THE PINE POKER.

Vol. XXI — PINE CITY, MINN., FEBRUARY 6, 1919. — 23

Two Good Relief Works

Red Spruce and White Pine Cough Syrup 25c., 50c.

Breckenridge's Cold Tablets, 25c

They Work Well Together

Phone 29

Breckenridge's Pharmacy

Pine City, Minn.

If you want to buy A Farm or a piece of good Wild Land or if you want to sell your farm, come in and talk it over with me. Perhaps I can help you.

I have some calls for improved farms.

H. W. HARTE

At Pine City State Bank

WANTED

General Agent for This City.

Lady or gentleman—even if you are now employed, you can easily make $40 to $50 per week without giving up your present position. Miss H. Lilly of 714 South Second St., Virginia, Minn., made $90 00 the first week.

Write for full particulars

WM. L. TULL

105 Sherman Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

AUCTIONEER

Phone or write me if you are considering having an auction. Have had considerable experience and will satisfy.

Farm Auctions a Specialty

write or phone

Ernest Rohlf

Phone 8 call 9 Pine City Hinckley r.2

or make date through State Bank of Beroun.

3000 Pounds of Choice TIMOTHY and ALSYKE Mixed at Very Reasonable Prices this week at Madden's

"SYMPATHY"

Sincerely expressed by

Floral Offerings from

Duluth Floral Co.

HOTEL VENDOME

The Minneapolis Dollar-Hotel

200 MODERN ROOMS

Located in Heart of Business District

ONE PRICE—ONE DOLLAR

EUROPEAN PLAN: RATES FOR TWO PERSONS $1.50 AND UP

PRIVATE BATH, SHOWER AND TOILET EXTRA

COMPLETE SAFETY

AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS AND FIRE-PROOF CONSTRUCTION

INSURANCE RATES SHOW THAT NEVER MAN IN CITY HAS GONE TO ANY PUBLIC HOSTELRY OF AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS

EVERY ROOM HAS HOT AND COLD RUNNING WATER; KITCHEN TEAS; ELECTRIC LIGHT AND TELEPHONE SERVICE.

Poultry Show A Success

Fine Display of Fowls, Fair Attendance and Interesting Discussions

The Pine county poultry show in the armory at Pine City, this week, closed in a blaze of glory today. It has been the best chicken show ever held in this region ith more than 600 birds on exhibition from all parts of this county and from all ofthe surrounding counties, as far as Stillwatter. A full account of the sho will be given in this paper next week

"Bob" Clark Injured at Philadelphia

Robert Clark of Pine City was knocked down by a street car at Philadelphia, Pa., last Sunday evening and his hip was fractured. He had been spending the day at the home of his aster, Mrs. Jensen, and was about to take a street car to the depot, whence he would take train to New York to rejoin his ship, when the accident occurred. He is resting at the naval hospital at Philadelphia where he will receive the best of tretment and writes that he expects to come out as good as ever in a couple of months. Bob has made more than a dozen trips across, through all kinds of dangers, without a scratch—evidently waiting until he got back onto his native heath before getting "shot up."

Judge Wilcox Gains a Captaincy

Th efriends of the former judge of probate, Robert Wilcox, who left for the front at the outbreak of the war in charge of the naval militia boys of Pine City, will be pleased to hear that he has been promoted again and is now "Captain Wilcox and the name of his flag ship is the "Remlik" with headquarters at New London, Conn. We knew "Bob" would make good at anything he ever undertook.

Pine City Sailor Escapes in Wreck

Word from Wm. Korbel tells of the sinking of the transport Lake Erie, on which he was serving, off the coast of Wales on Jan. 16. The ship was rammed by a German cargo boat and went down in 20 minutes, no lives being lost though none of the effects of the men on board were saved. The accident happened in a dense fog at night, about five miles off shore.

Finlayson to Have a Newspaper?

We understand that W. R. Warren, formerly editor of the Hinckley Enterprise, is to start a new paper at Finlayson. The town has had two or three papers before this but none of them could live because the town did not stand solidly behind them.

Railway Accident at Hinckley

A headon collision occurred in the local N. P. yards early Wednesday morning when a through freight ran into the north-bound passenger train which was standing on the main track while the crew were in the lunch room.

The freight pulled in for a siding but on coming down the grade the brakes refused to work and as a result the two trains collided. A couple of freight cars were pretty badly damaged and both engines were put out of commission. Passengers who were en route north were badly shaken up, but no one was seriously hurt.—Hinckley Enterprise.

Markville Co-op. Assn. Succeeds

The Markville Co-operative Association held its annual meeting in the church here Monday of this week. There was a splendid turnout and the dinner was enjoyed by all. At the business session six more shares of stock were sold. Mr. C F. Lowrie of St. Paul was present and spoke. There is every reason to believe that a successful future is in store for the association.—Cloverton Union Enterprise.

Dry Stove Wood

Dry, mixed wood, stove length. Can deliver most any time and in any quantity.—Henry Granitz, Brook Park, R. 1, phone 21-13. 18-tf

Cows for Sale

Owing to my inability to care for them, I have decided to offer my entire herd of cows for sale, consisting of 2 fresh cows, 1 cow giving milk will freshen in May, 5 springers coming fresh between now and May 1st, 1 heifer coming 2 years, 1 yearling bull. Price of cows $65 to $90 each.—J. W. Plaser, Beroun, Minn. 23

Small house dog—Ayredale or Fox terrier blood—came to my house Monday night. Owner can have by paying for this notice.—J. P. Hansen, Pine City. 16-tf

Candy from a sanitary case at Prochaska's pharmacy—the Rexall store.

Wanted : Operator-Printer

ORGANIZED DRIVE TO TEACH THRIFT

Feb. 17 to 24 Named as War Savings Society Week in Plans Made Public.

NINTH DISTRICT ACTIVE

Chairman Rogers Announces Program for Six-Day Campaign—Group Societies to Be Formed Following Intensive Preparation.

Minneapolis, Minn.—As a start in the Ninth District on the Treasury Department's plan for a nationwide campaign of Thrift education, coupled with investment of the savings in War Savings Stamps, the week of February 17 to 24 will be War Savings Society week.

Special emphasis during the six days will be given to the formation of Government War Savings Societies in every community of the Ninth District states. With the organization of the societies, machinery will be set in motion which will help every citizen save part of the money earned from week to week. At the same time the Government of the United States, and indirectly every resident of the nation, will be benefited by the money loaned by savers through their investment in Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps.

Plans for bringing War Savings Societies to completion in the week ahead, beginning February 17, were made public today by A. R. Rogers as head of the Ninth District War Loan Organization's central committee.

Group Societies.

The War Savings Organization, for which John H. Meyering is War Savings division head, aims to have War Savings Societies organized as an adjunct of the social life of every club of all sorts, every store, factory, mill, every big office force, women's club, fraternal order or other organization which affords a common point of contact frequently for any considerable number of individuals. Farmers' Clubs and co-operative societies in rural communities will be organized into War Savings Stamps clubs in every possible instance, and it is the purpose of the directors to have a War Savings Society formed in every public, private or parochial school in the district. Sunday schools also will be organized for War Savings.

To aid county chairmen of the W. S. S. division and other leading War Savings workers in organizing the hundreds of societies the central committee has worked out model types of War Savings societies along three lines:

1. A school model.
2. A community model, especially for the use of rural districts and small towns.
3. A commercial and industrial model.

The latter is for use as a type to be followed in organizing office forces, employes of stores, shops and mills and other business groups. County chairmen have been furnished full details of each model. The plans are set down to be followed in general. Societies that wish to vary them reasonably may do so.

Aim Of Organizing.

The principal functions of the War Savings Societies were outlined today by Mr. Rogers as follows:

A campaign of education through which the members of each society will learn to realize the full value of savings, both in keeping the original sum of money and through the advantage derived by interest which the money earns.

A broadcast spreading of the doctrine of Americanization, coupled to the added interest anyone has in an institution in which he is part owner. In this instance each member of a club has become a part owner of the United States through purchase of War Savings Stamps or Thrift Stamps.

A bringing home to every individual of the fact that the United States Government must have all the money in an can afford to lend through W. S. S. buying. The exact purposes for which our Government must spend huge sums will be shown as accurately as possible.

So far as possible the programs of the War Savings Societies will be worked out on pleasant and attractive lines. It is planned to have each member take an active part from time to time. The study done in preparing papers or short talks before the society will educate the members in the matters which the clubs are organized to teach.

Intensive Preparation.

Between now and February 17th there will be meetings of War Savings society organizers in many parts of the district at which speakers under direction of the central committee will outline the purposes and plans of the societies.

Although the societies are now being organized for the year 1919, it has been announced at Washington that they will be kept alive and encouraged to continue permanently. The two-fold purpose of maintaining the societies will be to continue giving the people aid in their efforts to save and to aid steadily to the Government's income from small sources. The Treasury Department has announced definitely that taxes can be reduced in practically direct ratio to the amount of money supplied the United States through sale of War Savings Stamps.

"Working on the fundamental idea of the value of Thrift, we intend also to convince every person in the district that the purchase of War Savings Stamps will make savings do a better, bigger and more valuable work than any other use of the money," Mr. Meyering said today. "At the same time the money saved and invested in stamps will be perfectly safe and will yield an interest return of between 4 per cent and 5 per cent each year.

"For more than four years the world has been spending. Now the world must either start saving to make up for the loss and waste or it must fall back into stagnation and sink to a lower standard of comfort and happiness than it had before 1914. But it is not necessary for the American people to fall back if they are thrifty and save. We have the best opportunity to save of any of the world's nations. We have the food, clothing and money—all the good things of life. We must make the basis of our prosperity secure. Saving makes the future prosperity of the individual safe. At the same time it supplies money to the Government with which the whole national structure can be so strengthened that we will not have to lose or forego any of our national prosperity."

MONEY FOR UNCLE SAM

Reserve Bank Head Appeals for Thrift and Saving.

Bills Now Pouring in Requiring Government to Pay Price of Great War—People Get Money Back.

The Ninth Federal Reserve district has probably received as great an inflow of money during the past year as in any two preceding years in its history according to Theodore Wold governor of the Minneapolis Federal Reserve bank. Mr. Wold made the statement in calling attention to the secretary of the treasury's statement that the government is in urgent need of money, with war costs now in their highest point. With it he coupled an appeal for careful spending, thrift and saving.

"Instead of spending twice as much as in past years the people of this district have every reason, both of personal advantage and national necessity for saving," said Mr. Wold. "It is true that prices are higher but most families have a good margin above necessities and from this there should be substantial savings.

"The immediate way of loaning money to the government, and saving it at the same time is to buy War Savings Stamps. When one realizes that as much was yielded last year by sale of these stamps as it cost before the war to run the government for a year it is seen that they are no trivial financial item. War Savings Stamps are very real and the man who buys them in proportion to his ability is helping the government as much as any wealthier man who buys in proportion to his ability."

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN AND HIS THRIFTY WIFE, DEBORAH.

Benjamin Franklin, whose picture appears on the 1919 issue of War Savings Stamps was, according to his own writings, fortunate in his selection of a wife. Of her, he says: "Frugality is an enriching virtue; I was only lucky enough to find it in a wife who, therefore, became a fortune to me."

Deborah Franklin was "thrifty, comely and made me a good wife," he once wrote.

While the philosopher was in France seeking aid for the newly-born American republic, his life was brightened by rays of cheery sunshine contained in her frequent letters.

Progressive Play House

Unsurpassed Attractions Secured For Family Theater During Coming Year

Manager Turner of the Family Theatre has just closed a years contract which will insure the appearance of all the following noted screen stars at his theater during the ensuing year: D. W. Griffith, Cecil B. DeMille, Bryant Washburn, Pauline Frederic, Lila Lee, Enid Bennett, Victor Moore, Viola Dana, Geraldine Farrar, Jack Pickford, Fannie Ward, Sidney Drew, W. S. Hart, Marguerite Clark, Lina Cavalieri, Dorothy Dalton, Wallace Reid, Wm. Farnum, Blanche Sweet and W. H. Crane.

Dr. Stowe's Auto Wrecked—Burned

Dr. Stowe met with a loss by fire on Thursday morning, when answering an early hurry-up professional call. While driving on the Rush Lake road his automobile was overturned and immediately took fire, by which it was consumed. It seems a miracle that Dr. Stowe escaped unharmed, under the circumstances, but it is a satisfaction to realize that he succeeded in getting away without a scratch. An automobile belonging to Dr. Stowe was destroyed by fire in the burning of the McGuire building garage some time ago.—Rush City Post.

