen into the United States. It is not customary for a representative of a foreign government to address himself directly to Congress. In fact, it is a violation of diplomatic etiquette for him to do so. If he wants to tell the legislative branch of the government anything he must address a letter to the Secretary of State, who will forward it. The Nicaraguan minister got into trouble some years ago by violating this rule, but Mr. Wu is such a clever man and so great a favorite with everybody in public and private life, that he can do with impunity what would be offensive if done by most of his colleagues.

Don't fail to come to Pine City July 4th and help celebrate the Nation's birthday.

BROOKPARK.

S. P. Marlette was in the vicinity of Cornell the fore part of the week selling lands.

A few of the young bloods were taking in the beauties of the lake last Sunday.

W. W. Willoughby of Harris was in the village the fore part of the week.

Mrs. A. Berg has gone to Duluth for the summer.

Home grown strawberries are all the rage now-a-days.

Rev. A. H. Loyd's father paid him a visit this week.

A. H. Parsons, Mike Carlson, O. J. Woodbeck and S. P. Marlette left Sunday for Cornell for a day's outing.

A special school meeting was held in the school house on the 5th to vote bonds to build a new school house. Bonds to the amount of $4,000 were voted, and also voted to sell the old school property. This will give the district a chance to take up all outstanding indebtedness.

LIST OF PATENTS.

Granted to Minnesota Inventors this week. Reported by E. G. Siggers, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.

H. L. Day, Minneapolis, relief-valve for suction or blast pipes; C. E. Mead, Duluth, strand or rope for weaving rugs, etc; J. Place, Duluth, Indicator for shafts (2).

For copy of any of the above patents, send ten cents in postage stamps with date of this paper to E. G. Siggers, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.

—A woman wants a man for a husband, one with life, energy, courage. Girls, if you get one without these good qualities, give him Rocky Mountain Tea. 'Twill do the business. Breckenridge.

List of Letters,

Remaining uncalled for in the post office at, Pine City, Minn., for week ending June 2, 1900:

Gentlemen's List.
Mr. Kannaka.

Persons calling for the above, will please say "Advertised" and give the date of this list.

J. Y. BRECKENRIDGE,
Postmaster.

Don't miss the Grand Display of Carpets, Art Squares, Rugs and Mattings, at Piper's Furniture Store. The immense line of the Minneapolis Dry Goods and Carpet Co's on exhibition for one week only beginning Monday June 11.

Hot,

Tired,

Perspiring,

Played Out,

That's what ails you?

You Need Something COOL HEALTHFUL REFRESHING INVIGRATING

You will find it at our

Soda Fountain.

We are not stingy with our ICE therefore our SODA WATER is always as cool as ice can make it. We use the best Natural Fruit Juices, consequently our drinks are delicious

BRECKENRIDGE'S PHARMACY.

Main St., Pine City, Minn.

BRAN and SHORTS,

At Minneapolis Prices.

Pine City Milling Co.

PINE CITY, MINN.

COMMON WATER CONTAINS VEGETABLE AND ANIMAL LIFE AND DECAY WHICH BREED DISEASE.

YOU WILL KEEP WELL IF YOU DRINK

BETHANIA MINERAL WATER

IT TONES THE SYSTEM TO PERFECT HEALTH.

CONTAINS NO ORGANIC MATTER — INTERNAL TONIC

CALL FOR IT — BETHANIA MINERAL SPRING CO. OSCEOLA WIS.

Wholesale Prices to Users.

The Tallest Mercantile Building in the World, Owned and Occupied Exclusively by Us.

Our General Catalogue quotes them and 15c to partly pay postage or expressage and we'll ... It has 1100 pages, ... illustrations and quotes prices on nearly 70,000 things that you eat and use and wear. We constantly carry in stock all articles quoted.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., Chicago.

Pine Co. Pioneer.

W. P. GOTTRY, Publisher.

PINE CITY, - - - MINN.

The czar of Russia proposes to commemorate the completion of the Siberian railway by erecting at Nicolsi, the starting point of the road, a statue of Czar Alexander III., under whom the work was begun. Prince Troubetzkoi is said to be the fortunate sculptor.

One of the pretty features of a dense neighborhood in the heart of New York is a roof garden belonging to a hospital for consumptives. The windows from the men's sitting rooms reach to the floor so that the sufferers can walk out to the roof, and they spend much of their time tending, watering and pruning the plants.

A notice has been issued by the Parisian police warning the public, and especially foreign visitors, that a great number of false 50-franc notes are circulating in Paris and the large French towns. The notes are cleverly engraved and blended on special paper, resembling that used by the Bank of France, and inexperienced people may be easily deceived.

A new invention that is already on the market in Germany is that of artificial stone steps. A design imitating staircase carpets of any desired color is pressed into the steps when still soft, and as the design or figures penetrate to a considerable depth they last as long as the steps. Beautiful designs can be used and have been found suitable for fine residences.

Frederick W. Atkinson, who has been appointed superintendent of education in the Philippines, is 6 feet 4 inches in height, broad in proportion and of immense personal strength. Like Mr. Frye, superintendent of education in Cuba, he is a graduate of Harvard. He is 35 years old, and before receiving his new appointment was principal of the Springfield (Mass.) high school.

Queen Victoria's walking stick is one of great historic value, having been the property of Charles II., to whom it was presented by a citizen of Worcester. Originally it was a branch of the tree in Boscobel in which Charles I. hid when he was pursued by Cromwell's men. To the plain gold handle that it first had the queen has added a queer little Indian idol, a part of the loot from Seringapatam.

The model village of Biltmore, N. C., built and managed by Mr. George Vanderbilt, not only boasts of electric lighting for streets, but for houses as well, and, what is more, the residents have the advantages of electric heating and cooking. Electric cooking, says the Western Electrician, is a luxury beyond the reach of the average householder, but Mr. Vanderbilt's villagers enjoy it to the full extent of its present development.

The net value of the estate of the late John Ruskin has been sworn to at $50,000. The $1,000,000 he inherited from his father in 1864 he distributed fifteen years ago, retaining for himself only sufficient capital to yield him £1 a day. He bequeathed all his unpublished matter to Johanna Severn and Prof. C. E. Norton, of Cambridge, Mass., and revoked a bequest to the Bodleian library of books, portraits and drawings by himself and Turner.

Bishop William Taylor, who is now on the superannuated list of the Methodist Episcopal church, has had a most eventful career. Previous to his retirement from active life four years ago he had preached continuously for fifty-three years. He began as a street preacher in California and then went to work in foreign missions. He has worked in Africa, Australia, India, South America, Asia and in most of the islands of the South Pacific.

The woodcock seems to be rapidly nearing the end of his race. The bird is not shot in the spring, but in many states the hunters are allowed to go after him in July. Early floods drown out his young; and, unlike quail, the woodcock is easily discovered and stops nesting. The bird commands a high price in the market and is followed relentlessly by the gunner who shoots to supply the table of the man who can afford to pay $1.50 a head for his birds.

A novel and sensational divorce case has just been filed at Clinton, Ia. The plaintiff, Mrs. Albertina Kleinsmith, alleges that her husband, Michael Kleinsmith, kissed her, and that before doing so he smeared his lips with a subtle and deadly poison. She alleges that immediately after she became deathly ill from the poison with which he had smeared his lips, and for some time her life was in danger, and was saved only as by a miracle. The husband denies the charge.

New York and other American centers of population are to furnish servant girls for London and other foreign cities. Norman E. Lees, a representative of the National Domestic association, of London, arrived in New York the other day on the St. Louis. He is commissioned to engage an unlimited number of house servants, who will be guaranted good positions in the best families abroad and whose passage will be paid by the association. Ladies' maids there receive as high as seventy pounds a year.

WAITS FOR A DEMAND

Burgomaster of Pretoria Ready to Surrender the City.

HE IS ONLY WAITING TO BE ASKED.

Famous Town Is Invested by the British—Lord Roberts Still Silent as to the Situation—News Hard to Get.

London, June 5.—An undated news agency message from Pretoria, via Lourenzo Marques, says: "Pretoria is now invested by the British. No resistance will be offered. The city will be surrendered by the burgomaster as soon as a formal demand is made." This message purports to come in cipher. President Kruger commands the telegraph eastward from Pretoria and telegraphic news from Pretoria to Lourenzo Marques has ceased, but the messengers of newspaper correspondents continue to pass to and fro on the railway. The latest to arrive at Lourenzo Marques bring events at the Boer capital down to a late hour Friday night.

Another Story.

Another dispatch brought to Lourenzo Marques by messenger, and dated at Pretoria, Friday, at midnight, says: The war council assumes the powers of the government. Its members declare that the capital may still be successfully defended. One commander declared: "With the help of God, the hour will still come when Great Britain will acknowledge the independence of the two republics. A tremendous change will yet come over the situation." Gen. Delarey said that Pretoria would be defended to the utmost, adding: "There is every chance that we will yet beat the enemy out of the country."

President Kruger is somewhere to the eastward, but is in constant wire communication with the leaders here. There is, however, a deep feeling of anger against him on account of what is now called his unnecessary flight, and because he and the officials took all the gold and left their subordinates unpaid.

Roberts Still Silent.

Of official intelligence regarding what is transpiring outside Pretoria there is little or nothing. Lord Roberts is silent. Nevertheless, by piecing together items from various correspondents, it would seem that Lord Roberts' immediate army is all employed north of Johannesburg, except one brigade, which is at Johannesburg and that six columns are converging on Pretoria.

Boers Baffled.

The Boer operations to break Lord Roberts' communications have been completely baffled and the Boer columns are in danger of being surrounded by the British forces at Ficksburg, Senekal, Heilbron and Lindley. Gen. Rundle, instead of throwing himself against the Boers intrenched at Bedulghberg, moved toward Ficksburg and established communication with Gen. Brabant. The Boers marched parallel with Rundle, intending to seize a strong position on the Ficksburg road, but Gen. Rundle got there first. The 1,500 Boers who were in this movement are now reported to be going elsewhere.

Neely's Shortage.

Havana, June 5.—Acting Director of Posts Bristow inquired as to the amount of postal funds taken by C. F. W. Neely in May, 1899, and ascertained that it was $31,312.95. Neely's monthly average was about $17,000. His system of bookkeeping was simplicity itself. Apparently he merely divided the amounts received, taking one-half for himself and accounting for the other.

Ohio Farmer Murdered.

Lanzelville, O., June 5.—John Shank, a farmer of Buena Vista, was murdered Monday morning at his own doorway, his head having been split by an ax. Jacob Stump, aged 63, brother-in-law of the murdered man, has been arrested on suspicion. He is believed to be mentally deranged. Stump was formerly a local preacher. The men had had trouble.

CITIZEN POSSE ON GUARD.

The Deputies Thus Far Sworn In at St. Louis Are Assigned to Duty with Riot Guns.

St. Louis, June 5.—The citizen members of the posse comitatus had their first experience with active service Monday, when several companies were assigned for guard duty at the Park avenue, Easton avenue and Southern electric powerhouses of the Transit company. Arms were given out to about 900 of the deputies Sunday and the day was spent drilling them. As a result the deputies presented a military appearance as they marched away to their respective rendezvous with guns at a right shoulder.

While on guard duty the members of the sheriff's posse will be subject to strict military discipline. Those not on guard will be held in reserve at the different police stations. A barracks has been provided for those already sworn in and there the men will eat and sleep when off duty. None of the deputies will be sent out to guard the cars, the police being retained for that service. The work of summoning and swearing in additional deputies continues.

Every power house and car shed of the St. Louis Transit company is being guarded by Sheriff Pohlman's posse comitatus. In all about 900 men are on duty. A force of from 50 to 60 men has been stationed at each power house and remained on duty throughout the night. At seven o'clock this morning an equal number of men relieved those on duty and will remain on guard until seven o'clock to-night, when the night guard will again take charge. This mode of procedure will continue until the strike is settled. The posse is armed with winchester repeating shotguns. Shells loaded with buckshot will be used in case of a disturbance. While on guard duty the members of the sheriff's posse will be subject to strict military discipline. The following orders have been issued:

"General Orders, Headquarters Sheriff's Posse, June 4.—To All Commanders of Detachments: You will take every care of your men, maintain good discipline and place under arrest anyone under your command who commits a serious breach of discipline.

"When ordered to report to Chief of Police Campbell or any of his captains, and you thereupon receive from him or any of them an order to make such disposition or use of your men as you believe to be inconsistent with their duty and authority as members of a "posse comitatus," you will nevertheless obey such order, and forthwith report the matter to me. Your men will pay no attention to trifling annoyances from citizens, but will submit to no abuse, promptly arresting any offender.

"In quelling any riot or disturbance and in dispersing any unlawful and threatening assemblage of persons you will use your utmost endeavor to arrest the ringleaders and instigators, turning them over to the police for incarceration. You will use only the necessary force in the performance of such duty, but will meet violence with violence; and, if fired upon, you are expected, with due regard for the safety of innocent bystanders to make sure that the criminals reach the jail or the morgue if necessary.

J. H. CAVENDER,
"Commanding Posse."

Return to Work.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 5.—Monday morning between 2,000 and 2,500 car repairers, yardmen and freight handlers of the Erie, Lehigh Valley, Lackawanna and Western New York and Pennsylvania railroads, who quit work six weeks ago, reported for duty. Many places had been filled, but it is probable that before long all of the strikers will be at work again. With the exception of the freight handlers, most of the men receive an increase of pay.

One Hundred Years Old.

Detroit, Mich., June 5.—Capt. Francis Martin, of the United States marine revenue service, celebrated his hundredth birthday Monday at his home in this city. The captain was hearty and happy in the reception of many friends who called. Capt. Martin went to sea at 12, became a master at 21, and entered the government service in 1831. He was placed on the retired list in 1876, while captain of the old lake revenue cutter Fessenden.

Oregon Election.

Portland, Ore., June 5.—Meager returns from the interior and the few votes counted in this city indicate the election of Wolverton (rep.) for supreme judge and Moody (rep.) for congressman in the Second district.

THE HATEFUL OLD THING.

This census man, Merriam, is determined to know the age of every woman in the country.

END DRAWS NEAR.

Congress Is Preparing for Its Final Adjournment.

WEDNESDAY PROBABLY LAST DAY.

Senator Teller Announces That He Will Not Support the Republican Ticket—House Passes St. Louis Exposition Appropriation.

Washington, June 5.—Congress is in the last gasps of the long session, and its expiration apparently is to be quite perfunctory. Unless something extraordinary occurs no further general legislation of national importance will be enacted before final adjournment. The senate was in session more than ten hours Monday, nearly four hours of which were spent in executive session.

After many efforts had been made by senators to obtain consideration for various bills, all of which were blocked by objection, Senator Teller (Col.) addressed the senate on the Philippine question.

Turns Back on Party.

In conclusion Senator Teller said that he would not support the republican party in the approaching campaign.

"I did not support its financial policy, and I do not suppport the Philippine policy as foreshadowed in the pending measure (the Spooner bill). And I do not want to give up the islands, either. They should be a source of great advantage to us. They stand in great pathway of the commerce of the world, and they can be of immense value to this country."

At the conclusion of Senator Teller's speech Senator Wolcott (Col.), chairman of the committee on post offices and post roads, moved to recommit to the committee a bill for the classification of clerks in first and second class post offices.

The bill was recommitted and the senate then went into executive session.

At night a picturesque session was held—a sort of social session—at which many of the senators appeared in full dress, and the galleries were thronged by a gayly-attired crowd of spectators. Senator Pettigrew replied at length to the speech of Senator Spooner (Wis.) on the Philippines, but did not conclude his remarks. The remainder of the session was consumed in the consideration of conference reports and in passing minor measures on the calendar.

Senate's Executive Session.

Washington, June 5.—The senate was in executive session for three hours Monday, dividing its time between an extradition treaty which has been negotiated recently with the republic of Switzerland and the nomination of Hon. W. D. Bynum to be general appraiser of merchandise at New York. The treaty was ratified without division after some slight verbal amendments. It is the regulation agreement on the subject of extradition of criminals, and is a mere modification of the old treaty with Switzerland. According to the former agreement Switzerland was pledged to the surrender of her own citizens upon demand of the United States, but a law having been enacted recently by the legislative assembly of that country making it unlawful to make such surrender, a new treaty became necessary to conform to the new conditions, and accordingly the treaty ratified Monday was negotiated.