"Olive Oil" to the Jag Wagon

It is probable that the "jag wagon" will be less frequent on the road here since Barnum has taken to imposing heavy fines on them as they pass thru that village. It is reported that seven cars loaded with booze were seized there during the past week. The traffic by auto between the twin cities and Duluth and the range towns during the past month or two has grown into a veritable institution and a very remunerative one at that. Bottled joy is said to brings $4 a quart, and in cases of snake bite, even more. Barnum is plumb taking the joy out of life for the booze vendors.—Willow River Farmer.

For Sale, Trade or Rent

320 acres, 3 miles west of Bruno, Small acreage under plow, 40 acres in timothy and clover, 100 acres pasture with running water, fenced with barb and woven wire, 10-room house, barn 20x40, garage, chicken house, milk-house, wood-shed, good well; some good timber. $35 an acre. Will sell on very easy tesms, trade for small tract, or rent to good tenant.—Owner, O. A. Allen, Hector, Minn. 22l4

Tame Hay for Sale

16 tons of tame hay in mow. Apply to D. Carrier, route 3, 23-2p

Sweetest Girl of the Screen

Known to her thousands of admirers as "the sweetest girl in motion pictures," Marguerite Clark has a nation wide following. In her latest Paramount picture, "Rich Man, Poor Man," Miss Clark will be seen as an orphan in a boarding house who, innocent of the falsity of her position, is accepted as the grandchild of a Wall street financier, as the result of the forgery of a man who desires to make her happy. She brings sunshine into the life of the crabbed old millionaire who, even when he discovers the imposition practiced upon him, refuses to allow her to leave his fireside.

The photoplay, which is to be presented at the Family theatre Thursday, Feb. 13, is filled with numerous thrilling incidents, and the climaxes are dramatic.

Prices 10c and 20c—7;20 and 8:45 o'clock.

Council rPoceedings

The regular monthly council meeting was held in the village hall, last Saturday evening, all members being present. Chairman Holland, Supervisor Wickstrom and Clerk Anderson of the Pokegama town board were present and a joint meetnig of the two bodies was held to fix a time and place for hearing on the proposed cartway in section 27 on the north line of the village, it being decided to meet at the east end of the proposed cartway at 7 o'clock on the afternoon of March 29. C. C. Ives and Aug. Wickstrom were appointed as judges and T. W. Ling as clerk of the coming village election. The following bills were allowed: E. M. Power Co. for January and lights $165.76, John Bieserman for Jan. marshal salary and janitor of armory $80, Clerk Burgess for Jan. $16, Aug. Larson for 1 day digging up water pipe $3, Adam Biederman for repair work $2.25, W. S. Booth & Son for blanks $4.02.

Silverware and clocks at Stancke the jeweler's.

Dr. M. S. OLSEN

NEUROLOGIST, OPHTHALMOLOGIST AND REGISTERED OPTOMETRIST OF MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Next visit to Pine City

Wednesday, Feb. 12th

At Hotel Agnes.

Anyone suffering from nervousness, eye strain and lack of vitality should see Dr. (Olsen) Ranoe for relief. People who never before received relief are permanently relieved by Dr. Ranoe.

WM. O'DANIELS

Brook Park, R. F. D. No. 1

Licensed Auctioneer

Guarantees to Please

Leave orders for your sale at either of the Pine City Banks or at the Brook Park State Bank.

...Farm Sales a Specialty...

COLDS GROW BETTER

surprisingly soon when you use time-tested, reliable Piso's—the continuous favorite during more than 50 years since Civil War days.

Relieves throat irritation and inflammation; eases tickling; soothes bronchials.

Every druggist recommends and sells Piso's—ask yours for it.

Contains No Opiate. Safe for Young & Old.

PISO'S

ORDER COAL NOW

Don't wait until Everyone "Beats You To It."

Louis Volenec

Phone your orders to

Prochaska's Pharmacy

Phone 11

THAT DULL ACHING

Don't worry and complain about a bad back. Get rid of it. For weak kidneys, lame and achy backs, your neighbors recommend Doan's Kidney Pills. Read this statement:

Mrs. J. Collins, Pine City, says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills for backache and other kidney trouble, and found them just as represented. I had a dull ache over my kidneys and felt run down in general. My kidneys acted irregularly and that was very annoying. A neighbor advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and they soon rid me of every bit of kidney trouble. I felt like a different person. Several times since when I have noticed symptoms of kidney trouble coming on, I have used Doan's, and have always had the same good results."

60c, at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

S. G. L. ROBERTS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Real estate and collections. Office in Rybak block, Pine City, Minn

DR. R. L. WISEMAN, PHYSICIAN AND Surgeon. Residence and Office at the former Douglas Grenier residence.

DR. J. J. SCULLEY, DENTIST. Office in Rybak Block. Phone No. 61

HURLEY LONG & HURLEY ATTORNEYS at law, practice in all courts, State and Federal. Rybak block, Pine City, Minn

(First publication Feb. 6)

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Whereas, default has been made and now exists in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and delivered by Charles Lewis and Kittie Lewis, his wife, mortgagors, to Margret Parkins, mortgagee, dated January 18th 1917, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Pine County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, 1917, at o'clock P. M., in Book No. 19 of Mortgages, on page 465.

And Whereas, there is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of Three Thousand Three Hundred and Thirty seven ($3337) and 91-100 Dollars, principal and interest

And Whereas, no action or proceeding at law or equity has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now Therefore, notice is hereby given, that pursuant to the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the following premises described in and covered by said mortgage and situate in the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, to-wit: The North half of the Northwest quarter (N½ of NW¼) of Section Twenty one (21), in Township Forty Thirty nine (39), Range Twenty two (22), will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder therefor for cash, by the sheriff of said Pine County, at the front entrance of the Court House, in the Village of Pine City, in the County of Pine and State of Minnesota, on Monday the 24th day of March 1919, at 10 O'clock A. M of said day, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and the costs and expenses of sale, and the sum of Seventy Five (75) Dollars, Attorney's fee, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof.

Dated February 5th 1919.

MARGARET PERKINS
Mortgagee.

S. G. L. ROBERTS
Attorney for Mortgagee
Pine City, Minn

(First publication Jan. 23)

Notice of Cancellation of Land Contract

To Victor A. Tessey and S. B. Wilson:

You and each of you are hereby notified that default has been made by you in the conditions of a certain contract for deed, made and entered in to by and between Frank Horejs as vendor and owner of the land hereinafter described and Anna Horejs, his wife, and you the said Victor A. Tessey, as vendee thereof, dated October 1st 1913, by the terms of which said contract for deed the said Frank Horejs the owner thereof and Anna Horejs, his wife, agreed to convey, to said Victor A. Tessey upon the prompt payment by him of the sums stated therein and upon the full performance by him of all the covenants therein to be by him kept and performed, the following described premises situate in the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, to wit: The Southeast quarter of the Northeast quarter (SE¼ of NE¼) of Section Fourteen (14), in Township Forty (40), Range Twenty one (21), or undivided one half interest in which said contract for deed and the land therein described was by an instrument in writing dated May 28th, 1914, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Pine County, Minnesota, on the 3rd day of July 1914, at 9 O'clock A. M., in Book 21 of Mortgages on Page 352, duly assigned by said Victor A. Tessey to said S. B. Wilson.

That said default consists in the failure of the said Victor A. Tessey and S. B. Wilson to pay the sum of Three Hundred and eighty three ($383) and 52-100 Dollars, principal and interest, as stipulated in said contract for deed.

That because of said default the undersigned elects to cancel and terminate said contract for deed, and to retain the same with, therefore, terminate and be cancelled ninety (90) days after the service of this notice upon you, unless prior thereto you shall comply with the conditions of said contract and pay to the undersigned the sum of Three Hundred and eighty three ($383) and 52-100 Dollars and the costs of service of this notice.

Dated January 21st, 1919.

FRANK HOREJS
Owner and Vendor.

(First publication Jan. 23)

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Notice is Hereby Given that default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by the Lundquist Realty Company Mortgagor, to Albert Kenkack, Mortgagee, bearing date the Twentieth day of November, 1914, with power of sale therein contained, and recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of November, 1914, at two o'clock P. M. in Book number 21, of Mortgages, on Page 505, which default has continued to the date of this notice, by the payment of interest on said Mortgage or to make payment of the interest and principal by said mortgage secured, which by its terms became due and payable on the twenty-third day of November, 1918, and which default has continued.

And Whereas, the said Mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has duly elected and hereby does elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of Three thousand, four hundred and twenty four dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum, from the 23th day of November, 1918, and whereas, the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof:

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to-wit: The South east quarter of the South west quarter (SE¼ of SW¼) of Section Twenty four (24), and the North half of the North west quarter (N½ of NW¼) of Section Twenty five (25), in Township Forty (40), Range Twenty two (22), Pine County, Minnesota, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, on the 10th day of March, 1919, at the Village of Pine City in said County and State, on the hour of Ten A. M., at which time and place the said mortgagee or his agent will sell the premises aforesaid to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three thousand four hundred twenty four dollars, and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and Seven dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 21, 1919.

ALBERT KOPACEK,
Mortgagee.

E. H. Lorco,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Pine City, Minnesota.

G. W. Spickler

Painting

Paper hanging

Interior Decorating

PINE CITY

It's up to you, says Sandy to Jock MacPherson

"If it's thick, heavy sweetening you want stick to your ordinary plug. But for real tobacco satisfaction, you've got to come to good old Gravely."

Good taste, smaller chew, longer life is what makes Genuine Gravely cost less to chew than ordinary plug.

Write to—

GENUINE GRAVELY
DANVILLE, VA.

for booklet on chewing plug.

Peyton Brand

REAL CHEWING PLUG

Plug packed in pouch

HUNGER STALKS AMONG CZECHS

People in Central Europe Are Suffering on Account of Food Shortage.

PROBE HAS BEEN MADE

Representatives of Inter-Allied Relief Commission Return to Paris After Extensive Tour Through Stricken Regions.

Paris, Feb. 5.—Hugh R. Gibson, Captain T. T. Ferguson, and other representatives of the Inter-Allied Food Relief commission, returned to Paris to make a report to Herbert Hoover, director general of the commission, after several weeks' travel through Poland, Austria-Hungary, Czecho-Slovakia, Jugo-Slovakia and Serbia.

Coal is now the most pressing need in Czecho-Slovakia and Austria-Hungary, said Captain Ferguson, and without an increased fuel supply food relief on a large scale is impossible. Only one-fifth of the possible number of trains are operating in Austria and Hungary because of lack of coal and conditions are little better in Czecho-Slovakia.

Formerly Austria-Hungary received 20,000 tons of coal daily from Prussian Silesia. This has been greatly diminished and the yield is small in Czecho-Slovakia because of the political and labor agitation.

"The bridges and trestles have been almost destroyed in Serbia, and as a consequence motor trucks and ox carts must be used temporarily," Captain Ferguson said. "The railway demoralization is slightly less in Czecho-Slovakia than in Austria-Hungary, where few trains are operating, these being loaded with men and women carrying bags of food.

"Although the Americans cannot expend a great amount for Austria Hungarian relief, the Allies probably will supply food for those two countries to avert Bolshevism and all the American relief for Czecho-Slovakia must pass over the disorganized Austro-Hungarian railways.

"The Americans are concentrating food at Trieste, which will be the center of the southern relief work, while Danzig will be the center of Polish relief. But the entire campaign is dependent upon coal which it may be necessary to import from England or the United States, unless arrangements can be made to obtain it from Prussia, where production is less affected by disorganization."

The Food administration headquarters announced that the American Relief administration has received a shipment of 25,000 tons of food from Trieste at Prague for the Czecho-Slovaks.

It is stated that the food situation in Czecho-Slovakia is now extremely serious and that inasmuch as Czecho-Slovakia has no port of its own it is necessary to traverse the old state of Austria in order to reach this new nation.

8 U. S. SOLDIERS ARE KILLED

30 Suffer Injuries When Troop Train in France is Wrecked.

Troyes, France, Feb. 4.—Eight United States soldiers were killed and 30 injured when a troop train conveying American soldiers from Chaumont to Brest collided with two German locomotives standing in the station at Mostierameuy. The men were on their way to Brest to take ships for the United States. The dead and injured were taken to Bar Sur Aube.

FOUR GRAND DUKES SLAIN

Noted Russians Said to Have Been Executed by Bolshevikl.