When the treaty was disposed of the Bynum nomination was taken up and its consideration pressed by senators who opposed confirmation, on the theory that if a vote could be secured confirmation would be defeated. Senator Fairbanks, as Mr. Bynum's friend and chief supporter, opposed consideration, and, failing in his purpose, moved to recommit the nomination to the committee on finance. This motion was lost by a vote of 32 to 34. Senator Fairbanks then at four o'clock took the floor and spoke for the remaining two hours of the executive session. The closed session was brought to an end a few minutes before six o'clock by an order for a recess at that hour and action upon the nomination was prevented.

House.

Washington, June 5.—The house Monday agreed to the senate amendment to the sundry civil bill appropriating $5,000,000 for the Louisiana purchase exposition at St. Louis. There was not a word of debate on concurrence in the amendment. It was after six o'clock when the matter came up, and owing to the lateness of the hour and the overwhelming majority in its favor the opponents of the fair appropriation did not even make a show of opposition. They contented themselves with demanding a roll call which resulted 127 ayes to 75 nays in favor of the appropriation. The house also agreed to the senate item for the Mississippi river with an amendment reducing the appropriation to $2,250,000 and adding a provision for the preparation of a comprehensive report on the levee system by the Mississippi river commission. With these exceptions the items of the sundry civil bill still in dispute after the adoption of the partial conference report were sent back to conference. The disputed items of the District of Columbia appropriation bill were agreed to and the bill went to the president, leaving only four appropriation bills still in dispute between the two houses. Mr. Tawney (Minn.) is making an effort to delay final adjournment unless action is had on the Grout oleomargarine bill, but he met with no success Monday. Everything, so far as the house is concerned, indicates final adjournment on Wednesday.

Progress of the Census.

Washington, June 5.—The director of the census said Monday that the work of enumeration was progressing satisfactorily. In San Francisco the enumerators who have charge of collecting statistics in Chinatown have been inoculated and permitted to pass the quarantine lines. In St. Louis it was feared the strike would interrupt the work, but arrangements have been made to proceed with the plan outlined. Every enumerator throughout the country has been directed to report daily to the census bureau and his immediate supervisor the number of names he has collected each day. Over 25,000 such reports have been received. In only a few instances have persons refused to give the information called for. Great patience will be exercised in such cases and every means exhausted to obtain the facts desired, but if no other means will answer the district attorney will be asked to see that the person refusing to reply is made to obey the law.

Will Be Opened to Settlers.

Washington, June 5.—A conference agreement was reached Monday on a bill which will open to settlement about 2,400,000 acres of public land. Senator Shoup, of Idaho, originally proposed the bill, opening to settlement the old Fort Hall (Idaho) military reservation, containing about 400,000 acres. Delegate Flynn, in the house, secured an amendment similarly opening a tract of about 2,000,000 acres of the Kiowa and Comanche lands in southwest Oklahoma. The conference has covered many weeks and has been very stubborn, but as agreed on the lands will be opened as stated. The Indians first receive allotments of Oklahoma lands of 160 acres each, with 480,000 acres to be held in common by them, the balance of 2,000,000 acres being opened to homestead settlers for $1.50 per acre.

Advancement for Otis.

Washington, June 5.—The senate committee on military affairs Monday reported favorably the nomination of Gen. Otis to be a major general. When reported to the senate in executive session there was a request for immediate action, but objection was made and the nomination went over.

FILIPINO LOSSES.

Gen. MacArthur Sends Statistics of the Killed, Wounded and Captured During the War.

Washington, June 5.—Secretary Root made answer to the senate resolution inquiring as to the number of Filipinos killed and wounded and the number of prisoners taken since the insurrection began. Having no detailed information on the subject, the secretary cabled the inquiry to Gen. MacArthur, commanding at Manila, and received the following response, which was submitted to congress:

"Manila, June 4, 1900.—Adjutant General, Washington: With reference to your telegram of 22d ultimo. Filipinos, killed, 10,780; wounded, 2,104; captured and surrendered, 10,424; number prisoners in our possession, about 2,000. No systematic record of Filipino casualities at these headquarters. Foregoing compiled from large number of reports made immediately after engagements is as close an approximation as is now possible, owing to wide distribution of troops. More accurate report would take weeks to prepare. Number reported killed probably in excess of accurate figures; number reported wounded probably much less, as Filipinos managed to remove most of their wounded from field, and comparatively few fell into our hands. Officers of high rank and dangerous and suspicious men have been retained as prisoners; most other men discharged on field as soon as disarmed. Propose to release all but very few prisoners at early date.

"MACARTHUR."

IS DEDICATED.

New Mexico's New Capitol Building Formally Opened in the Presence of a Big Crowd.

Santa Fe, N. M., June 5.—The new capitol of New Mexico was dedicated Monday afternoon with imposing ceremonies. This quaint old city was thronged with visitors. Houses and streets were especially decorated. A grand military and civic pageant was reviewed from the capitol steps by Gov. Oterio. At three o'clock the governor's salute was fired and the monster flag raised on the lantern cupola. The dedicatory exercises were held in the hall of the house of representatives. Chief Justice W. J. Mills presided and made an address. Archbishop Peter Bourgade offered the dedicatory prayer. Hon. F. A. Monzanares, of Las Vegas, delivered the building over to Gov. Oterio, who made an eloquent response, in turn placing the building in charge of the custodian committee, for which Territorial Secretary George H. Wallace made the address. Ex-Gov. L. Bradford Prince delivered the oration of the day.

Will Probated.

Worcester, Mass., June 5.—The will of Jonas G. Clark, founder of Clark university, and estimated to have been worth about $10,000,000, was filed for probate Monday. To his wife he bequeathed $100,000 and the income from $400,000 during life. To a number of relatives are given large bequests. His most important bequest is to Clark university. He offers to give just double the sum that can be raised by the friends of the university. If only $250,000 is raised, his bequest will be $500,000, but if $500,000 is raised, then he will give $1,000,000, and also the residue of his estate. This money is to be raised within three years by the friends of the institution. In a codicil $150,000 is given for building and maintaining a library.

Robbed by Pirates.

Shanghai, June 5.—A number of desperadoes disguised as passengers have pirated the British Yang-Tse steamer Kutwo. They committed wholesale robberies, terrorizing the passengers, who were quite unable to offer resistance. The thieves escaped with their booty.

Noted Outlaw Killed.

Santiago de Cuba, June 5.—Rural guards killed Juan Gonzalez, the notorious outlaw, and four companions near Sagua Sunday.

AN ARMY OF WOMEN.

They Assemble for the Club Convention in Milwaukee.

FULLY 4,000 ALREADY IN THE CITY.

Many Candidates for the Office of President—Mrs. Lowe, Present Incumbent, Will Refuse Reelection—The Color Question.

Milwaukee, June 5.—Fully 4,000 club women and three times as many trunks have arrived in preparation for the convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs. Most of the delegations caucused on the train, and

MRS. REBECCA LOWE.
(President of the General Federation of Women's Clubs.)

the result is numerous presidential possibilities. It is evident Mrs. Lowe can have a renomination if she wants it, but as she solemnly declares she will not accept it, the New York delegation is working solidly for Mrs. William Tod Helmuth, of New York city, though Mrs. Charles Denison, of the same city, is mentioned as the probable recipient of Mrs. Lowe's support. The Colorado women would like to boom Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker, but she will not consent as long as there is even a slight possibility of Mrs. Lowe changing her mind. The Massachusetts contingent came in with their support given to Mrs. Annie West, of Boston, their state chairman of correspondence. New Jersey arrived with a candidate in the person of Mrs. Emily Williamson, of Trenton, and the name of Mrs. Brock, of Lebanon, Pa., is also numbered with the aspirants.

Colored Clubs Shut Out.

The "color question," as it crops out in Mrs. Josephine Ruffin, of Boston, a delegate from a colored club, was temporarily settled Monday by the board of directors tabling its application for membership. This will leave Mrs. Ruffin to continue as a delegate from two organizations of white women, the New England Press association and the Massachusetts Federation. The Massachusetts women are much embarrassed over the issue, and the board of directors, on the other hand, feel they have taken the wisest course possible in refusing to establish the precedent of accepting a club made up mostly of colored women, as in the New Era club, of Boston, of which Mrs. Ruffin is president.

The Indiana controversy was settled by the national board recognizing the state federation already formed with Mrs. Rose Budd Stewart, of Fort Wayne, as president. The dissenting clubs will be recognized in the general

MRS. CORINNE BROWN.
(Chairman Industrial Department, General Federation.)

federation as individual clubs, but if they wish state affiliation it will have to be with the state federation as formed.

Following the business meeting Monday there were three brilliant receptions in the evening. The state officers received at the Plankinton, the biennial local board was at home at the Deutscher club and the national art committee opened its big exhibit in a social way.

To-day the convention proper will open at the Alhambra theater, with Mrs. Lowe in the chair. There will be addresses of welcome and the biennial address of the president. After the business session in the evening will come a complimentary drive along the lake shore, and the elaborate evening programme at the Alhambra devoted to sculpture.

Receiver Appointed.

Boston, June 5.—Edward Jacobs, of New York, has been appointed by Judge Colt in the United States circuit court auxiliary receiver of the "Six Little Tailors," a copartnership consisting of the plaintiff and others doing business in Chicago, Washington, Pittsburgh, New York and Boston.

Two Men Killed.

Weldon, N. C., June 5.—The Atlantic coast lines fast mail ran into an open switch at Gatysburg Monday, colliding with some freight cars. Two men were instantly killed and three seriously injured.

WAS A BUSY SESSION.

Much Work of Importance by the Fifty-Sixth Congress.

Record of the First Session Shows Passage of Many Laws Covering Vexed Questions—A Brief Summary Is Given.

Washington, June 4.—The record of the first session of the Fifty-sixth congress is now practically closed, and it is possible to survey the important work it has accomplished during the last six months. It has been a busy congress—the busiest, according to veteran officials, in many years. In some respects the work has been less exciting than that of the preceding congress, which covered the dramatic period when war was declared against Spain, and also the period of reconstruction and treaty-making with Spain following the successful close of the war. But in work actually accomplished and started toward accomplishment the record of the present session stands well in comparison with the most energetic congresses.

Our new territorial possessions have received much attention, and while there has been no definite action as to the Philippines or Cuba, a form of government and a means of raising revenue has been provided for Porto Rico, and a comprehensive territorial form of government has been given to Hawaii. The financial act has made important changes in the laws relating to the parity of metals, the bonded indebtedness, national banks and the security of the treasury by a gold reserve. The Nicaraguan canal bill has passed the house and is on the calendar of the senate ready for attention when congress reconvenes. The anti-trust bill is similarly advanced. The anti-trust constitutional amendment has a defeat recorded against it. The Pacific cable measure has passed the senate and is awaiting final action in the house.

Legislation Partly Advanced.

The Nicaraguan canal bill and the shipping subsidy bill are notable instances of legislation partly advanced during the present session, but not enacted into law. The canal bill has passed the house and has been made the special order in the senate beginning December 10 next. The shipping bill is on the calendar of each house with favorable recommendation from a majority membership of the senate and house committees.

Anti-trust legislation has come prominently into attention in the house at the close of the session, the house having passed a new anti-trust bill and defeated a constitutional amendment.

The senate has passed a bill for a cable to the Philippines and beyond, to be constructed and maintained under government control, but no action has been taken on it in the house.

The restriction of oleomargarine has been productive of considerable agitation, mainly in committees, and a radical restrictive bill has been reported to the house.

Some Unpleasant Features.

The exclusion of Brigham H. Roberts from a seat in the house because of his polygamous status, the refusal of the senate to admit Mr. Quay on the appointment of the governor of Pennsylvania, and the sensational charges, investigation and developments in the senate in the case of Mr. Clark, of Montana, have added some exciting personal phases to the session. Investigations have been prolific, including the inquiry into the Coeur d'Alene mining riots in Idaho, the various inquiries on polygamy growing out of the Roberts case, and more recently the senate investigation of the postal and other irregularities in Cuba.

Appropriations.

The total of appropriations cannot yet be stated with exactness, as five bills are pending, but it is approximately $720,000,000 for the session.

Treaties Acted Upon.

The senate in executive session has being occupied to a considerable extent with important treaties. Of these the treaties with Great Britain and Germany closing the tripartite government in Samoa and awarding to the United States the island of Tutuila, with its valuable harbor of Pago-Pago, has been ratified, while the commercial reciprocity treaties with France and British West Indian islands and the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, concerning the interoceanic canal, go over without action.

The Financial Act.

Of the legislation actually accomplished and now on the statute books, the financial act is regarded as the chief achievement of the year. The noteworthy feature of the debate on this measure in the house was that party lines were broken to some extent, a number of democratic members from the eastern and New England states joining with the majority in passing it. In the senate also party lines were not entirely regarded, Senators Lindsey and Caffrey voting for the measure and Senator Chandler against it. As it became a law by the president's signature, on March 14, it makes specific the declaration of the gold standard, provides a treasury reserve of $150,000,000, establishes a division of issue and redemption of the treasury, provides for the redemption and reissue of interest-bearing bonds of the United States, and makes new regulations as to national banks, their circulation, establishment in small communities and the tax they pay. The act also contains a specific declaration that its provisions "are not intended to preclude the accomplishment of international bimetallism."

Porto Rican Revenues.

Porto Rico legislation has been the most fruitful theme of controversy in and out of congress during the session. The discussion first turned on the revenue bill, levying a duty of 15 per cent. of the Dingley rates on Porto Rico goods. The majority of the ways and means committee urged the constitutionality and necessity of this course, while the minority, reenforced by Mr. McCall, of Massachusetts, a member of the majority, maintained that the constitution of the United States extended to Porto Rico, and that congress was inaugurating a new and dangerous precedent by giving the island any other law than that of the rest of the country. Excitement ran high under the spur of widespread public attention. The debate in the house was signalized by the division of the majority, which for a time made the result doubtful, but the bill ultimately passed. The contest in the senate was animated but less acute, the senate changing the entire scope of the measure by adding a complete form of civil government. In this form, raising revenue and establishing an island government, the measure became a law. Subsequently it was amended so as to limit corporate franchises, and on the president's recommendation an act was passed appropriating for the use of Porto Rico the $2,095,455 collected from island sources since its acquisition.

Our New Possessions.

Next in importance in the accomplished work of the session is the act "to provide a government for the territory of Hawaii." The debates on it in the senate and house aroused little division save on matters of detail. The act provides a system of government much like that of territories, with a governor appointed by the president, a legislature of two houses, franchise rights practically the same as those of voters of the United States, with the additional qualification that a voter shall "be able to speak, read and write the English or the Hawaiian language." Administrative and judicial officers are provided, and the island is given a delegate to the house of representatives of the United States, chosen by the people, with a right to debate in the house, but not a right to vote.

The Philippines and Cuba have occupied much attention in the way of debate and the adoption of resolutions of inquiry. The Spooner bill, providing that when all insurrection against the authority of the United States shall be at an end then all military, civil and judicial powers shall, unless otherwise provided by congress, be carried on under the direction of the president, formed the basis of the senatorial debate on the Philippines, but was fruitless of action. The only legislation as to Cuba is of a comparatively minor character, relating to Cuban shipping.

Pensions.

The general pension laws have been materially changed by the present congress, largely as a result of the efforts of the Grand Army of the Republic, which secured the passage of a bill amending the law of June 27, 1890, so as to permit the "aggregating" of disabilities, and changing the provision as to widows so that a widow may receive pension when she is "without means of support other than her daily labor, and has an actual net income not exceeding $250," etc.

"Free Homes" Act.

The "free homes" act has at last become law. It provides for the patenting of homesteads on the public lands acquired from the Indians on the payment of the usual fees and no other or further charges. This opens to free homestead entry many millions of acres of public lands in the west, heretofore sold at stated figures per acre.

Another measure passed of some general interest permits the secretary of agriculture to restore game birds which are becoming extinct, and provides means for the restriction of traffic in dead animals, birds, etc., from state to state, the latter provision being in part designed to limit the destruction of song birds for the sale of their plumage.

Other Legislation.