London, Feb. 5.—A dispatch from Helsingfors quoted a Bolshevik official statement from Petrograd as announcing Grand Duke Paul Alexandrovitch, Grand Duke Nicholas Michailovitch, Grand Duke Dimitri Constantovitch and Grand Duke George Mikhailovitch had been executed by rifle fire.

DISCHARGE RULES MODIFIED

Men With Sickness or Distress at Home Will Be Released.

Washington, Feb. 5.—General Pershing has been authorized by the War department to send home for immediate discharge from the army any drafted or enlisted man who presents convincing evidence of sickness or other distress existing in his family.

ADMIRAL BOWLES RESIGNS

Severs His Connection With Emergency Fleet Corporation.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The resignation of former Rear Admiral Francis T. Bowles as assistant general manager of the Emergency Fleet corporation was announced by the Shipping board.

Liberty Motor Stands Test.

Houston, Texas, Feb. 5.—The Liberty motor test flight from Ellington field to Detroit and return was completed when the airplane flown by Capt. L. F. Robinson and Lieut. A. A. Adams landed at the Detroit field. Captain Robinson estimated the distance covered at between 1,600 and 1,700 miles, giving the flying time as 14½ hours. The average speed was 125 miles. The entire trip was flown on one engine trouble. The flight left Ellington field December 21.

300 Americans in Vienna.

Washington, Feb. 4.—About 300 American including children, are in Vienna and in immediate danger, according to advices to the American government from Berne. Conditions in Vienna are reported serious and even worse than in the provinces. Twenty one cars of food shipments have arrived in Vienna from Switzerland. Food stocks are reported to be in the greatest danger in the Austrian capital, and to reach with extreme rapidity the point where no food will remain.

BOARD ISSUES ORDER

War Trade Body Removes Restrictions on Exports.

Lifting of Embargo May Stabilize Grain Prices and Relieve Congested Market.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The most sweeping removal of restrictions upon the exportation of foodstuffs made since signing of the armistice was announced by the war trade board. Commodities removed from the export reservation list were barley, corn and rye, including flour and meal made from these grains, oats and oat products, brewers' grains, bran and middlings, beans, dried and soft peas, sugar and hydrogenated cotton seed oil.

These articles constituted a majority of the food items on the restricted list and their removal is effective immediately. Licenses to export them will be granted freely to all destinations, including Great Britain, France, Italy and Belgium. Heretofore such exports to these allied countries were made exclusively by the food administration's grain corporation and the wheat export company.

Attention was called to the fact that wheat and wheat flour remain on the restricted list. There was no indication when the embargo on those commodities would be removed, but it was said it probably would remain in force until the government's agreement with the farmers for a maximum price on the 1919 wheat crop had expired.

Removal of the embargo on the other grains was expected by some officials to stabilize prices and relieve what was described as a congested market.

AMERICA TO RETURN SHIPS

Vessels Seized From Holland are to Be Turned Back.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Dutch ships requisitioned by the American government during the war and now operated by the Shipping board will be unconditionally returned to Holland as rapidly as they reach American ports at the conclusion of their present voyages. This announcement was made by the War Trade board which has reached an agreement on the subject with the Shipping board.

RIDICULOUS CRIME REPORTS

General Pershing Defends Conduct of American Soldiers.

Washington, Feb. 4.—General Pershing, in an official telegram to Secretary Baker, characterized the sensational reports in French newspapers of assaults and burglaries having been committed in Paris by American soldiers as "gross exaggerations."

The number of crimes committed by American soldiers, he said, was almost negligible, considering the larger number of men in the vicinity.

WAR TALES TO PUSH LOAN

Pershing Cables "Hundred Best Stories" for Use In Campaign.

Washington, Feb. 4.—"One hundred best stories of the war" have been cabled to Secretary Baker by General Pershing and turned over to the Liberty Loan bureau for publication during the next loan campaign. Some of these stories of heroism of young soldiers will be used as newspaper advertisements, some as moving picture scenarios, and others in pamphlets for public speakers and school children.

OLD INDIAN FIGHTER DIES

Brig. Gen. Eagan, Who Served 30 Years in Army, Passes.

New York, Feb 4.—The death of Brig. Gen. Charles Patrick Eagan, who won fame as an Indian fighter in the 70's, is announced here. General Eagan, who was 79, was born in Ireland. He came to America when a boy and served in the army for 30 years when he was retired at his own request in 1909.

GIVEN SIX MONTHS IN JAIL

Twelve Sinn Feiners Found Guilty of Illegal Drilling.

Dublin, Feb. 4.—Twelve Sinn Feiners were found guilty of illegal drilling in a private hall here and were sentenced to six months imprisonment. When arraigned they denied the authority of British laws and one of them, while in the dock, waived a republican flag.

WALLACE H. ROWE IS DEAD

President of Pittsburgh Steel Company Had Been Ill a Year.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 4.—Wallace H. Rowe, president of the Pittsburgh Steel company, died here after an illness of more than a year. He has been a factor in the steel industry since 1886, when he came to this city from St. Louis.

Many Germans Arrested.

American Headquarters in Germany, Feb. 5.—Two hundred and nineteen Germans have been arrested and tried by American courts martial during the two months of American occupation, according to figures made public. Twenty were acquitted. Sixty-nine convictions ranged from one to 90 days and fines from one mark (25 cents) to 500 marks ($125). Offenses included violation of liquor regulations, wearing German military uniforms and holding unauthorized meetings.

Villa Executes General.

El Paso, Feb. 4.—Jose Higuia, a general in Villa's command, was executed near Ciudad Juarez, thirty-five miles south of Presidio, Texas, for failure to fulfill his mission to the border to exchange stolen silver bullion for ammunition. A message was received from Villa by the American consulate at Juarez, by the Mexican general consulate and corroborating reports of the execution. The executed man carried out his mission to the extent of delivering the silver bullion to Villa.

SUPPLIES FOR STARVING PEOPLES

Sailors of the crew of the U. S. S. Mercurius at New York loading the vessel with supplies for the hundreds of starving and destitute Armenians and Albanians.

FAVORS WORLD ELECTIVE BODY

Canadian Proposal Calls for Congress Representative of All Nations.

LABOR LEADERS BUSY

Plan for Establishing Legislative House Composed of Men Directly Elected by People Is Under Consideration.

Paris, Feb. 5.—The Canadian minister of justice, Charles J. Doherty, who has preproposed to the peace conference that an international people's house of representatives be formed, said:

"Whence is that power of influence to prevent war to be derived if not from the peoples inhabiting the different states, whose every interest demands the suppression of war? The weak point in all plans so far discussed is that the action of states is to be controlled, restrained or influenced in conferences of those states themselves, to the exclusion of other peoples, who are to be affected by the decisions reached.

War Affects All.

"It must be remembered that it is not merely the peoples of states immediately concerned who are affected by war, but all mankind.

"How can the world be made safe for democracy more surely than by entrusting a share in the future guardianship of safety, purchased at so great a price, to a body representative of the world's democracy, the members of which have been selected by the democracy? Inclusion in the league of a body in which the world's people would act through their representatives democratically elected for that purpose by popular vote would not prejudicially affect the powers to be exercised by the states under any other plans proposed. Moreover, within the body itself each state would find legitimate protection in adequate representation therein of its own people.

Peace Time Functions.

"The most important function of the suggested representative body would be to exercise in times of peace constant influence upon states in their relations with each other, tending to keep them from those differences which give rise to conflict and make war imminent. It would perform that work of investigation, discussion, deliberation and legislation, which would take the form of the adoption of recommendations addressed to the individual states."

A project for the establishment of a representative body, elected directly by the people of the nations of the world to sit in conjunction with the proposed international labor bureau is being quietly discussed among some of the labor leaders in Paris.

Burleson Hearing March 3.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The supreme court set March 3 for the hearing of cases of the commercial cable company against Postmaster General Burleson. The court took a month's recess.

Rail Revolving Fund Low.

Washington, Feb. 5.—All but $61,332,000 of the original $500,000,000 revolving fund of the railroad administration has now been used, Director General Hines reported in connection with his financial statement for January. In that month, $98,368,000 was advanced to railroads or paid for new cars and locomotives. The director general received $13,986,000 from railroads and $10,337,000 from express companies the past month. Total net advances made to railroads amount to $799,374,000.

Would Build Soldier Home.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—A tentative offer of $100,000 as nucleus of a fund for a home for crippled soldiers and sailors was one of several gifts announced by heirs of Mrs. Augusta Lehmann, whose husband founded one of the largest department stores in Chicago. Mrs. Lehmann distributed the gifts in accordance with her wishes and had set aside $750,000 to carry them out. The gift was made in memory of her husband, who died in 1918. The money will be applied if the project is carried out within five years.

ARREST TURK LEADERS

British and French Police Take 35 Into Custody.

Action at Constantinople May Have Effect of Preventing Further Massacres.

Washington, Feb. 5.—American Commissioner Heck at Constantinople reported to the State department the arrest of 35 leading members of the Turkish committee of union and progress.

The British and French police are endeavoring to eliminate the leaders of the Turkish government who have been intriguing against the Allies and who are believed to have inspired recent massacres among the Armenians and other people formally subject to the Ottoman empire.

The opinion was expressed here that the arrests would have a salutary effect.

Among the union and progress members arrested were Rahmy, former governor general of Smyrna; Hussein Djahid, first vice president of the chamber of deputies; Carasso, a lawyer; Suleiman Nouman, chief medical inspector of the army; Karmal, former minister of food control; Hadjji Aadil, speaker of the chamber of deputies; Djevad, formerly military commander of Constantinople, and Djin Djoy, a member of the house of deputies.

AMERICANS TO GUARD LINE

Allied Troops Also Will Patrol Trans-Siberian Railroad.

Vladivostok, Feb. 5.—The feature of the plan for operating the Trans-Siberian railway, which is in process of elaboration at conferences between John F. Stevens of St. Paul, the American railroad expert, American Ambassador Morris and representatives of the Allies, is that the line shall be guarded by American and Allied troops. Mr. Stevens is reported to have said that only under that condition will he undertake the task of rehabilitating the railroad. Ambassador Morris is said to support him.

HAS THE GOODS ON GERMANY

Belgian Government Has Papers Showing Intention of Huns.

Paris, Feb. 4.—The Belgian government has in its possession what are believed to be the completed documents of the German general staff relating to Belgium, including the details for Germany's annexation to the country and instructions for carrying off and destroying machinery.

The papers fill an entire freight car. In the rush of evacuation after the armistice was signed, this particular car was run on a sidetrack by mistake.

COLONIES ASK RECOGNITION

British Dominions Seek Admission to League of Nations.

Paris, Feb. 5.—Representatives of the dominions of the British government, it is said, have agreed that the self-governing dominions are entitled to places in the society of nations as entities, having the same status as any other nation. The final decision rests with the peace conference, but the representatives of the dominions expect no objections there inasmuch as Great Britain is supporting them.

Fighting in Turkestan.

Constantinople, Feb. 5.—Information has been received here of disturbed conditions in Turkestan, where Bolshevist activity is prevalent and where some 40,000 German and Austrian prisoners remain. Fighting has occurred with bolshevists in the northern region. General Denekines' army near Ekaterinodar is making progress. The Russian Black seaports are safe, owing to the presence of Allied warships, but communications between ports and the interior country are rendered difficult by the bolshevists.

Yanks Snowball French Girls.

Paris, Feb. 4.—The captured German guns that line the Champs Elysees and are ranged about the Place de la Concorde, headquarters of the American Peace mission, are nowadays silent witnesses of Gotterdammerung in which they have no part. It is a snowball bombardment in which American soldiers are batteries and passing good natured French girls are targets. The scene became where victims were accoutrered during the reign of terror like drop in snow.

INQUIRY SHOWS STORIES FALSE

Reports of American Lawlessness in France Are Without Any Foundation.

GEN. HARTS REPORTS

Yankee Commander in Paris District Says Indications are Crime Rumors are Some Sort of Anti-American Propaganda.

Paris, Feb. 9.—Brig. Gen. W. W. Harts, the American commander of the Paris district, in a report submitted to Maj. Gen. J. G. Harbord, declares reports of lawlessness on the part of Americans, particularly from the American Expeditionary Force, are wholly unfounded.

The report gives the results of investigations of printed and rumored reports of crime and lawlessness. It is based on records of the American provost marshal, the French police and other sources.

General Harts says that the persistent appearance of newspaper articles accusing the Americans of lawlessness "has led to the impression that there is some anti-American propaganda at work in Paris which some have ascribed to German sources."