Among other miscellaneous acts of the session are those for the preservation of the historic frigate Constitution and for extending the work of the twelfth census. Considerable general legislation is carried on appropriation bills. These provisions include the amendment to the military academy bill making the commanding general of the army a lieutenant general, and the adjutant general of the army a major general, also the amendment to the sundry civil bill appropriating $5,000,000 for the St. Louis exposition. Both of these bills are still pending. The naval appropriation bill adds two battleships, three armored cruisers, three protected cruisers and five submarine boats to the naval strength, and may include special legislation as to armor plate and a government plant. The other appropriation bills in the main carry the usual government supplies. The Alaska code bill, giving a complete civil system of laws to the territory, has passed both houses, and undoubtedly will become a law.

Other measures which have passed one house or the other, but are still pending, including those for the election of senators by the people; authorizing the president to appoint a commission to study commercial conditions in China and Japan; for increasing the efficiency of the army by making service in the staff corps temporary; extending the eight-hour law; increasing the annual allowance to the militia of the country from $400,000 to $1,000,000.

HAS WHOLESOME EFFECT.

Bearing of Chinese Towards Foreigners Altered by Presence of Bluejackets at Peking.

Peking, June 4.—American and other foreign guards, numbering 349, arrived here in the midst of the Dragon festival. The streets were unusually crowded, and, though the people were greatly interested in the annual spectacle, no manifestation of hostility was made.

The presence of the guards has already had a marked effect upon the bearing of the Chinese toward foreigners. The excitement in the adjacent country has been much allayed, but many Christian refugees are still flocking into the city. The "Boxers" are evidently moving afield. Unfortunately no leaders of the "Boxers" have been arrested, though their capture would have been easy. All the government has done has been to occupy the scenes of the disturbances, and no real repressive measures have been taken.

Tien-Tsin, June 4.—Six men and two ladies, French and Belgian refugees from Pao Ting Fu, have arrived here. Nine are still missing. A body of mounted Cossacks has gone in search of the missing and to take food to Yan Liu Ching for the relief of the party there. It is reported from Peking that Mr. Stevenson, of the Church of England mission at Yem Ching, has been murdered, and that Mr. Norman, of the same mission, is missing.

ROAD AGENTS AT WORK.

Highwaymen Plunder Three Coaches in the Yosemite Valley—Secure Quite Large Sums.

Raymond, Cal., June 4.—The second robbery this season of Yosemite valley stages took place Saturday morning when three of the Yosemite Stage company's coaches were held up and robbed, as well as one private carriage and two United States soldiers who were ahead of the detachment of the Sixth cavalry on the way to the valley to guard the reservation against sheep and cattle trespassers. The robberies occurred near Grub Gulch, a few miles from Raymond, the terminus of the railroad. The robbers first stopped Sergt. Buchanan and another trooper who had been sent out in advance of 67 men of troop F, Sixth cavalry, to select a camping place, and made them hand over their guns. Then they made the troopers dismount and wait until the stage came up. The first stage that appeared was stopped by one of the robbers, who handed the driver a card reading "Black Kid." The robber then took a hat belonging to T. H. Griffiths, a passenger on the stage, and collected $150 from the passengers, after which he ordered the driver to go on. Each stage was held up successfully, the robbers getting $350. The mail and express matter was not molested.

High Wages for Harvesters.

Topeka, Kan., June 4.—B. P. Scott, assistant state commissioner of labor, who has been out inspecting the wheat fields of western Kansas, says that within two weeks, when the harvest is well on, the farmers will be paying $3.50 a day for men in the fields. They already have begun to ransack the country round about for men, and soon will be drawing on the eastern counties.

AMERICAN BULLETS.

Said to Have Stricken Low Aguinaldo, Filipino Leader.

Dispatch from Manila Tells of Shooting of an Officer Thought to Have Been the Head of the Insurgents.

Vigan, Luzon, June 2, via Manila, June 4.—Maj. March, with his detachment of the Thirty-third regiment, overtook what is believed to have been Aguinaldo's party on May 19 at La Gat, about 100 miles northeast of Vigan. The Americans killed or wounded an officer, supposed to be Aguinaldo, whose body was removed by his followers. Aguinaldo had 100 men, Maj. March 125. The American commander reached Laboagan, where Aguinaldo had made his headquarters since March 6, on May 7. Aguinaldo had fled seven hours before, leaving all the beaten trails and traveling through the forest along the beds of streams. Toward evening, May 19, Maj. March struck Aguinaldo's outpost about a mile outside of La Gat, killing four Filipinos and capturing two. From the latter he learned that Aguinaldo had camped there for the night. Although exhausted and half starved, Maj. March's men entered La Gat on the run. They saw the insurgents scattering into the bushes or over the plateau.

A thousand yards beyond the town, on the mountain side, the figures of 25 Filipinos, dressed in white, with their leader on a gray horse, were silhouetted against the sunset. The Americans fired a volley and saw the officer drop from his horse. His followers fled, carrying the body. The Americans, on reaching the spot, caught the horse, which was richly saddled. Blood from a badly wounded man was on the animal and on the ground. The saddle bags contained Aguinaldo's diary and some private papers, including proclamations. One of these was addressed: "To the civilized nations." It protested against the American occupation of the Philippines. There was also found copies of Senator Beveridge's speech, translated into Spanish and entitled "The death knell of the Filipino people."

The officer shot was either Aguinaldo or his adjutant, and as the horse was richly caparisoned it is a fair presumption that it was Aguinaldo.

LAND IN MANILA.

Destination Reached by Philippines Commissioners.

Manila, June 4.—The United States transport Hancock, from San Francisco April 17, arrived here Sunday morning with the members of the Philippine commission. The members of Gen. MacArthur's staff welcomed the commissioners on board the Hancock. At noon the commissioners landed and drove to the palace, escorted by Gen. MacArthur's staff, a band and two companies of the Twenty-sixth infantry, with artillery. At the palace the commissioners were welcomed by Gen. MacArthur in a short and forceful address. After Judge William H. Taft, president of the commission, had replied, the commissioners returned to the Hancock, where they will remain until they have selected suitable dwellings on land.

Judge Taft, speaking regarding the powers and future work of the commission, said:

"We have full instructions and extensive powers. The latter we shall not exercise until we have had ample time to acquire sufficient knowledge of the situation to enable us to proceed to enact legislative changes and reforms, preliminary to the establishment of a stable civil government. Until we assume authority Gen. MacArthur will continue to perform the duties and exercise the powers formerly performed and exercised by Gen. Otis; and, even after we take active and full part in the government, Gen. MacArthur will continue as the executive head until, on our recommendation to President McKinley, it shall seem to the president that the time has arrived for the appointment of a civil executive and for making the military forces merely auxiliary in carrying on the civil government, to be available only in cases of emergency for the suppression of lawless violence too formidable to be overcome by the regularly organized police.

"We are aware that there are several issues of deep interest to the Filipinos, upon which it is our duty to take action. Some of these involve judicial investigation and decisions upon legal rights. Others call for the careful exercise of political power in order to secure equitable adjustments. Upon the latter class of issues we cannot now speak.

"Representing the sovereignty of the United States in the Philippines, which it is the purpose of our government to maintain, we are here to do justice to the Filipinos and to secure for them the best government in our power and such a measure of popular control as is consistent with the stability and security of law, order and property. We are civil officers, men of peace. The field of our work is necessarily confined to regions where the armed enemy has ceased his operations. We cannot deal with armed men. Gen. MacArthur and the army will do that.

"When those now in arms shall have laid them down, relying as they certainly can, upon the justice, generosity and clemency of the United States, we shall give them all a full hearing upon the policy to be pursued and the reforms to be initiated. We purpose to inaugurate as comprehensive a school system throughout the islands as circumstances will allow. I am surprised that Manila has not received news regarding the Spooner bill, a measure calculated to help us greatly in our work here."

It should be understood that the foregoing declaration of Judge Taft is in no sense intended as a proclamation.

Found Bonds in a Magazine.

New York, June 4.—In the contest over the will of the late Robert Bonner, the publisher, Robert Edwin Bonner testified that after his father's death he found $70,000 worth of bonds between the leaves of an old magazine in a bookcase. He said that his father had told him where they were concealed.

Injuries Proved Fatal.

Pana, Ill., June 4.—E. A. McCracken, cashier of the First national bank and father of the Y. M. C. A. in Pana, died Saturday as a result of a kick from the family horse Friday.

WAR ON WOMEN.

St. Louis Mob Maltreats a Young Lady for Riding on a Street Car—Clothing Torn Off.

St. Louis, June 4.—Christine Thiere, 18 years old, Sunday was set upon by a crowd of about 2,000 men simply because she had ridden on a car of the St. Louis Transit company. She was on the way to spend the day with her mother. She is a servant. The distance was too far to walk and get back to her employer's by night. She took a street car. When she alighted at Ninth street and Geyer avenue at five p. m. from a Cherokee car she was approached by a young man who called her a "scab." Others joined in the chorus. There was a hissing and hooting which grew into a perfect storm as the mob closed in about her. A young man tore off her jacket and another her hat. She was struck by the fists of men and bruised about the face and body. A pocket book which she carried in her hand was snatched away and the money taken.

The young woman begged piteously for mercy and a big fist struck her in the mouth. She pleaded that she was a working girl, but this had no effect to stem the blows. Piece by piece her clothing was torn away until she was nude. She fled from the howling mob of men and finally ran to a house on the corner. She appealed for admittance, but the people were afraid the mob would tear down the house, and refused her admittance. She went to the place next door, but no one came. She reached an alley and ran down it, followed by the hooting men. There was a little window leading into a cellar. She broke the glass and jumped in and cowered in a corner in the darkness. Finally her persecutors went away. Then she called for help and received it, finally being taken to her employer's in Dalmar boulevard.

At 1916 South Twelfth street another incident of the same kind occurred. Stella Broderick got off a car only to be assailed and hooted by a mob. Her jacket was torn from her by men. She ran down an alley and into the home of Mrs. Folke, and the mob surrounded the house and began throwing stones through the windows. Mrs. Folke got a big revolver and opened fire on the mob from her front window and the men scattered.

ANTI-TRUST LAW PASSED.

The House Votes to Amend the Sherman Act—An Outline of the New Measure.

Washington, June 4.—By an overwhelming majority of 273 to 1 (Mann, Ill.) the house Saturday afternoon adopted a bill extending the provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law, which is far-reaching in its effect. A synopsis of the new measure is as follows:

It provides that every contract combination in the form of trusts or otherwise or conspiracy in the restraint of trade or commerce is illegal. Every person who makes such contracts or engages in combinations or conspiracies in restraint of trade is deemed guilty of a crime punishable by a fine of not less than $500 and not exceeding $5,000, and by imprisonment of not less than six months nor exceeding two years.

Corporations, associations, joint stock companies, or partnerships, when organized for the purpose of controlling or monopolizing the manufacture of any article of commerce, or for increasing or decreasing the price of such articles, or for preventing competition in the manufacture, production, or sale thereof, are illegal and may be proceeded against by any person and perpetually enjoined or restrained from carrying on interstate or foreign commerce in the states or territories. If these corporations are adjudged illegal, their officers and members are forbidden the use of the mails in the aid or furtherance of their business.

The bill further provides that no article of commerce produced or manufactured by any corporation organized in restraint of trade shall be transported or carried out of the state or territory in which it is produced or manufactured.

All articles of commerce shipped in violation of the provisions of this act shall be forfeited to the United States, and may be seized by United States marshals or deputy marshals and condemned.

Any railroad company transporting the property of the trusts is subjected to the same penalties as the officers of the trust.

An amendment to this bill proposed by the democrats provided that nothing in the act should be construed to apply to trades unions or labor organizations. Representative Ray, of New York, who has charge of the bill, made a point of order against the amendment, but he was overruled by Speaker Henderson. The amendment was adopted, and as each republican recorded his vote in favor of it he was greeted with applause from the democratic side.

Train Ditched.

Lima, O., June 4.—Sunday afternoon about three o'clock as an east-bound freight train on the Lake Erie & Western road was running at full speed about 18 miles this side of Sandusky City the tires came off one of the driving wheels, ditching the engine and piling about 20 cars on top of it. Fireman Enoch Bowsher and Head Brakeman J. W. Portell, who happened to be in the engine, were crushed to death and Engineer Harry Bell had a leg broken and was seriously hurt internally.

Wisconsin Bank Robbed.

Milwaukee, June 4.—An Evening Wisconsin special from New Lisbon, Wis., says: The Bank of New Lisbon, owned by W. H. H. Cash, was burglarized at an early hour and several thousand dollars in cash taken. The whole front of the safe was blown out with nitroglycerin and the front of the building was partially wrecked. The explosion was terrific. There is no clew to the perpetrators.

Loss Is Very Heavy.

Houghton, Mich., June 4.—The temperature in the burning shaft of the Calumet and Heckla mine indicates that the fire, if not decreasing, is certainly not gaining. The mine is at present sending about 3,000 tons of rock daily to the stamp mills, instead of 6,000, and accordingly is losing about $100,000 a week.

Peace Convention Ratified.

The Hague, June 4.—Queen Wilhelmina has ratified The Hague peace convention. Spain has done likewise, and the adhesion of Germany and Great Britain is expected immediately.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

Crushed by a Boulder.

Early in the morning a huge boulder rushed down the precipitous incline and crashed through the roof of the house occupied by John Dorgan, St. Paul. James Dorgan, 15 years of age, was fatally injured and John Dorgan, Jr., was seriously hurt. Three other boys sleeping in the room into which the rock crashed escaped with slight injuries.

The accident took place before the family had arisen. The house is a two-story brick structure, built close to the bluff at the foot of the Hall street shops. A crew of laborers in the employ of Contractor Thomas Linnan were at work above grading and preparing to boulevard the street. The steep incline is sixty feet in height. The boulder slipped from its place and crashed down the slope.

Annual Encampment.

The adjutant general announced the dates for the annual encampment of the state militia. The first regiment under Colonel Reeve will go into camp at Lake City, July 9, and remain until the 19th. This will be the first reunion of the members since leaving San Francisco.

The Second regiment under Colonel Joseph Bobleter will enjoy its outing from June 21 to July 1. Instead of going into camp, the Third will probably substitute a practice march of sixty miles, from Milaca, through the Indian reservation and pine woods to Brainerd. If not taken, the Third will encamp July 19 and remain until July 29. The artillery consisting of Battery A and B will go into camp on the same dates.

A Pioneer Dead.

Colonel John H. Stevens generally known as the pioneer citizen of Minneapolis, died at his residence at Tenth street and Sixth avenue south, May 28.

The death of Colonel Stelvens removes one of the best known figures of Minneapolis. Colonel Stevens was looked upon as the "father of Minneapolis." His old house, the first built on the west side of the river, near the site of the Union depot—now located in Minnehaha park—was the rendezvous of the early settlers. Here it was that the meetings preliminary to the organization of Hennepin county were held. Here also were held religious services.

A Dry Month.

The month that ended at midnight, May 31, was the second dryest in the history of Minnesota. The precipitation in Minneapolis amounted to but .43 of an inch, and the northern counties of the state had very little more rain. The dryest May on record was in 1861, when the precipitation amounted to .06 of an inch. This was in the days before the weather bureau was established in either Minneapolis or St. Paul, and what observations were taken were made by individuals. The person who recorded the rainfall of May, 1861, was a man of unusual intelligence, and it is safe to believe that his observations are trustworthy.

Bank Robbed.

The Bank of Dover, at Dover, in Olmsted county, was entered, the vault and safe blown open and $4,500 in cash, of which $800 was in silver, secured. Though there were dwellings only a few feet away, no one seems to have heard the sound of the explosions, and the burglary was not discovered until Cashier E. E. Bank went to open the bank in the morning. The burglars had by that time made good their escape. The bank carried indemnity insurance up to $4,500.

Dog Took a Bite.

Stanislaus T. Rosenthal, a mason, whose home is in Minneapolis, attempted to assault his wife with a butcher knife while drunk. The wife found a protector in the person of a bull dog belonging to the family, which took her part, attacking Rosenthal and painfully wounding one of his legs. Officer Henry Brudigan placed Rosenthal under arrest on a charge of drunkenness and a physician was summoned and dressed the wounds.

News in Brief.

The store of Onstad, Jacobson and Woodbury's saloon, at Ada, was consumed by fire. Onstad and Jacobson's stock was about $3,000; insurance $2,500.