Offenses Very Few.

He says that incontroverytible figures show that criminal offenses committed in Paris and ascribed to American soldiers from January, 1918, to January, 1919, were extremely few in proportion to the number of American soldiers in Paris during that period.

One Paris newspaper recently ascribed to American soldiers a total of 24 murders, 250 days and night attacks and 550 "bloody combats" during December. General Harts characterizes this as malicious exaggeration and says that the records show that serious offenses committed by Americans during December totaled two cases of assault and battery, three cases of housebreaking and seven cases of disorderly conduct.

Police Disprove Rumors.

Inviting attention to the fact that more than 25,000 soldiers have been stationed in Paris at one time and that some 3,000 pass through the city daily, General Harts gives the following data of cases of crime in which American soldiers were concerned as reported by the prefect of the Paris police.

From Jan. 4, 1918, to Nov. 18, there were 39 shooting affairs. From June to December there were six cases of this kind. During January there were three cases of attempted murder, one of manslaughter, 13 of assault and battery, six of robbery and seven of thefts of automobiles.

CONTROL EASTERN UKRANIA

Soviets Establish New Government at Kharkov.

London, Feb. 5.—Bolshevist forces now are masters of almost the whole of eastern Ukrania, including the important centers of Kharkov, Poltava, Ekaterinoslav and the Konetz mining region, according to a Helsingfors dispatch to the Mail. It is reported a soviet government has been established at Kharkov, the president being M. Rakovsky, one of the signers to the Brest-Litovsk treaty with Germany.

ORGANIZE TO SAVE KAISER

Societies are Said to Be Springing Up in Germany.

Amsterdam, Feb. 5.—Societies to "save the kaiser" from being handed over to the Allies are being organized in Germany, according to the Volks Zeitung of Osnabruck. Eitel Frederick, second son of the former emperor, is said to have written a letter to Premier Ebert demanding that the government assist in the plan.

UNABLE TO FLOAT VESSEL

American Steamer is Stranded On the Isle of Wight.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Admiral Sims advised the navy department that officials in charge of efforts to float the American steamer Nicaragua, stranded on the Isle of Wight, were not hopeful of success. All aboard the steamer, including 60 American soldiers, was removed safely.

HEADS POLICY DEPARTMENT

Leon O. Fisher of New York Joins War Risk Bureau.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Leon O. Fisher of New York, second vice-president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, has become head of the insurance department of the War Risk bureau. His appointment was announced by Director Lindsley.

New "Blue Laws" Asked.

Des Moines, Feb. 5.—Proclaiming Iowa's famous Sunday "blue laws" would be resurrected and fines for their violation increased under the terms of a substitute measure introduced in the lower house by Representative Hook of Winnishiek county. The bill would repeal the old laws, which carried a fine of $5 for violation, and would substitute fines of $25 to $100. It seeks to prevent operation on Sunday of theaters, dance halls, movies, horse races, ball games and other public amusements.

Slayer of Captain Fryatt Held.

Basel, Feb. 4.—The arrests of Admiral Schroeder and Captains Koester and Regner of the German navy have been requested by the central committee of soldiers at Hamburg. The officers are accused, especially Admiral Schroeder, with being responsible for the execution of two sailors, although they were convenient with the general amnesty order. Admiral Schroeder became notorious when he ordered the execution of Capt. Charles Fryatt, while he was commanding the German naval forces at Bruges.

GATHERING OF CROP DATA

Information Showing How Thorough Is the Work of the Department of Agriculture.

An outline of the organization developed in the department of agriculture through more than half a century of experience in crop estimating, indicating the care and thoroughness with which government crop reports are prepared, is given in the annual report of the secretary of agriculture.

For collecting original data the bureau of crop estimates has two main sources of information—voluntary reporters and salaried field agents. The voluntary force comprises 23,743 township reporters, one for each agricultural township; 2,752 county reporters, who report monthly or oftener on county-wide conditions, basing their estimates on personal observation, inquiry and written reports of aids, of whom there are about 5,500; 19 special lists of co-operators, aggregating 157,000 names, who report on particular products, such as live stock, cotton, wool, rice, tobacco, potatoes, apples, peanuts, beans and the like; and 20,000 field aids, including the best informed men in each state, who report directly to the salaried field agents of the bureau. The total voluntary staff, therefore, numbers approximately 200,000, an average of about 60 for each county and 4 for each township. The reporters, as a rule, are farmers. They serve without compensation, and are selected and retained on the lists because of their knowledge of local conditions, their public spirit, and their interest in the work. All except county and field aids report directly to the bureau, and each class of reports is tabulated and averaged separately for each group and state.

Girl Farmers.

South Bethlehem, Pa., probably had one of the most active organizations of the woman's land army in the entire United States during the summer just ended. Farmers in that locality in many instances reaped the largest crops in history, and they praise the conscientious and efficient work of the girls and young women who assisted them as among the best help they ever had.

Pitching hay is really a man's job, but the girls on the farms near Bethlehem were ready to try any kind of farm work, and made a fine record in harvesting the hay crop. The work for which they showed themselves best adapted, however, was horticultural. They were invaluable in the truck gardens, weeding onion patches, picking berries, bunching asparagus and doing the various other odd jobs that must be done to keep gardens productive and neat.

Saturday night meant a time of rest for the girls, and they celebrated with "sings" ordinarily. They also gave occasional vaudeville and minstrel shows and dinner parties. Many of them are college girls and have gone back to school, but others are engaging in other forms of work during the fall and winter season.

Almanach De Gotha.

We pity the colleague who at present has to edit the Almanach de Gotha, the directory of all courts. The next edition, which, by the way, had almost been ready for the printer when the great tumbling of thrones happened and therefore will have to be radically revised and will look very different. We cannot imagine that the good people who used to place the fible of aristocracy and the court directory on the most conspicuous shelf of their bookcase will ever again have the desire to inquire "who is who?"

No fewer than 278 names belonging to former reigning princes will be missed. And these are of the ruling families of Germany exclusively; not to mention the Turks, the Greeks, the Bulgarians, etc. The new almanach, which no longer will have to speak in terms humility of the Hohenzollern, the Wittelsbachs of Bavaria, the Zaehringers of Baden, the Coburgs and the Schaumberg-Lippes is a list of war gains. Of course, it does not compensate entirely for all the sacrifices which hundreds of thousands of better men had to suffer before these 278 highnesses of divine right were permitted to become ordinary mortals, but it is nevertheless, one fruit of our victory. And the house-cleaning still goes on.—German Democracy Bulletin.

Move to Save Potash.

The work of analyzing the raw materials and slags from the blast-furnace industry to determine if possible the amount of potash now lost in that industry which might be collected for fertilizer has been carried on by the United States bureau of soils during the last year and is expected to be completed during the current fiscal year. It is evident from the work so far done that a very large amount of potash can be made available from this source if suitable collecting apparatus is installed. The bureau is also conducting research work in the commercial collection of potash from cement kilns.

"General" on His Dignity.

A bunch of small boys, including Bernard and Billie, were playing the popular game of "war" when Billie announced, "I'm the general." Bernard said, "All right, and then you can chase me." At this "General Bill" assumed his best military pose and voice as he declared, "No, sir. The general doesn't do any chasing. He's the head guy and leads the whole bunch."

Animals in Hedges.

Those quaint box hedges, which one sometimes sees nowadays in the British isles, cut out on the top into curious little shapes of birds and animals, are of exceedingly ancient lineage. Pliny the Younger, in describing the garden of one of his villas, mentions "animals in box, facing each other," and this was, perhaps, in about the year 100 A. D.

Patriotism.

Patriotism, magical emotion, which makes you rise superior to all obstacles, support all weariness, willingly accept all necessary discipline and joyfully face all dangers.—Joffre.

DANDRUFF MAKES HAIR FALL OUT

A small bottle of "Danderine" keeps hair thick, strong, beautiful.

Girls! Try this! Doubles beauty of your hair in a few moments.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine for a few cents at any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.—Adv.

In the dark lexicon of timidity there is no such word as "succeed."

A Lady of Distinction.

Is recognized by the delicate fascinating influence of the perfume she uses. A bath with Cuticura Soap and hot water to thoroughly cleanse the pores, followed by a dusting with Cuticura Talcum Powder usually means a clear, sweet, healthy skin.—Adv.

Hypocrites pray cream and live skimmed milk.

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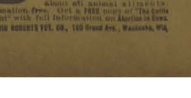

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The Thirteenth Commandment

By RUPERT HUGHES

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DAPHNE RESOLVES THAT SHE WILL NO LONGER BE DEPENDENT UPON ANY MAN.

Synopsis.—Clay Wimburn, a young New Yorker on a visit to Cleveland, meets pretty Daphne Kip, whose brother is in the same office with Clay in Wall street. After a whirlwind courtship they become engaged. Clay buys an engagement ring on credit and returns to New York. Daphne agrees to an early marriage, and after extracting from her money-worried father what she regards as a sufficient sum of money for the purpose she goes to New York with her mother to buy her trousseau. Daphne's brother, Bayard, has just married and left for Europe with his bride, Dutilh. Daphne and her mother install themselves in Bayard's flat. Wimburn introduces Daphne and her mother to luxurious New York life. Daphne meets Tom Duane, man-about-town, who seems greatly attracted to her. Daphne accidentally discovers that Clay is penniless, except for his salary. Bayard and his wife return to New York unexpectedly. The three women set out on a shopping excursion and the two younger women buy expensive gowns, having them charged to Bayard.

CHAPTER VII—Continued.

—5—

Leila said nothing, but thought hard. Bayard was silent. Later the door-bell rang and a young sewing girl brought two big boxes from Dutilh's. They were so big that there was no concealing them. Leila made a timid effort to escape with hers, but Bayard was full of a cheerful curiosity:

"What's all that, honey?"

"Oh, it's just a—a little thing I picked up today at Dutilh's."

"What is it, a scarf or something? Give a fellow a look at it."

He began to untie the knot. Sealed across the cord was an envelope, with a statement. Bayard tore it free. Leila snatched at it. Bayard laughed and dodged her. Leila pursued. It was a ghastly game of tag for her, and Daphne and her mother looked on in guilty dread. Bayard, whooping with laughter, dashed into his room and closed the door, held it fast while Leila pounded and pleaded with him.

His laughter was quenched sharply. There was a silence. He opened the door and walked out, a sickly pallor at his lips, the statement in his hand:

"This can't be right, honey: 'Bayard Kip to Dutilh, debtor. Peach-blow satin gown—two hundred and seventy-five dollars.' The price is ridiculous, and I have no account there."

"He—he insisted on my opening one."

"But I don't want to open any accounts. I pay my bills in thirty days or discount them for cash. I can't pay this in thirty days. Every penny I can see ahead of me is laid out."

"I—I'm sorry," Leila faltered. "You said the times were getting better."

"I thought they were. I hoped they were. But they've gone bad again. Besides, I was trying to cheer you up, to give you a happy honeymoon. And I bought you everything you use abroad. And it wasn't enough! When will you get enough clothes!"

Leila had stared incredulous at the calamitous result of her tender impulse to beautify herself in his eyes. Then tears came gushing and she ran to her room and locked the door.

Bayard did not follow her. He turned for comfort to his mother and Daphne. He noted the other box. Daphne had not dared to open it.

Bayard ripped the envelope from its cord and read:

"Bayard Kip to Dutilh, Dr. Parchment-toned gown, for Miss Daphne Kip, two hundred and seventy-five dollars."

He was parchment-toned himself as he shook the statement at Daphne, and whispered, huskily, "What's this?"

Daphne could not muster any courage. She explained with craven remorse, "I saw a gown that I—I needed there, and I—I— He offered to let it on your account till I could get the money."

Bayard was choked with wrath and a terror greater than hers.

"I go to my office and work like a fiend all day, and I come home to find that my wife and my sister have run me into debt for—five hundred and fifty dollars. And the firm, the big firm I work for, had to extend a note for seven hundred and fifty because we couldn't meet it!"

His mother tried to stem the tide of Bayard's rage, to turn his wrath with a soft answer:

"I guess it's all my fault, honey. The dresses looked so pretty on the girls I urged them to take them. You ought to see how beautiful they are. Go put the dress on, Daphne, and let your brother see how sweet you look in it."

"Sweet! She looks sweet in it! It's beautiful! And that justifies anything. Lord, what did you make 'em out of, these women?"

Mrs. Kip nudged Daphne and whispered, "Go on, put the dress on; let him see you in it."