Judge Lochren has decided that the owners of the steamer Peerless, which sank in Duluth harbor after a collision with the barge Stewart, has no action in a claim for damages against the owners of the tugs which were towing the two boats. The plaintiff sued for $21,000, as the cost of the steamer.

Special postal service has been established at Owanka, Murray county, and William G. Humason appointed postmaster.

Minneapolis has a big frog supply. According to dealers in this branch of trade the receipts are fully 50 per cent in excess of what they were a year ago. The average weekly receipts now are about 20,000 frog legs in addition to the large quantity of live frogs shipped for use as fish bait.

A. L. Morris, of Bagley, on the Fosston branch, went to Kansas City last week and returned with a shipment of 100 Angora goats, which he turned out on his farm at Bagley. They are valued at from $5 to $25 per head, the lower figure being for kids.

If the newest survey is followed the Fargo, Duluth and Northwestern railroad will not go through Moorhead, but will pass south of the city about two miles.

The three-year-old son of J. A. Gilbert, of St. Paul, set fire to a vacant house and was nearly burned to death.

OUT OF QUARANTINE.

Gen. Otis Is at Last Permitted to Land in San Francisco—An Interview.

San Francisco, June 5.—After five days in quarantine at Angel island, Maj. Gen. E. S. Otis, who arrived last Wednesday from Manila, was allowed to land Monday. Several cases of smallpox on board the transport Meade were the cause of the quarantine, and Gen. Otis and all on board had to submit to vaccination. Gen. Otis was brought over from Angel island on a special steamer furnished by Gen. Shafter, who went to meet the returning general, accompanied by Surgeon Maj. Arthur and Capt. Wilson. The party was driven to the Occidental hotel, where Gen. Otis spent the afternoon receiving callers and preparing for his departure east. It had been decided to receive Gen. Otis here with full military honors, but for some reason this ceremony was omitted.

When seen by a reporter Gen. Otis, in response to a request that he make a statement of the situation in the Philippines, said that while it would give him great pleasure to comply with the request, he was constrained to decline for the reason that such action, in his judgment, would be inconsistent with his duty as an officer of the army.

Asked what would be the effect of the war if the report of Aguinaldo's death were truth, Gen. Otis said that the war was practically ended, that Aguinaldo's followers were deserting him fast, and those who now remain with him are generally of the lower class. Most of his officers have left him, though some still remain in touch with him. Some of those who have left him are now engaged in business in Manila and others are hiding in the mountains. Many of his closest followers are very friendly toward the United States, and that as soon as the natives in general gained confidence in the friendly offices of the Americans, there would be little difficulty in bringing them to terms. Asked as to the commercial value of the islands, the general said they were vastly rich, especially in hemp, sugar and tobacco, and that as soon as the situation became more quiet business of all kinds would increase tremendously, as it is now doing.

Gen. Otis would not state whether or not he favored the retention of the islands by this country, and in response to such a query he merely said: "We have got them now. What are we to do about it?"

Gen. Otis left for Washington at night and will report to the president at once. He could not state when his report of the situation would be ready, but he would first make a verbal report to the authorities in Washington and later hand in an extended written report.

THE MARKETS.

Grain, Provisions, Etc.

Chicago, June 4.

FLOUR—Quiet and steady.

WHEAT—Easier. July, 66½@67¼c.

CORN—Higher. Cash, 37¼@37½c; June, 37¼@37½c; July, 37¼@37¾c; September, 37¾@38½c.

OATS—Steady. July, 21½@21⅝c.

RYE—Still dull and slow. No. 2 cash in store at 52½c; No. 3 was 51½c; July at 52½@52¾c.

BARLEY—Receipts light. Barley coming sells all right. Screenings, 27@34c; feed quotably, 34@37c; common to choice malting, 38@42c.

MESS PORK—Offerings were fair and demand moderate. Feeling firm and prices higher. Prices quotable at $11.20@11.25 for regular cash; and $10.10@10.20 for repacked old; $11.05@11.25 for July, and $11.12½@11.22½ for September.

LARD—Demand moderate, and offerings were fair. Feeling firmer. Prices quotable at $6.70@6.72½ for regular; $6.67½@6.70 for choice old; $6.62½@6.72½ for July, and $6.62@6.67½ for September.

SHORT RIB SIDES—Offerings fair and demand moderate. Feeling firmer. Prices quotable at $6.35@6.65 for cash, according to weight; $6.50@6.60 for July, and $6.47½@6.57½ for September.

POTATOES—Market weak and easy. Burbanks, 31@36c; Rurals, 34@36c; Hebrons, Peerless and Kings, 35@37c; mixed, 32@34c. New Potatoes—Triumphs, choice, per bbl., $2.25; Peerless, $1.50@2.50.

EGGS—Easy. Loss off, cases returned, quotably, 11c; city recandled, new cases included, quotably, 11½c.

BUTTER—Steady. Creameries, extra, 19@19½c per pound; firsts, 17½@18½c; seconds, 15@16c; dairies, 14½@17c; imitation creameries, 14@16c.

LIVE POULTRY—Market steady. Turkeys 6@7c; chickens, 5@5½c; ducks, 7c per pound; geese, $3.00@4.00.

New York, June 4.

FLOUR—Inactive, but nominally steady in absence of pressure to sell; winter patents, $3.60@3.85; winter straights, $3.35@3.45.

WHEAT—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 77⅜c; options closed steady at a partial ⅛c advance; July, 71 15-16@72 3-16c, closed 72⅛c; September, 72 1-16@73¼, closed 73⅛c.

CORN—Spot strong; No. 2, 43⅞c; options closed strong at ½c net advance; July, 42⅝@43c, closed 42c; September, 42⅝@43⅛c, closed 43⅛c.

OATS—Spot dull; No. 2, 26c; No. 3, 25½c; No. 2 white, 27½c; No. 3 white, 26½c; track mixed western, 25½@27½c; track white, 27½c; option market was quiet, but nominally firmer.

EGGS—Receipts steady. Western, loss off, 12½@13c; Western at mark, 10½@12½c.

Live Stock.

Chicago, June 4.

HOGS—Market fairly active, opening weak and 5c lower, but later the decline was recovered. Sales ranged at $4.10@4.80 for Pigs; $4.90@5.10 for light; $4.85@4.95 for rough packing; $4.90@5.10 for mixed, and $5.00@5.10 for heavy packing and shipping lots.

CATTLE—Market rather active. Feeling was firm and prices 10@20c higher. Quotations ranged at $5.40@5.75 for choice to extra Steers; $5.00@5.40 for good to choice do.; $4.70@5.05 for fair to good do.; $4.25@4.70 for common to medium do.; $4.20@4.45 for butchers' Steers; $4.70@5.50 for fed Western Steers; $4.00@5.00 for feeding Steers; $2.50@4.60 for Cows; $3.50@5.10 for Heifers; $2.90@4.25 for Bulls and Oxen; $4.00@4.50 for Stags; $4.00@5.00 for Texas Steers, and $4.50@6.75 for Veal Calves.

SHEEP—Market moderately active and prices strong. Quotations ranged at $4.50@5.45 for Westerns; $3.75@5.50 for Natives; $5.00@7.00 for Western Lambs; $3.25@6.60 for native Lambs, and $5.00@7.50 for Spring Lambs.

PINE COUNTY PIONEER

ED C GOTTRY Editor and Prop.

Entered at the Pine City Post Office as Second Class Matter.

PINE CITY, MINN., JUNE 8, 1900

American woolen goods are beginning to reach the markets of the world, under a tariff that protects farmers' wool clip. Last year we exported over a million dollars' worth of American woolens, and our imports of woolens were a mere trifle compared with those under the Wilson law.

The colored Methodists, in session at Washington, passed resolution to the effect that "the success of England in the present struggle will open up a brighter for the millions of natives in South Africa." The Democrats are naturally opposed to a "brighter future" for the colored race.

The export trade of the South for the past twelve months amounted to over $400,000,000, more than one third of that of the entire country. These are figures which speak more eloquently than the narrow Southern politicians who contribute so liberally to the Congressional Record.

Gen. A. J. Warner, president of the bimetalic league, says: "There is sufficient reason for not making silver coinage the chief issue in this campaign." This is true. More gold has been mined since Bryan's defeat, in 1896, than was mined in the first half of the century just ending.

Hogs sold in Nebraska at $2.85 per cwt. in 1896. This year they have sold at $4.95. Yet farmers there are to be asked to vote for a Democratic President and a Democratic Congress again so as to get back to the old $2.85 price.

Having nothing else to kick about the Democrats are complaining again about a surplus in Treasury. It takes a Democratic administration to do away with one, and at the same time, to do away with the surplus savings of the wage-earners.

The Cuban postal frauds are being thoroughly investigated by the Administration. Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow is now in charge there, and the criminals will be punished as quickly as the law permits.

Chairman Kerr, of the Democratic congressional campaign committee, says that he has sent out practically no 16 to 1 speeches this year. There is no demand for silver literature, the subject being a dead one.

Tennessee produced nearly a million tons more coal last year than in 1895. That ought to be an industrial object lesson to the South, especially as practically the whole of it was used at the factories of that State.

A Democratic President in the act of turning the Philippines over to the adventurer, Aguinaldo, would be a pleasing spectacle for the American people to contemplate.

If Aguinaldo were wise he would send half a dozen delegates to the Kansas City convention, not to vote, but to take up a sympathy collection.

Fewer failures in all sections of country last April than in April, 1899. That's pretty good proof of prosperity in a Presidential year.

Mark Twain's Presidential candidacy had the humorous right of way until it encountered the Sioux Falls and Cincinnati proceedings.

The Boer envoys will not make the mistake of assuming that Mr. Sulzer is the Government of the United States.

What's the matter with having four years more of the Advance Agent of Prosperity?

Another year of prosperity will make the advocates of free silver as scarce as buffalos in Kansas.

The Sultan of Turkey is now a receptive candidate for Democratic sympathy.

Democrats in Alabama and Texas favor expansion.

—Rocky Mountain Tea is not simply a laxative. It's a wonderful remedy for every kind of ache, constipation, indigestion, bad blood. Breckenridge.

Sale of State Lands

State of Minnesota, Land Office, St. Paul, May 15th, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that on Wednesday, the 20th day of June, 1900, at 10 o'clock in the morning at the office of the County Auditor in Pine City, Minnesota, I will offer for sale the following described unsold state lands, and the following described state lands which have reverted to the state by reason of the non-payment of interest will also be then and there offered for resale. Fifteen per cent of the purchase price and interest on the unpaid balance from the date of sale to June 1st, 1901 must be paid at the time of sale. The balance of the purchase money can be paid at any time, in whole or in part, within forty years of the time of sale; the rate of interest on the unpaid balance of the purchase money will be five per cent per annum, payable in advance on June 1st of each year.

Holders of certificates on which the interest payments are in defaul can have their certificates reinstated on payment before the sale of the interest in full to date and the penalties thereon, when the lands covered thereby will be withdrawn from sale.

R. C. DUNN,
State Land Commissioner.

PINE COUNTY.

Unsold Lands:

Parts of Sections.	Section	Township	Range	Area of Tracts, Acres	Hdths
All of	16	45	18	640	00
All of	36	45	18	640	00
All of (not appraised)	16	42	19	640	00
All of	36	42	19	640	00
All of (not appraised)	16	41	19	640	00
All of (not appraised)	36	41	19	641	00
All of	36	45	19	640	00
S ½ of s e ¼	16	38	20	[illegible]	[illegible]
N ½ of n e ¼	16	39	20	80	00
S w ¼ of n e ¼	16	39	20	40	00
N w ¼	16	39	20	160	00
S w ¼ of s e ¼ (less)	16	39	20	40	00
All of	36	39	21	640	00
All of	16	40	21	640	00
All of	36	40	20	640	00
S ½ of s w ¼	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
All of	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
All of	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
All of	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
All of	36	41	20	640	00
All of	16	41	21	640	00
N w ¼ of n w ¼	36	41	20	40	00
S ½ of n e ¼	36	44	21	80	00
N ½ of n w ¼	36	44	21	80	00
S ½	36	41	20	320	00
All of	16	45	20	640	00
All of (no appraisment)	36	45	20	640	00
N w ¼	16	40	21	160	00
S ½	16	40	21	320	00
N e ¼ of n w ¼	36	40	21	40	00
N e ¼ of s e ¼	36	40	21	40	00
E ½ of n e ¼	16	42	21	80	00
E ½ of s e ¼	16	42	21	80	00
All of	16	43	21	640	00
All of	36	42	21	640	00
All of	16	44	21	640	00
All of	36	44	22	640	00
All of	16	45	21	640	00
All of	36	45	21	640	00
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
All of	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
S e ¼	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	160	00
N w ¼ of n w ¼	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	40	00
S ½ of n w ¼	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	80	00
N ½ of s w ¼	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	80	00
S w ¼ of s w ¼	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	40	00
S ½ of n e ¼	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	80	00
S ½	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	320	00
E ½ of s e ¼	4	[illegible]	[illegible]	80	00
S ½ of	6	43	20	317	44
S ½ of n e ¼	[illegible]	43	20	80	00
N w ¼ of n w ¼ (less railroad right-of-way)	[illegible]	43	20	40	00
S w ¼ of s w ¼ (less railroad right-of-way)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	40	00
W ½ of s e ¼	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	80	00
S e ¼ of s e ¼	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	40	00
S e ¼ of ne ¼	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	40	00
S ½ of n w ¼	10	43	20	80	00
S w ¼	10	43	20	160	00
N ½ of s e ¼	10	43	20	80	00
S w ¼ of s e ¼	10	43	20	40	00
N w ¼	18	43	20	156	04
S w ¼	20	43	20	160	00
S ½	22	43	20	320	00
N ½ of n e ¼	28	43	20	80	00
S w ¼ of n e ¼	28	43	20	40	00
Lot 1	28	43	20	39	08
S w ¼	28	43	20	160	00
Lot 2	28	43	20	39	02
N w ¼ of s e ¼	28	42	20	40	00
N e ¼	30	43	20	160	00
All of	32	43	20	640	00
N w ¼	34	43	20	160	00
S w ¼ of s e ¼	8	44	20	40	00
Lot 3	8	44	20	42	04
Lot 4	8	44	20	22	38
E ½ of s w ¼	18	44	20	80	00
S ½ of s e ¼	18	44	20	80	00
S e ¼	20	44	20	160	00
N ½ of s e ¼	20	44	20	80	00
S w ¼	30	44	20	151	61
N ½ of	2	41	21	172	19
Lot 3	4	42	21	37	70
S w ¼ of n w ¼	4	42	21	40	00
E ½ of s w ¼	4	42	21	80	16
N ½ of s e ¼	4	42	21	80	00
W ½ of n e ¼	10	42	21	80	00
S e ¼ of n e ¼	16	42	21	40	00
N ½ of n w ¼	16	42	21	80	00
S e ¼ of n w ¼	16	42	21	40	00
N ½ of s w ¼	16	42	21	80	00
W ½ of of n e ¼	22	42	21	80	00
N e ¼ of n w ¼	22	42	21	40	00
N w ¼ of s w ¼	22	42	21	40	00
S ½ of s w ¼	22	42	21	80	00
S ½ of s e ¼	22	42	21	80	00
S e ¼ of s e ¼	26	43	21	40	00
W ½ of	26	42	21	320	00
W ½ of s e ¼	26	42	21	80	00
S e ¼ of s e ¼	26	42	21	40	00
N ½ of n e ¼	34	42	21	80	16
N e ¼ of s e ¼	10	43	21	40	00
Lot 3	10	43	21	51	51
Lot 4	10	43	21	40	10
N ½ of n e ¼	12	43	21	80	00
S w ¼ of n e ¼	12	43	21	40	00
N e ¼ of s w ¼	12	43	21	40	00
S ½ of s w ¼	12	43	21	80	00
W ½ of s e ¼	12	43	21	80	00
N e ¼ of	14	43	21	160	00
S ½ of n w ¼	14	43	21	80	00
N ½ of s w ¼	14	43	21	80	00
N e ¼ of n e ¼	20	43	21	40	00
S ½ of n e ¼	20	43	21	80	00
N e ¼ of n e ¼	22	43	21	40	00
S ½ of ne ¼	22	43	21	80	00
N ½ of n w ¼	22	43	21	80	00
S w ¼ of	22	43	21	160	00
W ½ of s e ¼	22	43	21	80	00
N e ¼ of s w ¼	26	43	21	40	00
N ½ of s e ¼	26	43	21	80	00
S w ¼ of s e ¼	26	43	21	40	00
N ½ of n e ¼	28	43	21	80	00
Lot 1	28	43	21	47	08
S e ¼ of n w ¼	28	43	21	40	00
S w ¼	28	43	21	160	00
S ½ of s e ¼	28	43	21	80	00
Lot 1	31	43	21	29	53
S w ¼ of n e ¼	34	43	21	40	00
E ½ of s w ¼	34	43	21	80	00
Lot 9	34	43	21	41	20
Lot 10	34	43	21	31	00
E ½ of	2	44	21	318	16
S ½ of n w ¼	2	44	21	80	00
S w ¼ of	2	44	21	160	00
S ½ of n w ¼	12	44	21	80	00
S w ¼ of n e ¼	24	44	21	40	00
N w ¼	24	41	21	160	00

Forfeited Lands:

Parts of Sections.	Section	Township	Range	Area of Tracts, Acres	Hdths
N w ¼ of n w ¼	16	38	20	40	00
N ½ of s w ¼	16	38	20	80	00
S e ¼ of s w ¼	16	38	19	40	00
N w ¼ of n e ¼ (less railroad right-of-way)	16	42	20	40	00
S ½ of n e ¼ (less railroad right-of-way)	16	42	20	80	00
W ½ of s w ¼ (less railroad right-of-way)	16	42	21	80	00
S w ¼ of s e ¼ (less railroad right-of-way)	16	42	20	40	00
N e ¼ of s e ¼	16	38	21	40	00
W ½ of s w ¼	16	41	21	80	00

Cheap Excursions to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Between June 18th and 30th the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad will sell a series of cheap excursion tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis account of the Elks' Summer Carnival, the Saengerfest and the Republican State Convention. For dates of sale and rates inquire of any St. Paul & Duluth Agent or C. E. Stone, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

B. H. Harris.

One week Sale. One week Sale.

Special Sale

One week Beginning Monday June, 4

A Gigantic Dry Goods, Clothing and Furnishing Out Put of $12,000.00, at 65 to 80 cents on the dollar. Its a sale that stands for sacrifice, shrewdness and saving. Every dollars worth of merchandise you now secure means a saving of from 20 to 35 cents to you on each dollar. The Greatest, Grandest, Dry Goods and Clothing event Rush City has ever witnessed. Its the greatest legitimate price cutting ever attempted. Just think of it, right in the heart of the season, we give you such an opportunity to save money.

If every one in Pine City and vicinity know what we know about these great values, every woman, man and boy for miles around would show themselves here in the 6 days' sale.

We can quote no prices, as space is to valuable to put all down, but we will put down a few of our articles on sale as follows:

Dress Goods, Silks for Waists and Trimmings, Prints, Lawns and Dondities, Table Linens, Turkey Red Table cloth, Napkins, Corsets, Notions, Belts and Belt buckles, Jewelery, Laces and Embrorderies, Ladies' Jackets, and capes, Shirt Waists, Skirts and Wrappers, Golf plaid Walking skirts.

Clothing! Clothing! Clothing!

We guarantee to sell our Men's, Boy's and Childrens suits at 30 cents on the dollar cheaper than regular prices, during our one weeks special sale beginning Monday June 4.

Hats! Hats! Hats!

We carry a full line of Men's, Boy's and Children's Felt and Straw Hats at reduced prices.

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

We carry a full line of Ladies, Men's, Misses and Childs Shoes. The newest, latest, and best Shoes that can be produced, and at the least possible cost to you—No guess work about our Shoes.

REMEMBER that our complete stock will be sold at from 20 to 35 cents on the dollar cheaper than the regular price.

B. H. HARRIS,

RUSH CITY, MINN.

Located in McKeon's New Brick Block.

FURNITURE

Excelsior Mattresses, any seze	$1.65,
Wool Top Matteresses, any sizs	$2.25,
Woven Wire Springs	$1.50,
Wood Beds	$2.00,
Iron Beds	$3.00.

White Enamel Dressers, 22x28 Beveled Mirror Top Drawers Swelled at	$12.50,
White Enameled Commodes Top Drawers Swelled.	$5.00
Large Cupboard with Glass Doors,	$6.50,
Kitchen Chairs, at	50,
Ladies Sewing Rockers with Cane Seat	$1.25,
6 Foot Hardwood Extention table,	$3.85,
Kitchen Tables top 28x42 with Drawer,	$1.50,
Dining Chairs from	70 to $1.25,
Fancy Rockers up to	$5.00.

WIRE GRASS RUGS

18x36, at	45c
21x45, at	55c
26x54, at	75c
30x60, at	85c
36x72, at	$1.05

WIRE GRASS MATTING

Best Matting made, 36 in. wide, per yd. 30c.

When you need Furniture get our prices, we can suit you

Full line Coffins and Caskets.

Schleusener's
Hardware
and
Furniture Store.

Pine City, - Minnesota.

SMITH
THE
★Hardware Man.★

Barb Wire, Nails At Drop Prices

The Fulton Hay Carrier and Horse Forks, Simplest and Best.

Steel Ranges

The Jewel $35.00 to $45.00. These Ranges will last a life time.

Wood and Iron Pumps
Of All Kinds.

We have still a few snaps in Tinware:

10 qt. Tin Pails, - - - -	10c
3 qt. Granite Iron Coffe Pots, - -	25c
1 pt. Tin Cups, - - -	2 for 5c

Clover, Timothy, Lawn Grass and Garden Seeds.

A Full Line of Fishing Tackle.

Give us a Call.

MRS. J. BALL,

Successor to F. T. Wilcox,

Wishes to Announce to the Citizens of Pine City and vicinity, that She has purchased the Wilcox stock, and will be pleased to meet all the former patrons, and all those who want honest Goods at Prices that are Right.

I HAVE A STOCK OF

CLOTHING

Which I Will Sell at Cost.

SHOES! SHOES!

I have just returned from Minneapolis

Where I purchased a full line of SHOES which will be sold as Cheap as the Cheapest.

When in need of anything found in a General Store, give me a call.

Mrs. J. Ball,

Pine City, Minn.

LOCAL NEWS

Chips Picked up Around Town and Vicinity.

—See B. H. Harris' new ad.

J. J. Folsom, of Hinckley, spent Thursday in the county seat.

—Childrens washable Sailor suits, at 50 and 60 cents per suit, at J. D. Vaughan's.

Dr. Forbes next Monday evening in the M. E. church at 8 o'clock.

—Mrs. Robt Hoffman spent Thursday afternoon in Rush City shopping

—If you wish to enjoy yourself attend the moonlight excursion and dance this (Friday) evening.

—The rain of Wednesday afternoon did an immense amount of good to the crops in this vicinity.

—Note the changes in the St. P. & D. railroad time card, which went into effect the first of the month.

—Profs. Harris and Manning furnish the music for the moonlight excursion and dance this evening.

—Adolph Munch of St. Paul, was up the fore part of the week and took a trip down to the dam at Chengwatona.

—The picnic held by the C. S. D. P. J. society at Thos. Baxil's on Sunday last was a success. The society clearing a neat little sum.

—Watch for hand bills announcing the excursion and dance at Lake Pokegama this evening. Harris and Manning will furnish the music.

—Persons holding tickets on the pictures "Columbia" or Pansies are asked to attend the public drawing at Miller,s hall, Wednesday evening June 20th at 8 o'clock.

–Little Glen Axtell who has been attending the deaf and dumb institute, at Faribault, for the past year, returned to her home in this place on Wednesday afternoon.

—B. H. Harris sells golf plaid walking skirts for $4.85 worth $6.50. Send your mail order.

—Fred McKusick who has been attending the State U. for the past year, studying in the Law department, returned home on Saturday last to remain during the summer.

—The large posters are out for the celebration to be held here the Fourth. Read them over, stop and think if you can afford to spend the Nation's birthday any where than at the County seat of Pine County.

—The base ball boys are practicing evenings so as to be in shape to make the team that plays with them the fourth earn their money providing they are beaten, which is the least of their notion.

Hurrah for Fourth of July at Pine City. Watch for posters.

—Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Hilda Nelson, of Finlayson, to Mr. Fritz A. Johnson, of this place, on Wednesday evening June 13th, 1900, at the residence of John Olson in this place.

—Jos. Petschel returned from the north where, he has been at work, the fore part of last week and has accepted a position with Peter Engel. Joe is a good steady young man and should do well in his new position.

—Just think of seasonable styles at after season prices. Think of offering goods to people when they need them most, not after nine-tenths of their wants have been supplied. This is true enterprise. B. H. Harris, Rush City.

—The luncheon furnished the old soldiers on Tuesday noon at the G. A. R. hall by the ladies of Riverside Circle was one of the best ever served on a like occasion. And the boys in blue did justice to it your may be sure.

—Every one should make their arrangements so as to take in the dance given by the fire department on the evening of July 4th in Rath's new hall. The best of music has been engaged and a royal good time will be had by all those attending.

—Otto Kowalkee, Jas. Hurley, John Falkner and Geo. Russell departed the first of the week for Mission island, where they will camp out for a couple of weeks. As soon as Michael Hurley gets back from the State U. he will fix up the "Hell Blazes" and take her up to the island and be prepared to entertain all who wish to visit him. Mike is expected home the latter part of next week.

—Enterprising people advertise in the Pioneer. Try it.

—Excursion and dance this evening.

There will be services at the German Lutheran church Sunday afternoon at 4:30.

—Commodore Cooley has rerigged the "Eagle" and now has her in fine shape for sailing.

—Dr. Forbes will preach in the M. E. church on Monday evening June 11. Everybody invited.

Everybody come to Pine City 4th of July Grand celebration.

—Roy Welty, the gentlemanly agent of the Zenith Paper company, of Duluth, spent a couple of days in this place the fore part of the week.

—At a meeting of the fire department on Tuesday evening it was decided to trim up the engine and hose carts and have them in the parade the fourth.

—Saturday is monthly Fair day. All those having stock to sell or wishing to buy should not fail to attend this fair as it promises to be one of the best monthly fairs ever held in the northwest.

—Hon. L. H. McKusick received a telegram Thursday morning calling him to Owatonna to defend a criminal who is to be tried before the district court at that place. He departed on the noon train.

—John, if you were a woman, you'd know as I know and all other women know, that Rocky Mountain Tea is the greatest blessing woman ever had. 35 cents. Breckenridge.

—The committees that have charge of the Fourth of July celebration are doing all in their power to make it a grand success. They have money enough subscribed to pay all the prizes and buy the fireworks for a grand display.

—Howard Folsom and wife, of Sandstone spent Wednesday and Thursday in this place. Howard has leased the Courier office at Sandstone to J. H. Hay for the summer Howard will take charge of the Journal at Braham, for the present. We wish him success.

—One of the principal features of the celebration to be given here the Fourth will be the base ball game. The committee having this part of the entertainment in hand are doing their utmost to secure a good team to cross bats with the home team

—The parade on the morning of the Fourth promises being worth going miles to see, as those intending to take part in it have commenced to get their floats ready, and the committee having the parade in charge were never known to do things by halves.

—The dance on the evening of the Fourth will be under the auspices of the fire department. The boys are determined to make this the best dance ever held in this part of the state. They have engaged Rath's new hall, and good music so that those who attend can be sure of a hot time.

Mrs. D. L. Roberts and son W. A. Roberts, mother and brother of S. G. L. Roberts, of Maryland, and Mrs. J. M. Herfurth of Washington, D. C. arrived in this place on Thursday afternoon to spend a few weeks with Village Attorney Roberts. Mrs. Roberts is 78 years old and stood the trip better than the young people.

—Wanted—All the pretty girls in town to form in line in front of our store and induce the young men to treat to soda water.

Your Druggist.

—Our village schools closed on Friday last, having put in a very successful nine months work. The exhibit of the work done by the scholars was very fine and there was not one but what showed a marked advancement. The exhibit was in book form each scholars work in a book by itself, the books were very nicely gotten up by the different teachers and showed that they had put in considerable time and not a little of their hard earned cash in making them, but the work done by the scholars in the books was ample pay for the time and money expended. The teachers have all departed excepting Mrs. Marsh and Miss Badger who are running a kinder-garten for two hours each day in the old school building.

ELK'S CARNIVAL, AT ST. PAUL

From June 18 to 30th

The arrangements made by the St. Paul Elks for their Midsummer Exposition and Carnival in St. Paul from June 18 to 30th renders it certain that all visitors will find infinite variety of amusements. First there will be a main street where there will be several hundred booths with a variety of articles on exhibition, music by bands, and free entertainment by professional performers for four hours each day. It only costs ten cents to gain admission to the street. The Midway is to be beyond the street display, and there ten distinct shows will be found. The admission, however, to each is but ten cents, so that the whole entertainment is very inexpensive.

The above represents a magnificent arch, covered with staff, which will be erected at the main entrance at the corner of Ninth and Cedar streets at a cost of $2,500. There will be 300 booths for a display of all kinds of wares, occupying several blocks of the street. The exposition will be open from 12 noon until midnight for 12 days and at night will be illuminated by 100 arc lights and 2,000 incandescent lamps.

—Hereafter the staunch steamer "Victoria" will make trips at 11:30 a. m and 5:00 p. m., this is to be schedule time for the summer, and those wishing to go to the lake can always be sure that the steamer will leave the wharf at the above mentioned hours.

—A full line of straw hats to select from, 15, 50 and 1.25 cents at J. D. Vaughan's clothing store.

An opportunity never before offered to Pine City people. An immense line of curtains and Draperies equal in variety to a large city display, on exhibition at Piper's Furniture Store for one week only commencing June 11.

See Carlson's new clearance sale ad, of Rush City.

—The rush is on at B. H. Harris' special sale and there are certainly some encouraging prices. Come and spend a day at Rush City. you can save more than your car fare.

Dentist DR. IRVING of St. Paul will be at the Pioneer House June 8 and 9. First class dentistry at popular prices.

SEEDS

Rohlf's famous home grown seeds can be bought at F. J. Rybak's general store or at F. E. Smith's hardware store.

—Golden Link Flour makes home happy.—Madden's.

Dr. C. E. Burgeson,
DENTIST.
At Dr. Wiseman's office three days every month. Watch locals for announcements.

Saint Paul and Duluth R.R.

St. Paul and Duluth Railroad Time Card

SOUTH BOUND	No. 1 Except Sunday	No. 3 Limited Daily	No. 5 Daily
St. Paul.....Lv Minneapolis Lv	9 00 a m 8:35 a m	2:25 p m 2:00 p m	11:15 p m [illegible]
Pine City..Lv	11:02 a m	4:25 p m	2:05 a m
West Sup'r. Ar Duluth.......Ar	2:25 p m 2:00 p m	7:05 p m 7:00 p m	[illegible] a m [illegible] a m
SOUTH BOUND	No. 2 Except Sunday	No. 4 Limited Daily	No. 6 Daily
Duluth.......Lv West Sup'r..Lv	9:00 a m 9:00 a m	1:55 p m 1:50 p m	11:15 p m 11:50 p m
Pine City..Lv	12:37 p m	4:25 p m	3:21 a m
Minneapolis Ar St. Paul.......Ar	2:15 p m 2:20 p m	6:55 p m 8:00 p m	7:20 p m 7:15 p m

Night trains are placed in the depots at St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth at 9:00 p. m., and passengers are allowed to occupy sleeping cars after that hour. Passengers in sleeping cars on train No. 5 may remain undisturbed at Duluth until 8 a. m.

C. E. Stone,
Gen. Pass. Agent.

G. H. White, Agent,
Pine City, Minn

BUSINESS LOCALS.

—For sewing machine repairs for all makes of sewing machines go to F. W. Kvech, Jewler.

—I have for sale at a bargain a house and lot in Pine City. This is a bargain and no mistake. For particulars call on P. W. McAllen, at First State bank.

—The Lanpher hat. Try one and you will buy more.

—Wall Paper

Large new stock of latest spring styles. We bought out side the trusts and you can save your money on every roll you buy. Anyway come in and give us a chance to show you what we have and give you the prices. We invite you to call and see our stock at the Drug Store.

—Go to Madden's for your clover and timothy.

—"A word to the wise is sufficent." For anything in the flour and feed line, go to Madden's.