She spoke with great canniness, but Daphne stared at her with derision, and edged away and spoke in a tone as biting as cold blue vitriol.

"Put it on, mother! Do you think I'd ever wear the thing? I'll send it back tomorrow morning at daybreak. And I'll never take a thing that any man pays for as long as I live."

Bayard roared at her over his shoulder: "You won't take anything that any man pays for, eh? What are you going to live on—air?"

She answered him, grimly, "There are several million women in this country earning their own living, and I'm going to be one of them."

His comment was a barking, "Hah!"

She lugged the box away to her room. Bayard flung himself into a chair and listened to the cauldron of his own hateful thoughts. Gradually they ceased to bubble and stew. He could hear now the muffled heat of Leila's sorrow. He resisted it for a while, sneered at it, raged at it, and then at the cruelty of the world.

Leila's sobs had stopped now and Bayard listened for them anxiously. Perhaps she had died of grief. A lasso seemed to have caught him about the shoulders; it was dragging him to the door.

He went there at last, and listened. He heard a low whimpering, unendurably appealing. He tapped on the door and called through it.

"Leila, honey! Love, forgive me. I've seen the little gown. It's beautiful. You shall have it—and a dozen like it. Please forgive me and love me again. And I'll buy you anything you want. Please. Please don't keep me standing outside your door. Honey! Leila love!"

The door opening, he slipped through to take refuge with his Leila.

A moment later the doorbell rang. Daphne checked the maid whose ears had been fascinatingly entertained, and told her that if the caller were Mr. Wimburn he was to wait outside in the hall. It was Wimburn and Daphne went out to him. He greeted her with the zest of a young lover. Daphne gave him a cold cheek to kiss, and then, pulling her engagement ring from her finger, placed it in his hand.

"What—what's this, Daphne?" he stuttered.

"It's your ring. I'm giving it back. The engagement is off—indefinitely."

"For heaven's sake, why? What have I done?"

"Nothing. Neither have I. But I'm going to do something."

"What are you going to do, Daphne?"

"I don't know—but something."

"Don't you love me any more?"

"Just as much as ever—more than ever. And I'll prove it, too."

"Prove it by putting the ring back on."

"Never! Send it back and save your money. That's what I'm going to do with what I've bought. Kiss me good night and go, please."

She left him outside and closed the door as lovingly as she could.

While Clay waited for the elevator to come up and take him down he stared at the ring with sheep's eyes, teased it, and caught it awkwardly, and laughed and almost spoke his thought aloud:

"Funny thing. I haven't paid for it yet. Got an insulting letter from the jeweler, too, this very afternoon."

But Daphne was thumbing the telephone book to see if she could find Tom Duane's number.

CHAPTER VIII.

She failed to run Duane to earth in the telephone book. She was also loss for another source of directions. She was new to New York and did not know how to set out on such a pursuit.

She went to her room, and found her mother there, dismally engaged in writing a letter to her father, breaking to him the dreadful news that the trousseau was to cost far more for far less. She was asking for extra money at once. Daphne smiled bitterly and said: "Rub it out and do it over again, mamma. There ain't goin' to be no trousseau. No wedding bells for me."

Mrs. Kip rolled large eyes in Daphne's direction and looked deaf. Daphne

She Went to Her Room and Found Her Mother There, Dismally Engaged in Writing a Letter to Her Father.

held out her denuded engagement finger in proof that she and Clay were betrothed.

"Good gracious!" was Mrs. Kip's profane comment. "Why on earth did you—"

"Because I'm too expensive for him."

"What are you going to do—go back to Cleveland and tell everybody that you're going to get married, after all this trouble?"

"No, I'm not going back to Cleveland, and I am going to get married—but later, much later."

"I hate conundrums," said Mrs. Kip. "Better tell me the answer, for I won't guess. What are you going to do?"

"I'm going to lend a hand," said Daphne. "Do my share. Get a job and earn my board and keep."

"Heaven help us! You've gone crazy!" Mrs. Kip exclaimed. "You get to bed and you'll feel better in the morning. I'll finish my letter."

She added, unbeknownst to Daphne, a postscript as long as the letter, contradicting all she had just written and urging her husband to come East at once and take charge of his unruly daughter. She dropped it in the mail chute, and it fell into a bottomless pit, along with her other hopes.

Daphne and her mother were uneasy at the prospect of the breakfast encounter with the bridal couple. There had been a sense of strain the first morning. But now a bitter quarrel had intervened—that first ugly quarrel when the wedge of finance is driven between united hearts.

Bayard and Leila, however, arrived at the table all smiles, more amorous than ever. Leila wore a triumphant smile, such as Delilah must have worn the second time she went out walking with her big beau.

It was plain to the anxious eyes of Mrs. Kip and Daphne that Leila had emerged from the quarrel with all the loot and aggravated power.

She had taken advantage of her husband's trust and abused his generosity recklessly, with no more evil motive, indeed, than the wish to beautify herself in his honor, and yet with recklessness.

It was not altogether Leila's fault if the lesson she learned, perhaps unconsciously, from the combat was something like this:

"I ran my husband into debt without consulting him. His listless love woke from its torpor and enchanted me with a first-class demonstration of its energy. He stormed. I wept thrillingly. He apologized, begged to be permitted to bring me some more nice things. Ergo, when home life grows dull, I can always stir up the fire by buying something we can't afford. When I want anything I must get it. I shall be scolded, then kissed and treated with awe. If I hadn't bought it I wouldn't have had now the bonus that goes with it. If we had not quarreled we should have missed the rapture of 'making up.'"

This is one of the first lessons that certain sorts of husbands teach to certain sorts of wives.

When the man of the house had departed for his office, and the waiter had carried off the breakfast relics, the three women were left alone in a completely feminine conclave. They faced life like three Norns: the old mother, the new wife, and the deferred wife, each from her colgn of disadvantage.

The two married women turned on the maid, with common resentment. They were married and dependent and she had her independence. They were Tories and she a Whig. It was their privilege to rail at things as they were, but it was their religion to frown on changing them. Mrs. Kip senior spoke for Mrs. Kip junior.

"Now, Daphne, tell us what is this new foolishness all about?"

Daphne answered, stoutly: "It's not foolishness. It's the first glimmer of sense I've ever had. I'm sick of the idea of always living on the mercy of some man, taking his charity or his extravagance. I've always been a drag on poor daddy, and I was getting ready to shift my weight over to poor Clay's back. But I don't think a woman ought to be dependent on a man. I think she ought to bear her share of the burden."

"As if she didn't!" Mrs. Kip broke out. "As if the home weren't just as much labor as the office."

Leila attacked her from another direction. "For goodness' sake, Daphne, don't lose your head. Don't you imagine for a moment that a husband will be happier and love his wife better because she earns wages. The harder you work for men, the better they like somebody else. The harder a man works for you the better he likes you. Best of all, he loves the woman that tries to break him."

Daphne's answer was a snappy: "I don't believe it! I'd despise a man that felt that way."

The three women wrangled with wise saws and modern instances, and they were in a perilous state of dissension when the telephone rang. Leila answered it and her outcries of indignation alarmed Mrs. Kip and Daphne till they learned the cause.

Bayard had called up to say that his luncheon party must be postponed. Outrageous business had made another insidious attack on love.

Leila came from the telephone in a state of desperation mitigated by the fact that Bayard had asked her to take his mother and Daphne shopping and buy them and herself something worth while as an atonement for his abandonment.

So they set forth again on another onset against the ramparts of beauty. To the silent horror of Daphne and her mother, Leila was persuaded to buy a new coat and a new hat and to pay for them by the convenience of opening two new accounts at the suggestion of two soapy salesmen. Bayard's surrender after his first battle had already accomplished the expected result.

Everything was the very latest thing and yet was marked down. But Daphne priced things now with a new soul. She was thinking in the terms of wages and toil.

"Is she going to earn fifty thousand a year some day, but she supposed that at first she would earn very little—twenty-five dollars a week, perhaps.

For the first time in her existence she vividly understood how all these fairy tissues were the products of human labor, paid for with wages and to be sold for other wages. Pearls were drops of sweat; perfumes were the signs of weary men; soft fabrics were the hard spinning of human silkworms.

Bayard was even now racking his brain to accumulate what three women were squandering.

So Daphne meditated as she had never meditated before and might not often meditate again. She refused to buy a thing. Her mother could only explain her mood as a symptom of an illness and advise her to get home to bed. There was something suspicious in the condition of a girl who could look with qualms of conscience or appetite on such a banquet.

At length fatigue and faintness reminded Mrs. Kip, senior, that she had not eaten and the hour was late. She called for her luncheon and they went together to a tearoom. Here Daphne

Perhaps There Is No Form That Satan Takes Oftener Than That of a Fashionable Gown.

had another attack of eccentricity; a stubborn determination to go home and send back to Dutilh the wicked gown that she had bought of him on credit.

She had left the house without returning it and she was afraid that there would be difficulties if she delayed. Fortunately there had been no alterations in the gown.

Perhaps there is no form that satan takes oftener than that of a fashionable gown. In that shape he offers women the conquest of the world. But Daphne resisted him and said to Leila: "Get thee behind me, satan! I'm going to return this gown and let Dutilh give Bayard credit for it. I won't look at another gown till I can pay for it out of my own earnings. I'll not get married till I can buy the rest of my trousseau myself. I've decided that an independent woman must buy her own trousseau."

Even in the eyes of ambition this promised to require a fairly long period—a period so lengthy that she wondered if Clay's love would outlast it.

She did love him and the thought of losing him alarmed her more than the thought of losing the precious gown.

Leila woke from her meditation with a sudden "Come along; we must dress for the tea-fight."

Mrs. Kip, senior, amused the young Kips by thinking aloud: "I wonder if that nice Mr. Duane will be at the tea?"

"Oh! shamie shame!" cried Leila. "It's a regular intrigue. No, he won't be there. Telephone him at the Racquet club and he'll come to you. He's usually there."

Daphne did not see the start the artless hint gave Daphne, who had learned by accident what she had not known how to find out otherwise. Daphne concealed her agitation in the briskness with which she concluded the affair of the Dutilh gown. She folded it up and laid it back in the box as if it were a baby she was about to leave on a doorstep. She kissed it good-by and put the lid over it and tied it up with a crazy combination of strings of various sorts.

She refused to go to the tea party, now that the gown was lost, and she said she had letters to write.

But when her mother and Leila had left her she wrote only one letter—a note of regretful rejection to Dutilh. She pinued it to the box and sent it off by a messenger. Then she telephoned to Tom Duane.

She did not quite realize the temerity of calling a man at his club, and Tom Duane misunderstood her, imputed her innocence to its opposite. He remembered her as a pretty thing. If she were brazen—well, he liked brass in certain forms. When she said that she wanted to have a serious talk with him at his convenience, he made it the immediate moment at the cost of breaking an engagement at tennis.

He asked her if she would not meet him somewhere for tea, but she said that she preferred to see him at her brother's apartment. His invitation aroused her suspicion. Her invitation confirmed his.

Daphne's heart was beating excitedly while she waited for him and she began to feel that she had put herself in a wrong light. When Duane arrived and the maid showed him into the living room Daphne tried to redeem herself by a businesslike directness.

"Mr. Duane, you must think it very peculiar of me to drag you up here."

"I think it's mighty kind of you."

"You say that before you hear what I'm going to ask you. I'm going to ask you to do me a tremendous favor."

"That will be doing me a tremendous favor," he said.

Then she amazed him with her request: "You offered yesterday—of course I know you didn't mean it—but you offered to get me a job with a theatrical manager."

Duane's hospitable smile hardened into a grimace of anxiety. He mumbled, "Oh, yes."

"You know Mr. Raven—or whatever his name is—very well, don't you?"

"Mr. Raven—oh, yes—yes, I know him fairly well."

"I want to go on the stage. Would you dare introduce me to Mr. Raven?"

"Indeed I will, and proud to do it."

"Do you think he'll give me a—a job?"

"I'll make him."

"How can I ever repay you?"

Her hand went out to him and he took it and squeezed it, and it squeezed his gratefully. But he did not let go. Duane seemed to be excited suddenly.

Daphne drew her hand back, but his came with it, and he followed close upon. There was a look in his eyes that made her uneasy. His voice was uncertain as he said:

"You can repay me easily enough, if you want to."

"I do. But how? How?" she asked anxiously, quite daring to wrench her hand free.

"By—by being—by being kind to me."

"Kind? How?"

He did not answer with words, but he lifted her hand with both of his to his lips. It was an act of old-fangled gallantry that could hardly be resented. But, manlike, having made a formal surrender, he tried to take command. One hand held hers, the other swept round her shoulders and pressed her against him, without roughness yet with strength. His lips moved now, not toward her hand, but toward the sacredness of her mouth.

The future seems bright to Daphne as she is given what she believes is the opportunity to realize her ambition. So few difficulties are in the way at the beginning that she cannot see those that may loom up in the future.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

NOT AN UNMIXED BLESSING

Washington Man Rejoiced Over "Autoless Sunday" Until Awful Thought Came to His Mind.

"Something is always happening to take the joy out of life," he said, mournfully.

"Something always happens, or somebody always says something, and if they don't I have to think of something myself," he continued.

"When I saw that news about the supply of gasoline being short, with probably not a month's supply left, I rejoiced. You see, I don't own an automobile, and, what is more, my nerves must be sensitive, because they worry me.

"They awake me at midnight with a terrific banging and snorting, and disturb my slumbers at six o'clock in the morning with mingled roars and explosions like unto antediluvian monsters.

"If I had my way I'd restrict the use of automobiles from nine o'clock in the morning to six o'clock at night. But—well, when I thought the gasoline was giving out, I must confess I rejoiced. Selfish? Maybe. But I had no sooner rejoiced than I thought—"

The mournful man smiled sorrowfully.

"I thought," he said, "that with all the automobiles out of business, there would be just that many more people to ride on the street cars."—Washington Star.

Impress Left by Romans.

The old Romans and still older Celts have left their traces thickly strewn in the backwoods of the country through which the victorious allied armies advanced during the latter part of the war. Valenciennes was named after the Roman emperor, Valentinian, just as Orleans was named after Emperor Aurelian. The mark of the Celt is seen in the dun, or fortress, of the ever-famous Verdun, and, though now contracted out of existence, in the towering old city of Le-on, the stronghold of the Merovingians. The River Meuse, perhaps the river most connected with war, has the most peaceful of names, Mense being Celtic for the River of Meadows.

Shun Heedlessness.

The nerve-racking chase after self-gratification or material gain often blinds to the nobler sentiments; and the cold, perhaps unintentional, slight inattention or rude, though thought less, rebuff wounds still further an already sore and bleeding soul whose flagging and dejected spirits might have, with a sympathetic glance, a smile of approval, or a welcoming gesture, been set all atune, the harmony to be passed along.—Great Thoughts.

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

By MARY GRAHAM BONNER.

SILVER KING'S DELIGHT.

"I simply cannot understand it," said Silver King.

"What can't you understand, my dear?" asked Mrs. Silver King.

Now the Silver Kings were very, very happy and they were feeling more gentle and less wild than usual because of their great happiness.

It was cold! Oh, it was so very cold. The wind was blowing for all it was worth, the air was freezing cold, all around was snow and ice and wind and wintry blasts.

"I simply cannot understand it," said Silver King, once more.

"What can't you understand, my dear?" asked Mrs. Silver King again.

"I can't understand the people who are complaining of the cold, and I can't understand the people who are trying not to admit it is cold."

"Then there are two things you simply cannot understand," said Mrs. Silver King.

"True, quite true, my love," said Mr. Silver King.

"It seems mighty strange to think of people complaining of this delightful and ideal weather. I love Old Man Zero. Oh, when he comes around," Mrs. Silver King continued, nodding her head as she talked, "and keeps on dropping the temperature on the thermometer, or whatever it is they call it—well I think he is wonderful when he does that."

"He's fine," agreed Silver King. "But, my dear, it is true there are foolish people who actually think this weather is dreadful.

"They go about with red noses and pinched looking fingers and walking on their feet as though they hurt dreadfully. And they rub their ears and blow their noses and altogether they make a shameful fuss.

"They don't know enough to appreciate a good cold day like this. Why, only a little while ago, a creature they call a man came and stood outside my den for just a moment. I gave him one look out of the corner of my eye as though to say: 'Well, you think I'm a quiet one, do you? Well, I will show you that I don't regard your opinion in the least. I pay no attention to what you think or say. I'm the great polar bear who comes from the north, and the polar bear next door is my wild wife.'"

Mrs. Polar Bear, or rather, Mrs. Silver King, smiled her wild smile.

"It was good of you to tell him I was wild," she said. "I would hate to have him think I was a foolish, gentle creature."

"I wouldn't have had him think such a thing for worlds," said Mr. Silver King.

"Well," he continued after a pause, "I jumped right in my icy water as a

"Well, That Is More Than I Can Stand."

true polar bear should do. The wind howled and the wind blew, and oh, how happy I was."

"I can understand it," said Mrs. Silver King, "for I am going to have an icy bath in the place where the ice has been broken for me, just as soon as you finish talking."

"I splashed, and I played on the ice cakes, and the man, poor shivering thing that he was," said Mr. Silver King, "went on shivering, drew his collar up tighter and said: 'Well, that is more than I can stand.'

"Then," continued Mr. Silver King, "I cannot understand the silly people who try to pretend that this weather isn't as cold as any weather there has been for years and years—in fact, since I have been in the zoo, I cannot remember any colder weather."

"Neither can I," agreed Mrs. Silver King.

"But these people like to pretend that they once knew colder weather, and they really cannot remember any colder days than these have been. Anyway they're very, very cold, and they won't admit it. So I haven't much use for the people who foolishly shiver and I haven't much use for the people who won't admit it is cold when it is—gloriously so. If they really didn't think it was cold—that is too cold—they would enjoy it. But they don't. They won't give Old Man Zero any praise at all and they aren't happy in this delightful cold snap during this wondrously cold winter.

"Yes," ended Mr. Silver King, "I call this weather my delight."

Thick.

Professor (to Johnny)—Define what is meant by density.

Johnny—I can't define it, sir, but I can give an example.

Professor—The example is good. Sit down.

Filling Your Place.

Whatever your place in the world, set yourself to fill it. Do not give anyone an excuse to wish for another worker in your stead. Fill your place to the least exaction, the smallest requirement. No one outgrows his place unless he first has filled it.—Gitt's Companion.

Cane and Beet Sugar.

The analysis of cane and beet sugar is precisely the same when they are pure—12 parts carbon, 22 parts hydrogen and 11 parts oxygen.

YOUR CHANCE HERE

Unbounded Prosperity Ahead of Western Canada.

Opportunity Seekers Settlers of All Kinds—"With the Golden Wave That Marked the Way the Happy Reapers Went"—James Whitcomb Riley.

The war being now brought to a favorable conclusion, more attention can now be given to the agricultural and industrial development of Western Canada, which were checked by the troublous times of the past four years. Now that these are over, the rapid development of the country will be continued.

True, much agricultural progress has been made during this time. Crop production has been greatly increased, the number of live stock has steadily grown, and with such encouraging year the dairying and wool industries have become more important. But despite this forward march, many phases of development have been held in check. The activities of farmers, too, have been greatly hampered by shortage of labor, and, under the circumstances, what they have achieved can only be described as marvelous.

Excepting those industries closely allied to agriculture, such as butter and cheese manufacture, industrial activity in the Prairie Provinces has been almost at a standstill. And even in these branches extensions have been strictly limited to those of urgent necessity. Building has been considerably curtailed, especially in the towns and cities, though many commodious and up-to-date dwellings, barns and other buildings have been erected by farmers in the country. Indeed, the amount of building farmers have done is one of the outstanding signs of their prosperity; but considerably more of it would have been done had not the more important work of food production received priority in the labor available. Railway construction work has been almost entirely suspended.

With more help available, and the use of the labor-saving devices that have been adopted during the last few years great advances in the agricultural development of Western Canada might be looked for even if no new settlers were expected; but the coming of thousands of prospective settlers who have hitherto been deterred only by the unsettled conditions from making their homes in this last great West will give a considerable impetus to every phase of agriculture in these Prairie Provinces.

Hand in hand with the development of agriculture, there will be a renewal of industrial activity. For the establishment of such industries as sugar refineries, canneries, and many other industries for the utilization of the products of the land, as well as for the extension of the already important industries of butter and cheese manufacture, are splendid opportunities. Mining, lumbering, quarrying, the manufacture of clay products are also a few industries capable of considerable growth, and to which greater attention can now be devoted.

To provide accommodation for present business requirements alone would keep the building trade busy, for a long time, but with further development in the cities it is impossible to foresee any slackness in any branch of this trade. And the number of farmers who needs have outgrown their present accommodation and who have been awaiting an opportunity to replace their buildings by larger and more modern ones, is considerable and constantly increasing. Municipal work will be gradually resumed, and the railways have much work in contemplation.

All this points to a period of great prosperity in Western Canada—agricultural and industrial prosperity. The former is the more important, for on it the latter depends. Being primarily an agricultural country, Western Canada will probably pass through the readjustment period with little difficulty.

There is no reason to believe that farming will be less remunerative than it has been in the past; there are, on the other hand, many good and sound reasons for believing that the returns will be as large as ever. One thing is certain: Intelligent farming on the fertile prairies of Western Canada, requiring as it does the smallest possible capital outlay compared with that required to get a start in older settled countries, will continue to be one of the quickest and surest ways to independence that can be followed by the average man.—Advertisement.

People who cease to fight do not cease to eat.

Keep your liver active, your bowels clean by taking Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Small, easy pill, keep healthy, wealthy and wise. Adv.

Salvation cannot be purchased.

Don't Go From Bad to Worse!

Are you always weak, miserable and half-sick? Then it's time you found out what is wrong. Kidney weakness causes much suffering from backache, lameness, stiffness and rheumatic pains, and if neglected, brings danger of serious trouble—dropsy, gravel and Bright's disease. Don't delay. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands have helped thousands and should help you.

A Wisconsin Case

Mrs. Aug. Miller, Deer Park, New Richmond, Wis., says: "My kidneys acted irregularly and the pain and annoyance from bladder trouble was awful. I hadn't been able to get any relief from any of the medicines I had used and didn't know what to do. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills in a drug store, I decided to try them. Doan's relieved me right away. Four boxes entirely cured me. I give Doan's credit for saving my life."

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Going to Build?

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Now, while you have time

After a while you will be busy with your farm work

After a while the hauling will be worse than now

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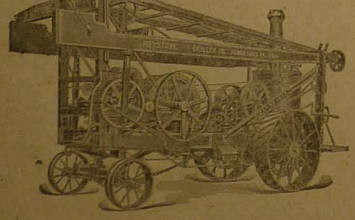

A. C. YOST

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THURSDAY, FEB. 6, 1919

BEGIN TO RENEW FORESTS

England and Scotland Have Already Started to Replace Trees Cut Down During the War.

England and Scotland are preparing to replant forests which have been cut to provide war supplies. They are not waiting until peace is concluded, but are doing it now. Never before have those countries been so bare of timber. Hunting ranges and sporting grounds have been sacrificed to supply munition factories at home and armies abroad. The old forests were primarily ornamental and incidentally useful, but those which are now being provided for will be primarily useful and incidentally ornamental, says Robert H. Moulton in Popular Mechanics Magazine.

In the United States we are not in so much need of tree planting as they are in the British Isles. But there are two kinds of timber which the war demand has greatly depleted, and they are kinds of much importance—locust and black walnut.

There is another point to be considered in the planting of forests. They can be grown on sandy tracts of land which are now considered of no value, and thus reclaim the land.

An excellent illustration of what can be accomplished in the way of reclaiming useless land through the planting of trees has been carried out during the last six or eight years by a resident of Whiteside county, Illinois. In these years he has accomplished the seemingly impossible task of turning some 70 acres of sand, formerly as barren as the desert of Sahara, into a flourishing forest. Nor is that all; for this forest, acting as a sand blower, has been the means of saving other fertile acres from the inroads of the drifting sand, and the total result being that the farm has increased several times in value. The sandy tracts, which, before being planted to trees, were practically worthless, are now worth anywhere from $50 to $100 an acre.

HOLYOKE HAS LOST HONOR

Town Officially Declared Not to Have Been the Birthplace of Junius Spencer Morgan.

Holyoke, Mass., which has long claimed the honor of being the birthplace of Junius Spencer Morgan, grandfather of the present J. P. Morgan, has been shorn of this fame by the town of West Springfield. This decision has been rendered by the Connecticut Valley Historical society.

The explanation lies in the fact that the present city of Holyoke was formerly a part of the town of West Springfield and that, contrary to Holyoke's contention, and the assumption of the Morgan family, the birthplace of ancestral home of Junius-Spencer Morgan is still included within the boundaries of West Springfield, though by a narrow margin.