—They hold their shape, wear like leather and always look well—the Lanpher hats. If you buy them you will keep buying them the remainder of your life.

—For Sale—A 40 acre farm of fine land three miles southwest of this place. There are about 15 acres cleared, 10 cords of good Maple wood a Smith grubber, about 10 acres of the farm good meadow. The whole will be sold for $600 cash. For further information apply at this office. June 9.

—Wanted—1000 watches to repair and clean. Cleaning $1.00, main springs put in watches $1.00, warranted one year. Kvech the new jeweler.

—For Sale—A good young team, wagon and harness, cheap for cash. For particulars call on Ed. Jesmer.

—Eat the finest Breakfast Food on earth. "Gold Heart Wheat Grits," sold only at Madden's.

—Have you ever used spring seat post fits any bicycle, adjestable to weight of rider. For further information call on F. W. Kvech, Jeweler

—The Lanpher hat has style and wearing qualities combined better than most hats. Buy one and be convinced.

For Sale—A good farm of 227 acres within one mile of this village. A snap for some one—Enquire at this office for particulars

Ready made articles suitable for wedding and birthday gifts, also bonnets, booties, etc., for baby, and material for all kinds of plain and art needle-work. Needles and supplies for all sewing machines, notions, etc., for sale at the old stand, my residence.

—Susan Shearer.

—You cannot make a stylish man without a stylish hat. The Lanpher hat, made by Lanpher, Finch & Skinner, St. Paul, meets every requirement.

—For Bicycle repairs and repairing go to F. W. Kvech, Jeweler.

F. W. KVECH,
Dealer In
Watches, Clocks & Jewelry

Repairing neatly and promptly done. Repairs for all makes of Sewing Machines constantly on hand.

Connor Block,
Pine City, — Minn.

Petricka & Barta, Agents,
Pine City Minn.

Order for Hearing on Claims, Etc.

First publication June 8 1900.
Last publication June 22 1900.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF PINE. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 28 1900.

In the Matter of the Estate of W. R. Maddox, Deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of W. R. Maddox deceased, late of the District of Columbia, being granted to John F. Stone, of Pine County, Minnesota, it appearing on proper proof as provided by law that there are no debts against said estate of W. R. Maddox, deceased.

It is Ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It Is Further Ordered, That the 18th day of August 1900 at 10 o'clock a. m., at a Special term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Probate Office in the Court house in the Village of Pine City in said Couny, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Pine County Pioneer a weekly newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated at Pine City this 28th day of May 1900.

By the Court:
E. VEENHOVEN,
[SEAL] Judge of Probate.

Sheriff's Sale.

On Virtue of an Execution, issued out of and under the seal of the District Court in and for the County of Pine and State of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said Court, on the fourth day of June 1900, in an action wherein Christina C. Bergman is Plaintiff, and Fred Jackson is Defendant, in favor of the said Plaintiff and against the said Defendant, for the sum of Three hundred fifty-seven and 66-100 dollars, ($357.66) which execution was directed and delivered to me as sheriff in and for said County of Pine, I have this 5th day of June A. D. 1900, levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said Defendant Fred Jackson in and to the following described real property, situate and being in the County of Pine and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot one (1) in section thirty-five (35) township thirty-nine (39) range twenty-two (22) west.

Notice is Hereby Given, That I, the undersigned, as Sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at the front door of the Court house in the Village of Pine City, in the County of Pine and State of Minnesota, on Monday the twenty-third day of July A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day to satisfy the said Execution, together with the interest and costs thereon.

Dated Pine City, June 5th 1900.
H. J. HAWLEY,
Sheriff of Pine County, Minn.

S. G. L. ROBERTS,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Pine City, Minn.

First pub. June 8 1900.
Last pub. July 20 1900.

Fainting Spells

Always indicate a weak heart. They usually follow palpitation or fluttering, shortness of breath, irregular or intermittent pulse. When the heart muscles are overworked or exhausted they relax, the flow of blood to the brain is interrupted, and unconsciousness follows. Should relaxation continue completely for two or three minutes, sudden death is the result. The surest and best remedy for overworked and debilitated hearts is

DR. MILES'
Heart Cure.

"My heart trouble began several years ago with palpitation, shortness of breath and smothering. Then I began to have fainting spells and would fall over on the street or wherever I happened to be. I was unable to attend to my business and dare not venture away from home. The doctors failed to help me, and seeing an advertisement of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure I bought a bottle. The first few doses stopped the fainting spells and in a few weeks my heart was working all right." Eber Cowl, Middleburg, N. Y.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold at all druggists on a positive guarantee. Write for free advice to
Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

SPRING IS HERE!

And you will want to replace that winter suit with a

Nice, New, Spring SUIT

And the place to get this, is at the old, reliable clothier

J. D. VAUGHAN.

Come in and look us over. Everything in the Gents Furnishing line, and at prices that are right.

Yours To Please,

J. D. VAUGHAN,

Pine City, - - - Minn.

Burlington Route

A Map of The United States

A handsome map of the United States, 38 by 48 inches in size, printed in four colors, and mounted on a roller for hanging up, will be sent to any address on receipt of FIFTEEN CENTS. Postal or Express Money Order or Coin preferred.

Apply to

GEO. P. LYMAN,
Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent, C. B. & Q. R. R. St. Paul, Minn.

FOR THAT LAME BACK! FOR THAT RHEUMATISM!

MATT J. JOHNSON'S **6088** (Sixty-eighty-eight).

Great Blood and Rheumatism Cure! A Harmless Cure!

No Poisonous Drugs!

Cures All Blood Trouble and Rheumatism!

S. F. Boyce, Prescription Druggist,
325 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn., Nov. 12, 1898.
Matt J. Johnson Co., West Superior:

I can have nothing but words of praise and admiration for your 6088. It has cured me of rheumatism that had been annoying me for nearly two years, and in consequence I have been pleased to recommend it to all my customers who are similarly afflicted. Our sales are rapidly increasing because it is a pretty good medicine.

Your friend, S. F. BOYCE.

A FREE TRIAL. Use half a bottle and if not satisfied money will be refunded only by

J. Y. Breckenridge, Druggist, Pine City, Minn.

THE STORY TELLER

When Charlie Laid Down

By Kennett F. Harris.

"IT WASN'T a month ago," said the brown-faced man at the Transit house, flicking his boot with a little rawhide whip and smiling broadly; "I didn't s'pose a man could get into the yards and not hear of it. You know old man Ketter—Bronson Ketter—don't you?"

"From the Pan-Handle?" asked the man in the corduroy suit.

"Pan-Handle nothin'. He's just over in Indiana—retired last week about two million to the good; you must have seen something about it in the papers. Don't you read a paper ever?"

"Name sounds sort of familiar. I may have seen something about him, but I disremember it just now. What about him, anyway? How did he get the best of Charlie?"

"Oh, well," said the brown-faced man in a tone of slight disgust, "if you don't know Ketter you can't appreciate it. I'd thought you'd have maybe heard of the biggest stock-raiser in the state, though. Bronson P. Ketter!"

"No," said the man in the corduroy suit, "I can't just call him to mind."

"Pshaw! Well, anyway, the old man came up here som'er's about a month ago to buy a bunc.. of stockers and feeders. He made up his mind that he could save the buyer's commission just about as well as not, and he wasn't far out at that. Why, of course you know Ketter. You heard of him selling that Hereford bull for $7,500?"

"No, I haven't got him placed yet. Maybe I know him, though."

"Sure thing you know him; he breeds more Herefords than any one man in the United States, and there ain't a better judge of live stock nowheres. I used to think I was a tal'rable good guesser on weight until I met up with him. I generally figured I could come within a quarter of a pound of how much a steer would scale, but old man Ketter 'll give it to you in ounces. Yes, he skinned Charlie a plenty.

"He came down to the yards one morning looking about as innocent as ever you see a man look in your life, and rubbering around with his mouth half open, like he was making his first visit. Charlie said he seen him when he first came in, looking at the red-plush mounted horns as if he'd got a right smart notion to buy a pair to hang up in the sittin'-room. That done as much as anything prob'ly to throw Charlie off.

"After awhile he drifts around to the pens where Charlie and Parker Stebbs and Gore Hennessey was holding their stockers and feeders—quite a bunch of them—and he looked over at the cattle sort of as if he wanted the boys to think that he was dead on to his job. Charlie says it was a peach of a bluff that he made. He had a straw in one corner of his mouth, and when he chewed down on that and pulled his chin whiskers and cocked his old gray eye at the stock he looked so all-fired knowing that any judge of human nature would have swore up and down he didn't know a darned thing.

"Charlie walks up to him. 'Fine day,' he says.

"'It might be wusser'n it is,' says the old man. 'How they sellin'?'

"'Higher'n a cat's back,' says Charlie. 'Was you thinking of buyin'? I'll let 'em down a few notches if you want to do business. It's a daisy bunch.'

"The old man pulled a plug of tobacco about as long as your arm out of his pocket and bit off a chew. Then he says, kind of drawling and squeaky—you know how the old man talks—oh, I forgot, though, you said you didn't know him; well, anyway, he says: 'They ain't so bla-a-me poor, take 'em all round, an' I don't know but what I might buy a few if you don't open your mouth too wide when you tell me the price. I can't afford to pay no fancy price, though?'

"'How many do you want to buy?' says Charlie.

"The old man scratches his chin kind of thoughtfully. Then he takes another look at the bunch.

"'I don't know,' he says, after awhile. 'Mebbe two hundred, if the price is right.'

"'I'll make the price right,' says Charlie, winking at Hennessey. 'Come in and take a good look at 'em first.'

"There was a mixed lot in the pen, and mighty few averages among them. They was mostly good or bad. The old man looked 'em over, and while he was looking at the cattle Charlie was looking at him, taking particular notice of what seemed to strike his fancy. According to Charlie's idea the old man was showing poor judgment. He'd pick out some consumptive Wisconsin Knothead and shift his straw around in his mouth and he'd say: 'There's a purty fair lookin' critter. I bet if I put him on grass he'd run up to 900 in three months afore he got a kernel of corn.'

"'Good 90-day stock,' says Charlie, and he winks at Parker Stebbs behind the old man's back.

"'There's another likely critter,' says the old man, poking at a runty Canadian.

"'Small boned and well bred; them's the kind to put on flesh,' says Charlie. 'You've got a good eye for points.'

"The old man looked as if he was trying hard not to look tickled, and moved around in the bunch, Charlie at his elbow, with his eye on him. Once in awhile the old man would crack up a good animal and speak disapprovingly of it—there wasn't anything raw nor coarse about his work. He couldn't have bunkoed your Uncle Charlie if there had been. When he got through inspecting he picked up a chip and sat down in the corner of the pen and began to whittle at it with his jack-knife. 'What'll you take for the pick of the bunch?' he says.

"'See here,' says Charlie; 'I haven't got time to sit down and whittle and talk trade with you. If we do business we've got to do it in a hurry. I'll make it an inducement to you, too. I'll let you take 200 of your pick for $4.80.'

"The old man got up and dusted off his pants. 'It's a go,' he says, 'and now we'll do business. Get in your man to cut 'em out, and my friend'll get in the alley to hold 'em. All set?'

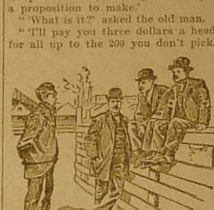
"Then he turned and began his pick.

"Charlie stood it for the first five or six, and then he began to squirm a little. When the old man had got five or six more on top of them, and all the flower of the herd, he took out his handkerchief. The old man wasn't going about it like a new beginner. He didn't stop and take a front view and a back view and squint over and under every animal, like he did at first. He just moved about quick and tapped one after another with the little peeled willow he had in his hand, without seeming to look what he was doing. But every blamed one he touched or pointed at was the best in sight. Gore told me he never seen such a pretty bit of selection all the years he'd been in the yards.

"But by the time the old man had got 25 in the alley Charlie squealed. 'Stop a minute,' he says; 'I've got a proposition to make.'

"'What is it?' asked the old man.

"'I'll pay you three dollars a head for all up to the 200 you don't pick.



"HE HAD A STRAW IN ONE CORNER OF HIS MOUTH."

I'll make it an even 600 if you're willing to call the deal off,' says Charlie. 'You're a dickens of a poor judge of cattle, you are.'

"'I thought you said I had a good eye for points awhile ago,' says the old man. 'I b'lieve you thought you was lying both times. No; I propose to make more than $600 on that bunch. Let's hurry up and get this business done.'

"He went on with his pick and Charlie braced himself up against the side of the pen and chewed his finger nails and listened to what Parker Stebbs and Gore Hennessey had to say. They had a-plenty to say, too.

"Finally the old man got through, and you ought to have seen the aggregation of tail-enders he left. It would have made you sob, Hennessey says.

"Parker told me that Charlie stood for a minute or two chewing on his nails after the old man got through. Then he pointed over to one of the refuse and says, kind of bitter: 'I should think you'd have taken him along anyway. You was admiring him awhile ago.'

"'I'm sort of fickle,' says the old man. 'It's good 90-day stock, though—according to your tell, Mr. Walker.'

"'How did you know my name, and what's yours?' asked Charlie, kind of surprised.

"'Oh, I've knowed you by sight any time this ten years,' says the old man. 'My name's Henry J. Fowler.' Right there was where Charlie laid down and had his fit."

"Was it Henry J. Fowler?" asked the man in the corduroy coat.

"Certainly it was. Haven't I been telling you?"

"You said Bronson P. Ketter. Of course I know Fowler, but you kept asking me if I knew Bronson P. Ketter."

"Well, that's one on me," said the brown-faced man. "Bronson Ketter! Oh, pshaw! Why, I don't know as I'd have remembered Bron Ketter myself if anybody else had spoken of him! Well, well!"—Chicago Daily Record.

The Strains They Suffered.

For exercise in expression the teacher daily asks her scholars to describe some of the happenings of the day at home.

Little Minnie (loquitur)—When my papa went to go down into the woodshed the other evening where it was dark he slipped on the stair and strained his foot, and now he can't walk.

Here another little girl was evidently reminded of something, and she raised her hand and fluttered it to get the teacher's attention.

"Well?" suggested the teacher.

"Please, ma'am, when our cow came home from pasture last night she slipped in the mud right in front of the house and strained her milk, but she is able to walk just the same."—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

Paradoxical.

Paradoxical as it may seem, says the Chicago Record, the automobile must go if it has come to stay.

PITH AND POINT.

Honesty is a policy that earnestly pursued is easily caught. — Chicago Democrat.

If a man doesn't know when he is beaten the chances are some fool friend will inform him.—Chicago Daily News.

"What is meant by a receptive candidate, anyway?" "One who is not particularly — er — disbursive." — Detroit Journal.

High Standard Attained.—Sillicus—"When would you say that a man has acquired greatness?" Cynicus—"When he deserves his own opinion of himself."—Philadelphia Record.

Bertha (who prides herself upon her red-and-whiteness)—"Did she say anything about my complexion?" Matilda—"Oh, dear, no; she wouldn't be so rude as that."—Boston Transcript.

"Mr. Abner Caucus says there wasn't anybody to blame in the failure of that political scheme." "Ah, he must have been chairman of that committee."—Philadelphia North American.

Mr. Pitt—"I can't imagine why dog exhibits should be called bench shows. The word bench recalls a court to my mind, but bench shows bear no resemblance to courts." Mr. Penn—"There are judges there, you know."—Pittsburgh Telegraph.

"Yes," said the irascible aeronaut, "I told you a moment ago that the escape-valve is out of order, and that I was doing my best to fix it; what do you want now?" And his timid companion trembled violently as he answered: "I want the earth."—Somerville Journal.

All the Patient's Fault.—Indignant Patron—"You advertise to cure consumption, don't you?" Dr. Quack—"Yes, sir. I never fail when my instructions are followed." Indignant Patron—"My son took your medicine for a year, and then died." Dr. Quack—"My instructions were not followed. I told him to take it for two years."—Columbus Journal.

A QUEER EXPERIENCE.

This Story Tells How a Possible Marriage Was Prevented by a Burglary.

"I had a queer experience once with a burglar," said a Nebraska merchant, on his way to New York to buy goods, relates the Washington Star. "For the past 15 years I have been making several trips a year to New York, and this incident occurred about ten years ago. I had met a very intelligent and interesting woman in the city, a widow, of an age suitable for me, and as I was a widower I had made up my mind if I liked her as well when I saw her again as I had for the two weeks I had lived in the same boarding house with her I would begin to talk seriously to her. I knew nothing about her whatever, except that she interested me, and as she seemed to be a nice woman, and I had two boys who needed a good woman's care, I thought she might interest my boys as well. She had given me her photograph, and I had it with me on the trip, to let her see, if necessary, that I liked to have her around. On my way I stopped over one night in Chicago with a brother I had there, and during the night my room was entered by a burglar. He must have been a very smooth one, for I never heard a thing, and only knew he had been there by finding my money and watch and jewelry and papers done up in a package and left on the bureau. Nothing was missing as far as I could discover, except the photograph, which I had left in a handsome leather frame on the bureau. Frame and photograph were gone, and pinned to the mirror was a note, in a good, legible hand, which read as follows:

"'Dear Sir: Whoever you may be, pardon the liberty I have taken in coming uninvited into your room. I have taken with me nothing but a photograph of my mother. Don't tell her.'

"Possibly the hand shook when it wrote the note, but if it did I could not detect it in the writing. Evidently, though, it was genuine, for the burglar had left nearly $1,000 worth of stuff that he could have taken with the photograph. In any event, I did not mention the visit of the burglar to my brother, and he had not disturbed any other part of the house, my room probably being the first, and the photograph saving all the others. Neither did I say anything to the widow about the burglar, or about the other matter, either. I was just as polite as ever, but it ended there. Incidentally I spoke to her one day about my boys, and she said she had a boy somewhere in the world, but he had run away from home when he was 16, and she had not seen him in seven years, or heard of him. There were tears in her eyes when she spoke, and I felt a little odd about the eyes myself, but I kept my secret. I'm telling it now because she died about a year ago."

Got What He Asked For.

"So you are looking for a position?" said the merchant to the youth with high collar and noisy necktie. "What can you do?"

"Oh, any old thing," replied the young man. "Of course, I don't expect the junior partnership at the start, but I want to be sure of an early rise."

"Very well," replied the merchant. "I'll make you assistant janitor. You will rise at four o'clock every morning and sweep the floors."—Collier's Weekly.

Recognized His Opportunity.

Ada (pensively)—I hope you'll invite me to the wedding when you get married.

Jack (boldly)—I'll invite you before I ask anyone else, and if you don't accept there won't be any wedding.—Detroit Free Press

ROAD IMPROVEMENT.

AN IDEA FROM KANSAS.

How to Build a Cyclone Refuge in the Cellar Which Affords All the Security Needed.

It is not always convenient for the farmer to build a cave of refuge from the cyclones that are liable to occur at any time in the spring and summer. Much safer and more economical—safer because the family will be at all times within a few steps, and convenient because at the word of warning all can quickly reach safety without exposure to the storm of wind, rain and hail that may be raging outside, and when the danger is passed the house can be reached without going two or three

A CYCLONE SAFETY.

rods in the downpour of rain that follows the wind.

The safety is built in the cellar underneath the house. In an ordinary cellar one would be anything but safe should the house be lifted or blown over, for the chimneys, upper foundations and debris of the house usually fill the cellar. The safety is to guard against being crushed by these. It is constructed in the form of a table, in the southwest corner of the cellar. Posts large enough to withstand the greatest weight should be in pairs about four feet apart and the tops of the pairs should be cut with shoulders on corresponding sides, upon which rest the plank that the protecting floor is to be spiked to. These plank are bolted to the posts, and should be of oak. The covering plank should also be of three inch oak and fastened with large spikes.

The side should be boarded up or extra posts put in to guard against rebounding stones or timbers. It should cover as large a space as convenient. An ax, crowbar, spade, saw and hatchet should always be kept inside. Boxes also upon which to sit should be provided. This is much cheaper than the cave and as safe as any refuge can be.—Orange Judd Farmer.

TIMELY SUGGESTIONS.

When All Wagons Have Wide Tires the Good Road Question Will Become Less Serious.

This is one of the most important questions of the day. The question is: Shall the improvement be made in the roadbed, in the wagon or vehicles, or both? It is hardly necessary to say that the narrow-tired wheels of the wagon of to-day do great damage to a roadbed in rainy and thawing weather. I believe that the day is not far off when the wide-tired, low-wheeled wagon will take the place of the present farm wagon. A great number of these low, wide-tired wheels have already been put in use. On most of these wheels the tires are from three to six inches wide. A wheel of this kind helps to make a good road, whereon the narrow-tired wheel is the greatest manufacturer of chuck holes on earth. Should we not take heed to the great amount of good roads in France and some of their ways of keeping them in good order. You will certainly agree that if a roadbed be graded as is customary in this country, and continually rolled, and the narrow-tired wheels, with their heavy loads, kept off of them it would soon become an excellent roadbed, but, even then to put on these narrow wheels with their loads, they would soon make it a rough, ordinary highway such as this county is full of to-day. In France the heavy loads are drawn on a wagon with tires from four to ten inches wide. The front truck is just enough narrower than the rear so that the outer edge of the front wheel tracks meet the inner edge of the outer wheels. This keeps continually rolling the road-bed. When this country adopts such a wagon the good road question will become less serious.—Progressive Farmer.

Trees Prevent Evaporation.

Tree planting for an unusual purpose has been recommended to residents of the western irrigation districts by W. L. Hall, assistant superintendent of tree planting of the division of forestry, who has recently been in New Mexico on an investigation. Agriculture in that region depends largely on irrigation, and the streams and reservoirs are much depleted by evaporation due to the heat and dry winds. Mr. Hall recommends that belts of trees be planted along every ditch and reservoir, not only to shade them, but to shelter them from wind. The problem of preventing evaporation is very important, not only on account of the loss of water, but because the percentage of alkali in the quantity remaining becomes excessive.

A Million Dollars a Day.

The poultry interests in this country now aggregate over $300,000,000 a year, and a well-advised statistician predicts that when the returns of the census of 1900 are in they will show that "the hen" produces $1,000,000 a day. Big thing, isn't it? It makes some industries large enough to be a basis for stock gambling to sink into insignificance. But you can't very easily corner the hen. She is "too fly."—National Stockman and Farmer.

MARKED BY PROGRESS.

Office of Public Road Inquiries, Under Direction of Gen. Stone, Has Done Good Work.

The work of the office of public road inquiries, under the direction of Gen. Roy Stone, has been marked during the past year by steady progress along its well-established lines. A great deal of work is accomplished by correspondence and by the gathering and disseminating of important information relating to various phases of the road subject. Many thousand copies of "good roads" literature have been distributed among farmers and other persons interested, and important road conventions have been attended by representatives of the office, and many state legislatures have asked for and received assistance in framing new road legislation. Examples of steel road tracks have been completed in a number of different localities, and these experimental sections of steel road clearly demonstrated their usefulness for the western states and for other places which are but sparingly supplied with good stone and gravel. When steel becomes cheap once more, the manufacturers can take the matter up and make a series of special shapes. The object lessons furnished by sample roads have been extensive, and sections have been built in several parts of the country. As a result of the investigations, the office considers that for local needs as well as for our material development and prosperity a well-regulated system of public roads through the whole country is, day by day, becoming more necessary. While we have the most perfect railway system in the world, our public highways are and always have been inferior to those of any other country in the civilized old world. As our public roads are the veins and arteries of our agricultural, commercial and social life, they are not yet receiving the consideration that their great importance deserves. Much has been done in the United States toward road building during the last few years, but much more needs to be done.—Scientific American.

STRONG RAIL FENCE.

The Picture Here Given Shows One That Is Convenient and Not Expensive to Put Up.

When a farmer has a lot of old rail fences going to rack he will find the fence shown in the illustration the cheapest one he can build. Set posts six inches closer together than the rails are long; take two pieces of ordinary fencing-wire, each about six feet long, and place on sides of first two posts, having wire on second post on opposite side to wire on first post; fasten these wires to the post at or near the ground. Now place a rail between the wires and posts, drawing wire up tightly over rail and stapling

CONVENIENT RAIL FENCE.

just above rail with long staple, doing same at both ends; put on another rail as before, and continue till top of posts is reached, which completes the first panel. The other panels are made in the same way, taking care not to have both ends of the panel on the same side of posts, but run alternately as started. The illustration shows the way rails are stapled to posts and the manner of running panels. As the rails when put on posts in this way do not touch each other they will last longer than when put on any other way; and I like this method of making use of old rails very well, for by setting posts and using a little wire a good fence can be made from a very poor one. Build six to eight rails high. Should a post rot off any time set another near it and fasten rails as before. — J. G. Allshouse, in Farm and Fireside.

WANT GOOD ROADS.

The Farmers of Pennsylvania Are Beginning to Pay Attention to the Cost of Hauling.

The subject of good roads is beginning to occupy the attention of the farmers of Pennsylvania, and promises to become, before long, a prominent factor in state and county elections.

In a recent address at Doylestown Edmund G. Harrison, chief engineer of the United States department of road inquiry, said the average cost of transporting products in the United States over common roads is 25 cents per mile, an aggregate of $900,000,000. With good roads, such as they have in many parts of New Jersey, Connecticut, New York, Massachusetts and Kentucky, he said, the cost is reduced to eight cents per mile. The average of building good roads is about $3,000 per mile.

According to these figures, it is much cheaper to maintain good roads than it is to allow the poor ones to remain. Good roads practically effect a saving of two-thirds in transportation.

The residents of cities have learned to realize the benefits of improved highways. It is safe to assert that Philadelphia would not go back to the old era of cobblestone paving and reeking gutters if they had to sell the public buildings and the ground on which they are situated.—Philadelphia Item.

Better Blood Better Health

If you don't feel well to-day you can be made to feel better by making your blood better. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great pure blood maker. That is how it cures that tired feeling, pimples, sores, salt rheum, scrofula and catarrh. Get a bottle of this great medicine and begin taking it at once and see how quickly it will bring your blood up to the Good Health point.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Blood Medicine.

The State of Washington

Is known as the Evergreen State because of its vast forests. Outside of the limited areas of big trees in California, there are no such forests of pine, fir, hemlock, spruce, cedar, etc., as are found here. The trees are long and straight, and the massive timbers and fine shingles made from them are shipped all over the world.

Washington Fruit is a product of great value. Its flavor and color are unsurpassed. East of the Cascade mountains, the climate is dry and warm, and irrigation is necessary. This makes the farmer independent of rain. West of the mountains irrigation is unnecessary and the rainfall is ample for all purposes. Canneries and fruit-drying establishments can be operated profitably in this state. Grain, hops and alfalfa are very profitable crops, and beet sugar is rapidly making headway.

Washington is a coming empire. Brains are in demand in all professions, and labor is wanted and is paid remunerative prices. Fuel, coal as well as wood, is abundant and cheap. Schools and churches abound, the state is well supplied with railways.

Varied altitudes and climates render this country a desirable place of residence, and all can be suited.

For further information, rates, etc., address Chas. S. Fee, Gen. Pass. Agent, Northern Pacific R'y, St. Paul, Minn.

Too Frank.

A clothing merchant in lower Broadway had a big lot of clothes that he had bought at a bargain, and by putting a price of $15 on each he thought they would sell rapidly, for they were of exceptionally good value for that money. He put one of the suits on a form and set it in front of his store with a sign about its neck which one of his smart clerks had painted on a piece of cardboard. This announced the price. Then he and his clerks prepared to do a rushing business. The hours passed and no one came in to buy the suits. This caused the merchant to wonder, and at length he determined to go out and take a look at the sample suit and sign. This is what he found on the sign: "These suits $15. They won't last long." Pedestrians passing by saw the sign and smiled at its frankness. The merchant tore down the sign from the suit, and the clerk who had designed it started out to look for another job.—N. Y. Herald.

Homeseekers' Excursions Via Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad.

On the first and third Tuesdays of June, July and August the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad will place on sale Homeseekers' Excursion tickets to various points in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Indian Territory, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas.

One Fare (plus $2.00) for the Round Trip. Tickets are limited on going trip fifteen days from date of sale with stop-over privileges in Homeseekers' Territory. Returning tickets are limited twenty-one days from date of sale.

Remember that we now have in service a new wide vestibuled train between Chicago and Waco and Ft. Worth, Texas, leaving Chicago daily at 1:50 P. M. Through Pullman Sleeping Cars and Free Reclining Chair Cars. For further particulars call on or address any agent Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad or C. L. Stone, G. P. and T. A., Chicago.

Gin Sling for Gin-ger.

Some Americans not over familiar with French, while in Paris not long ago, entered a confectioner's shop and asked in English for some ginger. What they wanted was the candied variety, of course, common enough in confectionery shops in New York. But at the first syllable of the word the Paris shopmen looked at each other in amazement and then at the women asking for it. After some parley it was made known to the Americans that though the ginger was not in stock it would be sent for—evidently a most unusual procedure, judging from the gestures and exclamations and significant glances upon the part of all connected with the establishment. The Americans waited and waited; still the ginger was not forthcoming. They were just about to depart when what they were waiting for arrived. It was served in liqueur glasses with crushed ice, and it was gin.—N. Y. Evening Sun.

The Man Better Reform.

To a man who never can make his salary stretch from one payday to the next a learned financial article on "The Elasticity of Our Currency" must seem bitter sarcasm.—N. Y. Press.

Once Enough.—"I notice that lightning struck the Chicago river last Thursday." "I'll bet that's a case where lightning never strikes twice in the same place."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXIO[N]

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

THE BICYCLE RICKSHAW.

Latest Fad for Lazy Women Who Like to See the Summer Man Exert Himself.

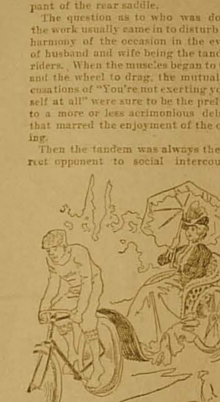
The bicycle built for two is to go the way of all things that have had their day. A charming device is to take its place this season, known as the "bicycle rickshaw." The rickshaw is attached to an ordinary bicycle by means of a strong steel vise, and can be adjusted in a few minutes. It has pneumatic tires, and rides as smoothly as a bicycle. The occupant has merely to sit still and allow her husband, brother or sweetheart to propel the bicycle, and with it the rickshaw.

The weight of the rickshaw is only 28 pounds; and, with the easy movement of the light, pneumatic-tired wheels, it requires very little extra exertion on the part of the cyclist to carry it with him. The sight of these graceful little conveyances skimming along the bicycle roads and park rideways will be a most enchanting one. They possess so many advantages over the tandem bicycle that they are sure to supersede these almost entirely.

In the first place, the spectacle of a woman riding tandem has never been one of which the average citizen approved. Then, again, there has always been a doubt about the comfort and sociability of this style of wheel. Conversation was next to an impossibility, except with the accompaniment of a mutual stretching of necks that was disagreeable and often dangerous, for the steersman has his work cut out to avoid obstacles, without trying to carry on a social conversation with the occupant of the rear saddle.

The question as to who was doing the work usually came in to disturb the harmony of the occasion in the event of husband and wife being the tandem riders. When the muscles began to tire and the wheel to drag, the mutual accusations of "You're not exerting yourself at all" were sure to be the prelude to a more or less acrimonious debate that marred the enjoyment of the outing.

Then the tandem was always the direct opponent to social intercourse



FUN FOR THE SUMMER GIRL.

with friends much on the road. It required too great an effort to start the tandem for the riders to dismount and engage in friendly converse when an acquaintance hailed them. The two were compelled to keep on their road, the rear rider having an uncomfortable time of it trying to stretch her neck to see where the steersman was taking her, and compelled to trust blindly to the care of her escort in the matter of safe steering. Many attempts have been made to obviate the objectionable features of the tandem and still retain its few good qualities. The effort to do this gave us the twin wheel, the riders of which were side by side. It was not a success. The wheels took up too much room.

The bicycle rickshaw solves all these problems at one shot. The lady in the charming little carriage cannot be accused of failing to help the bicyclist, for she has merely to sit still and be wheeled along. Instead of an unsightly double wheel, the rickshaw is one of the prettiest and most graceful conveyances ever put on the road. If a stop is desired it can be made without the slightest inconvenience, and bicyclist and occupant of rickshaw can converse with mutual acquaintances or with each other, and start off again with ease.