The present J. P. Morgan received an opportunity to perpetuate family history in West Springfield through the instrumentality of any public gift which appealed to his fancy. Though Mr. Morgan was uncompetitive, the contest between Holyoke and West Springfield for birthplace honors progressed merrily and was settled only recently.

Aviators' Ailments.

Rarefied air affects the aviator as well as his engine, and those who plan to make flying a regular vocation or to make frequent flights to a considerable height are liable to difficulties in adjusting themselves to the new conditions. Etienne and Lamy reported to the French Academy of Medicine that enlargement of the heart develops in all aviators, in ascending to an altitude where the atmospheric pressure is half that normal to the body or less, extra work is suddenly thrown upon the heart, and if this is repeated often or long continued some adjustment is the natural course. The hypertrophy seems to vary in degree with the height frequented. Chasing and bombing airplanes usually fly above 13,000 feet, and the heart enlargement induced is greater than among the groups of fliers who keep in the zone from 3,000 to 10,000 feet above sea level.

But There Was a Difference.

Here is a story concerning Sir Arthur Pinero.

It appears that he was on the point of rehearsing a new play, the rehearsal being timed to begin at eleven o'clock.

Looking around at the assembled company, he noticed that one lady was absent.

"Where is Miss Blank?" asked Sir Arthur sharply of his stage manager.

"She has permission to come at 11.30," was the reply, "as she is washing her head."

"Nonsense," growled Sir Arthur, in pretended anger, as he took off his hat, displaying his bald head. "Why, I wash my head every morning, yet I'm never late for rehearsal."

Flu Slays Poor Mexicans.

Ravages of Spanish influenza among the poor charcoal burners who live in the mountains surrounding the Mexican capital are said to be responsible for the unprecedented price which that commodity is bringing. In the last month charcoal, which is generally used for cooking purposes, has increased about 500 per cent in cost. The municipality has made arrangements to buy this product in quantities and retail it at reduced figures. One paper in the capital states that stocks 90 per cent of the Indians who supplied the City of Mexico with the fuel were victims of the scourge.

Small Coinage Doubles.

During last year the coinage of pieces under $1 in value was 714,000,000, or nearly double the coinage of 1917, and approximately five times the coinage of 1916. The coinage of pennies reached $1,195,284, and there were more than $1,000,000 in coin of smaller letter half dollars, quarters and dimes.—Utica Press.

GASOLINE for Winter Use

Buy your gasoline here for winter use. You will find our gasoline much better for use in cold weather than ordinary low grade gasoline. Our gasoline has a gravity test of 60° and will not freeze up your feed pipes. Try it and be convinced. Price, per gal., 28c

High grade red kerosene for lighting purposes, per gal. 22c

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Pine City, Minnesota

Come To The

NORTHWESTERN Automotive & Industrial EXPOSITION

YOU and your friends are invited to come to the Northwestern Automotive & Industrial Exposition to be held in Minneapolis from February 15th to 22nd. This great Exposition will include the Annual Northwestern Tractor Show, The Annual Northwestern Automobile and Truck Show, The Annual Exhibit of Machinery and Labor Saving Devices for Farm and Home, and The Annual Industrial Exhibit. It will be the largest and most complete Exposition of its kind ever held and by far the biggest event of the year.

To the Farmer this Exposition will present all that is worth while in tractors, trucks, farm implements, electric light and power plants, milking machines and other labor saving farm machinery.

To the women of the Northwest it will display all that is novel in the machinery of the household from washing machines to vacuum cleaners.

To town people it will reveal the modern methods that are helping to keep the farms of this territory in first place in point of motorized operation and businesslike management.

Make Up a Party

Don't miss "Show Week." There's no end to the educational value of the exhibits—and, besides, it will be a treat to travel through the largest Convention Hall in America, transformed by master decorators into a fairyland of light, color and beauty. You will enjoy the dancing, music by two bands, vocal soloists and a quartette, war relics, a six inch rifle, a Browning machine gun in action, Whippet Tanks, armored cars and the many other features that have been provided for your entertainment.

REMEMBER THE DATES:

February 15th to 22nd

EXPOSITION BUILDING — MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Under the Auspices of
MINNEAPOLIS AUTOMOBILE TRADE ASSOCIATION
707 Andrus Building, Minneapolis

We Gotta Have It

We lost! Yes, we know it—that is why we positively MUST have this next game: Sandstone versus Pine City at Sandstone on Friday evening, Feb. 7. Everybody to Sandstone on that date, by car, by train, by hook or by crook—any way to get there! Boost. Make your boyword, "We gotta have it!" You know as well as everybody else that a game is won or lost on the side lines. Make the side lines all Pine City at Sandstone, Feb. 7—a week from tomorrow.—Contributed.

Tell The Poker the news.

Food and War.

We went into the war because the German general staff held the conviction that American wheat was more dangerous to the Teuton army than American soldiers could ever be, says Ralph W. Pope, whose discussion of the food situation appears in the World's Work. They realized what we soon discovered—"that food will win the war." The ruthless submarine campaign that outraged Christendom was primarily directed against the transatlantic journeys of the Chicago pig en route to the Tommy's breakfast. Rather than risk the replenishment of the pork's larder from the harvest fields of Kansas, William the Conquered elected to defy the results.

Stepping From Under.

"We mustn't overlook the fact that Austria was against us in this war," says Senator Penrose, adding, "We are in the habit of blaming everything on Germany and if we don't watch out Austria is liable to escape just penalties. Austria reminds me of Percy Jones.

"Percy Jones likes to be called a regular fellow and quite gallant," said a mutual friend to another.

"But is he gallant?" questioned the friend.

"Well, I'm not sure. He changed his wife's name from Mae to Ida so he wouldn't feel ashamed when he licked it."

(First publication Feb. 6)

Mortgage Sale

Whereas, default has been made and now exists in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and delivered by Elmer Mayle and Anna Mayle, his wife, mortgagors, to Peter Pieper, mortgagee, dated June 3rd 1915, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, Pine County, Minnesota, on the day of June 1915, at 9 o'clock A. M. in Book No. 19 of Mortgages, on page 4 of Mortgages.

Whereas there is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum Four Hundred and seven and ($407) and no 100 Dollars, principal and interest, and the further sum of Five Hundred and Thirty (530) and no 100 Dollars taxes paid by said mortgagee pursuant to the terms of said mortgage, and further sum of Three (3) and 75-100 Dollars, paid by said mortgagee for the insurance on the buildings situated upon the premises described in said mortgage, pursuant to the terms of said mortgage, and the sum of Five Hundred and eleven (511) and no 100 Dollars, and

Whereas no action or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given, that pursuant to the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage and situate in the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, to wit: Lots numbered Nine (9), Ten (10), Eleven (11), and Twelve (12) in Block numbered Forty Eight (48) of the Original Plat of Pine City, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Pine County, State of Minnesota, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the debt then secured by said mortgage, at the front entrance of the Court House in the Village of Pine City, in the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, on Saturday the 8th day of March 1919, at 10 O'Clock A. M. of said day, to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, said mortgage, and the costs and expenses of sale, and the attorney's fee of Twenty (20) Dollars stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

Dated February 5th, 1919.

FRANK PAPEK,
Mortgagee

S. G. L. Remsberg,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Pine City, Minn.

(First publication Jan. 23)

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will

Estate of Claude R. White

State of Minnesota } In Probate Court.
County of Pine }

In the Matter of the Estate of Claude R. White—Deceased.

The State of Minnesota to all persons interested in the disposition and probate of the willed said deceased. The petition of Elizabeth Conover Leach, filed and presented in court representing that Claude R. White, then a resident of the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, died on the 3rd day of November, 1918, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that the said instrument be allowed to the last will and testament of said deceased, and that the said executor be appointed thereon to Elizabeth Conover Leach.

Now Therefore, You and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before the Court at the Probate Court Room in the Court House, in the Village of Pine City, in said County of Pine, State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of February, 1919, at ten o'clock a.m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable I. E. Therrien Judge of said Court, and the seal of said Court, this 21st day of January, 1919.

J. E. THERRIEN,
(Court Seal.) Judge.

S. G. L. Remsberg,
Attorney for Petitioner.

(First publication Jan. 23)

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Daisy White.

State of Minnesota } In Probate Court.
County of Pine }

In the Matter of the Estate of Daisy White—Deceased.

The State of Minnesota to all persons interested in the grantment of administration of the estate of Daisy White, deceased.

Elizabeth Conover Leach having been filed in this Court a petition stating that Daisy White, then a resident of the County of Pine, State of Minnesota, died intestate on the 1st day of Nov. 1918, and praying that letters of administration of the said estate be granted to Elizabeth Conover Leach, and the same having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition.

Therefore you and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before the Court at the Probate Court Room in the Court House, in the Village of Pine City, in said County of Pine, State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of February, 1919, at ten o'clock a.m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said Court, and the seal of said Court, this 21st day of January 1919.

J. E. THERRIEN,
(Court Seal.) Probate Judge.

S. G. L. Remsberg
Attorney for Petitioner.

(First Pub. Jan. 23)

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon.

State of Minnesota, County of Pine—ss. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Michael Kiesch, Deceased.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to J. E. Therrien.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the deceased should exhibit their claims against his estate in this court, be and the same hereby is limited to six months from and after the date hereof, and that Monday, the 3rd day of April, 1919, at ten o'clock P. M., in the Probate Court Room, in the Court House, in the said County, be and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as may be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Pine Poker as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 20th, 1919.

J. E. THERRIEN,
Seal. Judge of Probate.

(First publication Jan. 23)

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution.

State of Minnesota, County of Pine—ss. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the estate of Thomas E. Thorsen, otherwise known as T. E. Thorsen, Deceased.

The State of Minnesota, to all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent. The report of H. O. Allen, administrator of said decedent, showing filed in this Court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the allowance and for adjustment of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons entitled thereto.

Therefore, You and each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before the Court at the Probate Court Room in the Court House in the Village of Pine City, in said County of Pine, State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of February 1919, at ten o'clock A. M., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Judge of said court, and the seal of said Court, this 17th day of January, 1919.

J. E. THERRIEN, Judge
Seal.

(First pub. Jan. 23)

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon

State of Minnesota }
County of Pine } In Probate Court
In the Matter of the Estate of Samuel Herzog, Deceased.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Sidney Berg.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the deceased should exhibit their claims against his estate in this court, be and the same hereby is limited to six months from and after the date hereof, and that Monday, the 3rd day of April, 1919, at ten o'clock P. M., in the Probate Court Room, in the Court House, in the said County, be and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as may be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Pine Poker as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 23rd, 1919.

J. E. THERRIEN,
Seal. Judge of Probate.

Wants to Rent a Farm

Would like to rent 60 or 80 acre farm in Pine City territory.—Stanley Hanson, Pine City, r. 4. 21-2p

Your neighbor takes The Poker.

Bring your clocks and watches to Stoecke the jeweler for repairs.

Combat the Spanish Influenza with Breckenridge's cold tablets and antiseptic mouth washes.

Tell The Poker the news.

Read This Again

BREATHES THERE

A MAN

in Pine City

With soul so dead, who
never to himself hath said

"It Pays
to
Advertise"

If such there be, it seems, forsooth,
That he was the boy who sensed the truth
That it "doesn't pay to advertise unless
you can deliver the goods."

Save Money

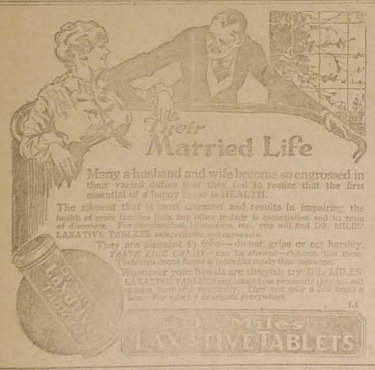
Leather is high priced
and you can't save on anything on the farm better than you can on your harness.

OIL UP---DO IT NOW
Before spring rains and spring work begin

Bring your harness in and we will oil it for you, or we will sell you the oil and you can do the work at home.

B. G. Haas

LEATHER STORE PINE CITY



The public cannot be efficiently served by a telephone company whose income is insufficient to pay its employees good wages, provide properly for the maintenance of its property, replace obsolete or worn-out equipment and pay its investors a reasonable return on their money such as they would expect to earn if it were invested in other business involving equal risk.

Ash Timber Wanted

I will pay $12 per cord, cash, for block ash timber for making hoops, delivered at my place by the Fair buildings in Pine City. Timber must be sound, straight-grained and free from knots. Everyone interested see me, or write.—I. A. Holler, Pine City, Minn.