For anyone unable to ride a bicycle, and unwilling to learn, the bicycle rickshaw is simply the acme of delight, for all the pleasures of a bike trip can be enjoyed to the full, with the added boon of exertion not being necessary.

The bicycle rickshaw can be used by invalids, but not for long journeys, as the strain on the bicyclist going uphill is rather too much, and it is necessary for the occupant of the rickshaw to get out and walk on the up-grades. She gets her reward going down the decline, for this experience is one to be remembered always with pleasure. The bicycle rickshaws will probably be used by many with menservants to propel the conveyance. The sight of these occupants of the rickshaws meeting and holding social converse will soon be a common one in our parks and fashionable outdoor meeting places.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Art in Cooking Vegetables.

The vegetables, cabbage, onions and carrots are much more delicate and delicious if after they are boiled you pour over them a little milk with pepper, salt and butter, and boil like canned corn.

SENORITA ALFONSO.

She Has Just Been Declared Winner of El Figaro's Beauty Contest of Havana.

During the past two months "the dainty set," as Cubans dub the smart set of Havana, has been greatly interested in a contest of beauty initiated by the weekly El Figaro. The votes were registered by subscribers of El Figaro, and counted by a committee of prominent society leaders, presided over by Count Fernandina's daughter, Senora Josefina Herrera de Pulido, who obtained the prize for beauty in a contest held six years ago. The winner now is Senorita Silvia Alfonso y Aldama, a daughter of Florinda Aldama, who married Cristobal Alfonso, and granddaugh-

SENORITA ALFONSO.
(Winner of the Beauty Contest of Havana, Cuba.)

ter of the well-known patriot, Miguel Aldama, who sacrificed his fortune in the Cuban cause during the ten years' war. Silvia Alfonso is a great favorite in society, was born and brought up in Paris, and also resided in New York. Senorita Alfonso is a typical Cuban beauty, with a clear, colorless olive complexion, beautiful dreamy black eyes, and she is endowed with personal magnetism and charming manners, which draw all hearts toward her. Leading tradespeople will tender costly gifts to the queen of charms in impassioned strains. Silvia's most prominent competitors will now become her maids-of-honor and attend her during the functions which will shortly follow.—Leslie's Weekly.

WATCHING THE SICKBED.

Why the Physician Frequently Prefers a Hired Nurse to Relatives or Close Friends.

It requires strong health and steady nerves to watch by a sickbed. For this reason a hired nurse is often preferred by physicians in a critical case to the relatives and friends of the sick. Nothing is so objectionable in a sickroom as a display of emotion or nerves. Steady watching, night as well as day, is often necessary when the disease reaches a crisis, and on such occasions the most devoted friends are likely to be so unnerved by anxiety that they cannot care for the sick properly. The night is the most dangerous time in sickness. There should be fresh nurses put on to watch the sick at night in cases of serious disease. One who has watched the sick during the daytime is unfit for watching at night, when the greatest care is necessary and when the faculties should be on the alert to notice any change. In regard to the sick at night, an eminent physician says: "The attendants on a sickbed are well aware that the objects of their anxiety experience in ordinary circumstances the greatest amount of suffering between midnight and daylight, or the usual period of the crowing of the cock. If we contemplate a frame at this period weakened by disease, we shall see that it should not be exposed to a cold temperature, against which it is ill qualified to contend. The depressed temperature and the air approaching to saturation in their combined influences act with painful energy, and require from an intelligent nurse a due amount of counteracting arrangements."

Sausage Meat for Summer.

Procure 1¼ pounds of trimmings from the packing house or pork store, mince it very fine, season with one teaspoonful of salt and a quarter of a teaspoonful of pepper; mix well together and divide the meat into four equal parts, form each part into a round ball, then press it flat to half inch in thickness; dip them into beaten egg and cover with grated bread crumbs; place a frying pan, with one ounce of lard or fat, over the fire; when hot put in the sausages and fry over medium hot fire light brown. This recipe can also be used for sausage filling for turkeys or game.

Conclusive.

"What does she say?" asked the crafty politician who had referred the committee to his wife for information as to his intentions.

"She refuses to talk," replied the spokesman of the committee.

"Then it wasn't my wife you met, gentlemen," he rejoined, with great positiveness. "It was somebody else."—Chicago Tribune.

Where Large Families Pay.

There is a society with over 300 members in Riga, Russia, each of whom pays three rubles every time a child is born to one of the other members, while the one who has the child gets from 300 to 750 rubles, according to the number of payments he has made.

Consolation.

I with beautiful triplets have lately been blessed,
And, though not quite o'erjoyed at the favor thus shown,
As I dandle the babes, I'm not wholly distressed
To reflect as a sire, that I'm holding my own.
—Harlem Life.

A SENATOR'S LETTER.

Peruna as a Nerve and Catarrh Tonic the Talk of the World.

Hon. W. V. Sullivan, U. S. Senator from Mississippi.

Hon. W. V. Sullivan, United States Senator from Mississippi, in a letter recently written to Dr. Hartman from Oxford, Miss., says the following:

"For some time I have been a sufferer from catarrh in its most incipient stage, so much so that I became alarmed as to my general health. But, hearing of Pe-ru-na as a good remedy, I gave it a fair trial and soon began to improve. Its effects were distinctly beneficial, removing the annoying symptoms, and was particularly good as a tonic.

"I take pleasure in recommending your great national catarrh cure, Pe-ru-na, as the best I have ever tried."

"W. V. Sullivan."

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna has no substitutes—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for a free book on catarrh.

IT MADE A DIFFERENCE.

One Instance in Which Society and Dramatic Critics Did Not Agree.

From the Daily Grind, May 8, 1899, related by the Indianapolis Press: "Miss Violet Florida Waters, in the amateur performance by the Histrion club of 'Camille' last night displayed an ability and a marvelous command of stage technique that many a professional might envy. It is safe to predict for this gifted youpng lady that if she ever choose to adopt the stage as a career her name will become one of the famous ones in dramatic history."

From the Daily Grind, May 12, 1900: "The Plugalong repertoire company opened at the opera house last night in 'Camille.' Seldom has the dear old chestnut been so badly done—the worst offender being Violet Florida Waters, who punched holes in the title role and frazzled its edges in a manner that plainly showed her to need years and years of training before she will be fit to be anything better than a back row ornament in an amateur show—let alone scale the proud heights of the drama at ten-twent-thirt. Miss Waters is a frost."

Very Embarrassing.

When the new minister, a handsome and unmarried man, made his first pastoral call at the Fosdicks' he took little Anna up in his arms and tried to kiss her. But the child refused to be kissed. She struggled loose and ran off into the next room, where her mother was putting a few finishing touches to her adornment before going into the parlor to greet the clergyman.

"Mamma," the little girl whispered, "the man in the parlor wanted me to kiss him."

"Well," replied mamma, "why didn't you let him? I would if I were you."

Thereupon little Anna ran back into the parlor and the minister asked:

"Well, little lady, won't you kiss me now?"

"No, I won't," replied Anna, promptly, "but mamma says she will."—Harper's Bazar.

She Never Heard of the Bronx River.

Mrs. Grogin — Pat's got a job in the tube-works up on the Bronx.

Mrs. Dugan—Arrah! Oi've aften rid av thim bronchial tubes.—Judge.

GAVE SOME POKER ADVICE.

How Comedian Daly "Laid Down" to His Tailor by Telephone.

There probably have been times when Dan Daly was a few cents ahead in a quiet game of draw, but nobody in the alley seems to be able to locate them. His hands never yet have become calloused dragging celluloid buttons across a green cloth. He has got so used to quietly "laying down" that any other turn of affairs, his friends are afraid, would bring about heart failure.

The other day his tailor called him up by telephone, says the Chicago Chronicle.

"Hello," says the tailor.

"Hello," says the telephone girl, soft and mellow. "Number, please."

"Umpteen hundred and 'steen," says the tailor.

"Well, hello," says Daly.

"Is Mr. Daly there?" asks the tailor.

"Yes. This is he?"

"Oh, is that you, Mr. Daly? I didn't recognize your voice."

"Yes, Yes."

"Keep away there, central! Hello there! Hello, there! Hello, Mr. Daly!"

"Well, well, what is it?" says Daly.

"This is Mr. Taylor," says the tailor.

"Well, what do you want?"

"Hello! Is that Mr. Daly?" shrieks the tailor.

"Yes, yes, yes. What are you trying to do?"

"I've got two pairs of trousers here—" begins the tailor.

"Speak louder," says Daly.

"I've got—" begins the tailor again.

"You're too near the 'phone,'" says Daly. Then the tailor roars:

"I've got two pairs—"

"They're good," says Daly, and he rings off.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A Submerged Presbyterian.

The Scottish American tells a story of a minister who, after the service, greeted a stranger and asked him what denomination he belonged to. "I suppose," responded the other, "I'm really what you might call a submerged Presbyterian." "A submerged Presbyterian!" exclaimed the minister. "I should be glad if you'd explain." "Well, I was brought up a Presbyterian, my wife is a Methodist, my eldest daughter is a Baptist, my son is the organist at a Unitarian church, my second daughter sings in a Church of England choir, and my youngest goes to a Congregational Sunday school." "But," said the minister aghast, "you contribute, doubtless, to some church?" "Yes; I contribute to all of them," was the answer. "That's what submerges me."

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes Feel Easy. Cures Corns, Itching, Swollen, Hot, Callous, Smarting, Sore and Sweating Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Bad Times.—"He has always run his business like clockwork." "Yes, and now his creditors have wound it up."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The sponge, unlike men, generally swells with pride when made to "take water."—Norristown Herald.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A child sometimes gets on the wrong track because of a misplaced switch. — Chicago Daily News.

Electricity in Capsules.

This new compound, which is made from cheap chemicals, is put up in capsule form and when added to a certain quantity of water will furnish electricity enough to light a house, drive an automobile or even a railroad train. But this is nothing compared to the strengthening power contained in a bottle of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It cures indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, liver and kidney troubles and fills the system with the vigor of health.

A Resourceful Phrase.

A kind-hearted clergyman was lately compelled to dismiss a clever gardener, who used to purloin his fruit and vegetables. For the sake of his wife and family he gave him a character and this is how he worded it: "I hereby certify that A. B. has been my gardener for over two years, and that during that time he got more out of my garden than any man I ever employed."—Collier's Weekly.

Lewis and Clark.

A mighty team were these two. Truly their works live after them.

It is nearly 100 years since they started on that great exploration fathered by Thos. Jefferson, up the Missouri and down the Columbia rivers, crossing the mountains between, and the results of it and the deep interest in it still lives.

Their first winter—1804-5—was spent among the Mandan Indians; the winter of 1805-6 they passed near the mouth of the Columbia river among the Clatsop Indians. They crossed the Rocky mountains at five different places and traveled sometimes in canoes, sometimes on horseback, sometimes afoot, and covered about 10,000 miles in all.

Their adventures proved truth to be as strange as fiction; their discoveries were of the greatest importance.

Wonderland 1900 just issued by the Northern Pacific Railway Co. is largely devoted to Lewis and Clark's exploration, and is the only popular and reliable narrative of that expedition recently published.

The writer visited the important places on the explorers' route and photographs were taken for specially illustrating the article.

The book will be sent to any address upon receipt of six cents in stamps, by Chas. S. Fee, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

His Position.

"Like him?" snorted the Old Codger, referring to a neighbor whom he did not in any wise appreciate. "I have no more use for him than a man with dyed whiskers has for another man with dyed whiskers! That's how I feel toward Henry J. Swank—confound him!"—Puck.

Free Government Lands.

There are still thousands of acres of government lands in the states of Washington and Oregon, also prairie and timber lands near railroad or water communication that can be bought for $5.00 per acre and upwards. Finest climate in the United States. No failure of crops. If you wish to raise grain or the finest stock on earth, you will find locations in these two states where you can do this to perfection. Take your choice. I have no lands for sale, but if you want information where it is best to locate, call on me when in St. Paul, or write me at cor. Third and Rosabel Sts., St. Paul, Minn. R. E. Werkman.

Billings—"You are the last man to play the races. What do you know about horseflesh, anyway?" Stillson—"I ought to know a good deal about it. I was in the army and lived on salt horse for months at a time."—Boston Transcript.

Binder Twine at Low Prices.

If you want a special inside price on binder twine, either Sisal, Standard or Manila, cut this notice out and mail it to Sears, Roebuck & Co. (Binder Twine Department), Chicago, stating about how much twine you will require and how soon you will want it, and they will save you money by quoting you a price that will either secure your order or compel the party who supplies you to sell to you at a lower price than he otherwise would.

Mrs. Snaggs—"I read to-day that a pot of tea exploded in a kitchen, severely scalding the cook." Mr. Snaggs—"It must have been gunpowder." — Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

A falling glass in the kitchen usually indicates a domestic storm.—Chicago Daily News.

Dyeing is as simple as washing when you use Putnam Fadeless Dyes. Sold by all druggists.

Premeditated smart sayings nearly always contain poison.—Atchison Globe.

LIKE MANY OTHERS

Clara Kopp Wrote for Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Tells what it did for Her.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I have seen so many letters from ladies who were cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies that I thought I would ask your advice in regard to my condition.

I have been doctoring for four years and have taken different patent medicines, but received very little benefit. I am troubled with backache, in fact my whole body aches, stomach feels sore, by spells get short of breath and am very nervous. Menstruation is very irregular with severe bearing down pains, cramps and backache. I hope to hear from you at once."—Clara Kopp, Rockport, Ind., Sept. 27, 1898.

"I think it is my duty to write a letter to you in regard to what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for me. I wrote you some time ago, describing my symptoms and asking your advice, which you very kindly gave. I am now healthy and cannot begin to praise your remedy enough. I would say to all suffering women, 'Take Mrs. Pinkham's advice, for a woman best understands a woman's sufferings, and Mrs. Pinkham, from her vast experience in treating female ills, can give you advice that you can get from no other source.'"—Clara Kopp, Rockport, Ind., April 13, 1899.

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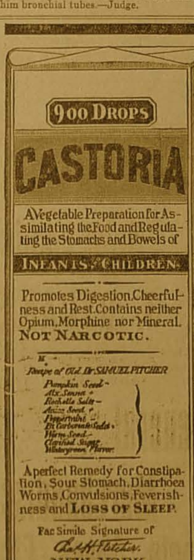

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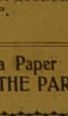

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Our 2nd special sale this year will be for one week June 4 to 9, and we intend to make it one of the best and one the most money saving sales ever held by us, or anyone. Everything will be marked in plain figures. See what others advertise in their special sales, compare prices and quality of goods and see if we don't lead them all.

Our Motto. The best goods for the least money, no fake or humbug sale. Everything sold as stated. **All Dress Goods in black and colors at cost.**

8 to 15c Dress Goods, at	5 to 10c yd
25 to 35c Black Dress Goods 42 in. wide	21c
Everything in Dress Goods at cost.	
25 to 75c Boys' Waists, at	20 to 59c
5 to 20c Men's Hose, at	3½ to 15c
$10 to $15 Ladies' Tailor made Suits, at	$7.50 to $11.50
$5 to $8 Ladies' Spring Jackets, at	$4 to $5.75
50 to $1.50 Lace Curtains, per pair,	39c to $1.19
$2.50 to $20.00 Men's Suits, go for	$2.00 to $12.50
10 to 50c Baby Caps, at	8½ to 39c
20c to $1.00 Boys' Knee Pants, at	13 to 79c
50 to 75c Straw Hats, at	21 to 59c
25c to $1.00 Men's Underwear	20c to 79c
50c to $1.75 Men's Wool Hats	59c to $1.60
50c to $2.00 Bed Spreads, at	39c to $1.60
$2 and $3 Lace Curtains, per pr.	$155 and $2.25
40c to $3 Umbrellas and Parasols	31c to 2.25
50 and 75c Men's Overalls, at	39 and 59c
35 and 45c Boys' Overalls, at	27 and 36c
30c to $1.50 Men's Overshirts, at	21c to $1.10
50c to $1.25 Men's White Shirts, at	39c to $1.00
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7 to 35c Ladies' Hose, at	1 to 25c
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All our $5 Silk Waists in blue, red, black for	$4.15
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All our Spring Capes at cost.
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We keep Butterick Patterns.
All Children' Crash Suits at cost.
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25c Silk Mitts	20c
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