A Smith-Premier typewriter, used but a short time, for sale reasonable. Inquire at The Poker office.

Your neighbors take The Poker.

Prepare for Another Day.

Prepare today for the morrow. It is the only way to advance rapidly and with success. He best succeeds who, in advance to demand, knows his abilities and shortcoming, who is able best to estimate his capacity for production, mental or physical. Prepare in economy for promotion, and promotion must come. Neglect to prepare for the future, and there will be no future. It is such neglect that has spelled stagnation for millions in the past, that will spell stagnation for millions in the future.—Milwaukee Journal.

Pine City News

Solo on alarm clocks—$1.50 clocks for $1.29 at Staacke the jeweler's.

The Methodist ladies aid will meet with Mrs. Schumacher next Wednesday afternoon.

Prescription work promptly and carefully attended at Prochaska's pharmacy. Prices right. adv.-tf

John Olson living east of town, returned, yesterday, after spending a couple of months in the Wisconsin lumber woods.

A special meeting of the Royal Neighbors will be held in the Pythian hall at 7:30 next Monday evening. New members will be voted on and a full attendance is desired.

Jos. Fitzgerald and Wm. Saumer returned, Monday, from France where they were both in the aviation branch of the national service in which they spent several months.

Dr. E. C. Roberts, optometrist, will be at Hotel Agnes Saturday, March 1st. Specialist in relieving all eye strain that causes headache, dizziness, floating spots, nervousness, sore and inflamed eyes, cataract, etc., without the use of drugs. Home office, St. Paul College of Chiropractic, 304 Baltimore Bl., St. Paul, Minn. 23

'The House of Silence', and few knew what happened behind its closed doors and barred windows. Not until an accident happened there did the truth come out. You'll enjoy seeing Wallace Reid ferret out the mysterious crime that happened in 'the house of silence.' See him in the Paramount feature of this name at the Family theatre, Saturday matinee and night.

Eyes tested, glases fitted, Prochaska's optical parlor. E. Prochaska, graduate registered optometrist. tf

I am the proud owner of a well of nice soft water, drilled by W. F. Richards, which was started and completed in nine days. I consider Mr. Richards understands the well business from A to Z and that those in need of a new well or of any repairs will do well to consult him as he has a full line of pumps and all repairs and is also agent for windmills and pump engines.—P. H. Anderson, 3 miles northwest of Pine City. 23-2

Toilet preparations, Boquet Ramee, Djer Kiss, Violet Dulce, Melba, at Prochaska's pharmacy, the Rexall store.

When we advertise Marguerite Clark most people come without question, but if you want a hint of what it is, we'll say it's one of those delightful pictures which allows this favorite to exercise her talent for both humorous and dramatic art—"Rich Man, Poor Man" is the offer—"Rich Man, Poor Man" is the offering at the Family theatre today—Thursday—Feb. 3, 10 and 20 cents, 7:30 and 8:45 o'clock

For your drug wants see Prochaska's pharmacy, the Rexall drug store. Quality and prices right. adv.

Mme. Lina Cavalieri's new Paramount photoplay, "Love's Conquest" which will be shown at the Family theatre on Saturday of this week, is said by experts to be a masterly production which will live long in the memories of all who see it. It is an historically correct picture of Athens in the early sixteenth century and the settings and appointments, including a live lion, are superb. Matinee and night, 10 and 20 cents.

The annual meeting of the co-operative creamery company will be held in the village hall on Feb. 8 at one o'clock p. m. The meeting will be open to all and everyone is invited.

Rexall cold tablets and White Pine cough syrup for your colds at Prochaska's pharmacy. adv

Wanted—Two good strong girls, not under 18, to work at Pokegama Sanatorium. Good pay, good board and room. Apply at once to the superintendent. 5-tf

The strange actions of Marshal Havens, Tuesday, aroused our curiosity, and upon our inquiry as to whether some rich uncle had died and left him a million dollars, he straightened up to full height and informed us that it was something better than that, that he had become great-grandfather, by the birth that day of a son to Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence of Pine City.—North Branch Review.

Butter From Coconut Milk.

Butter is churned from coconut milk as from cow's milk. According to a British patent of late date the milk is completely extracted by crushing the fresh kernel of the coconut to a paste with the addition of skimmed coconut milk from a later stage. The cellulose is then separated in a filter press, and the resinous matter is removed in a centrifugal separator. The cream is then collected from the purified milk in a centrifugal cream separator. The separated cream is pasteurized, subjected to a lactic fermentation, churned into butter, and this is washed with water. Albumen or vegetable casein is precipitated from the skimmed coconut milk by heat and powdered gypsum, and is collected, washed, pressed and dried.

Sapphire is New Fashion Gem.

That person who wishes to be in it, to use the English equivalent for the French phrase, will wear sapphires. Such is the edict of fashion. One reason for this is that it has been comparatively easy to imitate the ruby, hitherto enthroned as the show gem. Another probably is that the sapphire has been somewhat neglected and it is prudent to get rid of accumulated stock.

IN SHEER CRUELTY

Boches Operated on Prisoners Without Anesthetics.

Ample Proof That There Was No Shortage of Medical Supplies is Evidence of Fiendishness of Hun Surgeons.

A British prisoner taken near St. Quentin in March said that all amputations in Germany were being done without anesthetics, owing to alleged shortages of them. A correspondent writes:

"On the day that the prince of Wales entered Denain and attended the service of thanksgiving in the church there I lingered behind after all the ceremonies were over and talked with the inhabitants. They had been badly treated. They were full of the stories of their legitimate woes. One old man said to me:

"'M'sieu should see the English doctor. He knows!'

"I saw him. He was a major in charge of a Canadian field ambulance. When I found him, in the huge building which he had transformed into a hospital, he was busy superintending the treatment of women and pitiful little children who had been gassed by the Boches in defiance of all the laws of humanity. There was one little fellow howling with terror. He did not wish to remain with the military. He had only known the German soldier!

"'Well, then take him away, poor little chap,' said the major. 'Bring him back three times a day to be dressed.'

"Then the major and I talked of the successful Canadian attack and of the condition of the town when it had been taken. It was not a pretty story. It was, in fact, a terrible indictment against the Boche.

"They starved the civilians. The only meat they gave them in three years was three dead mules. And all the time their own officers were living on the best.'

"Then there was shortage?'

"'Oh, yes, there was a shortage; but the German officers did not feel it.'

"'And their other supplies? Your line, for instance—medical supplies?'

"The major laughed.

"'Come with me,' he said, 'and I'll show you a field medical cart that we captured just as they were driving it off. It is one of the most wonderful things I have ever seen.'

"We went into the transport yard and here we found something like a Scotch cart with a closed-in top, bearing the Red Cross on its sides. The major let down the back flap and we saw a series of drawers, like an enlarged card-index file cabinet. He pulled one out.

"'Look at that,' he said. 'There you have most of the drugs we have been short of for months—and have them in profusion. Morphia, chloroform—anything you like. It is the most perfect thing of its kind I have ever seen. You could sell that cart's cargo in England for its weight in gold. It contains some of the most valuable and rarest synthetic drugs in the world. It is treasure trove. . . . Like a souvenir? Here, then—here's a case of a dozen phials of morphine—or chloroform—or antipyrin.'

"That was in a field medical cart! If such a supply of rare drugs could be sent up practically to the front line, what must the German have had in his rear hospitals? What, then, can be his excuse for amputating the limbs of our wounded prisoners without anesthetics? Can it have been anything but wanton cruelty?

"That field medical cart is the evidence!"—Boston Transcript.

CHANCE FOR COAL EXCHANGE

Britain Has Too Much Anthracite and New York Has a Surplus of Bituminous.

In England the coal controller is trying to induce the people to burn anthracite in place of bituminous coal. He offers to exchange two tons of large anthracite for every ton of bituminous coal that consumers have on hand. In the eastern United States the fuel administration has been trying to get consumers to use bituminous coal in place of anthracite. Welsh anthracite mines are operating on part time, while English and Welsh bituminous coal mines are working overtime, says the New York Commercial.

This would be a fine chance for exchange of products if shipping were available, and it soon will be. New York city needs anthracite and can get a surplus of bituminous coal. England needs the latter and can spare the former. In England most of the people do not know how to burn anthracite. New Yorkers are ignorant of the way to use bituminous coal. The English persist in using open grates for heating rooms, and find it hard to make anthracite burn in them. In New York the open grate is found only in the homes of the wealthy. England shivers with plenty of anthracite in sight, while New York is threatened with a family of domestic sizes of anthracite. Each regards the other as pig-headed because neither knows how to use the fuel available. It's an odd world.

WELCOME DEATH'S COLD HAND

Little Wonder That Men Who Realize Their Appalling Loneliness Should End It All.

Alone. Not a living soul near to whom to speak. Forsaken it seems almost by God, whose presence scarce can penetrate the confused jangle of the city slums. Alone and penniless, with none to know or care. It is a harder lot by far than death. What wonder that men die?

Alone—with bitter thoughts of failure crowding through the interstices of a sluggish brain. Alone—with not even two coins to rub in warming friction, clammy hands thrust into empty pockets. It is hard to live and doubly hard to die. What wonder that men kill that breathing, pulsing thing within we call life? What wonder that men pass by their own hand from living death to deathless living?

They come and stay with us a while—and pass, defying God and man, themselves defied. And only they whose hearts beat with a richer, warmer, redder blood will understand.—Milwaukee Journal.

Pine City Mercantile Company

PHONE 33-3 THE RELIABLE STORE THE BIG STORE

We Guarantee the Goods That We Sell To Be Just as Represented

MEN'S FLANNEL SHIRTS

$1.48 $1.98 $2.48 and $2.98

MACKINAWS

For Men, Boys and Children, at 15% Discount

RUBBERS

Light and Heavy Rubbers for Everybody.

LUMBERMEN'S RUBBERS

One lot Lumbermen's Youths' 7" top Rubbers $1.50

MEN'S RED RUBBERS

Rubber with 12 and 14-inch best calfskin top, patent process rubber, $3.98

WOOL SOX

All weights and all prices, from 25 cents up.

(First publication Feb. 6)

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon

State of Minnesota, County of Pine—ss. In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles E. Trail—Decedent.

Letters of Administration this day having been granted to Sarrah A. Trail

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, and the same hereby is, limited to three months from and after the date hereof; and that Monday, the 13th day of May, 1919, at one o'clock p. m. in the Probate Court Room at the Court House at Pine City, Minnesota, said County, be and the same hereby is fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment, and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in The Pine Poker as provided by law.

Dated February 3rd, 1919.

(Court Seal) J. E. THERRIEN, Judge of Probate.

OUR Golden Key and Pure Rye Flours are super-Excellent for discriminating buyers.

The Question of Quality is answered by the intrinsic baking value in Golden Key Flour. It creates a standard of quality which but few millers attempt.

PINE CITY MILLING COMPANY

30=Day Free Trial Offer

We will bring a Lily to your home on a 30-day FREE TRIAL.

At the end of 30 days, if you like it, keep it. If you don't want to keep it, we will call for it at our expense. You will not invest one cent. The trial is ABSOLUTELY FREE.

Three Cows and a Lily Equal Five Cows and No Lily

We are offering you the LILY cream separator because the LILY is the machine we believe in. Its records and tests have convinced us that you can make more money from three cows and a LILY than with five cows ana no LILY. That ought to interest you.

We believe in the sturdy, simple, sanitary design; the working of the few closely grouped gears; the splash oiling system that doesn't fail; the one-adjustment feature which we will explain later.

Most of all we believe in the LILY bowl, which gets all the cream out of the milk, down to about one drop in each gallon. That's what counts.

Come in and see this good cream separator.

Pine City Hardware Company

QUALITY Hardware and Real Service

FIGHT MADE ON MOTOR CORPS

State Federation of Labor Offers Strong Opposition to Plan at Public Hearing.

WARNING IS SOUNDED

Bill, as Amended, Recommended to Pass—Sullivan-Wilcox Contest to Be Settled by Special Election—Budget Submitted.

St. Paul.—Speaking before the house committee on military affairs in public hearing and in a chamber packed to suffocation with people, the author of House File No. 7, known as the Motor Corps bill, gave warning of impending trouble should the legislature pass the bill in its present form.

Every speaker who spoke against the bill served warning on the committee that passage of the bill in its present form would mean further unrest.

The proponents based their argument to the committee largely on the record of the motor corps in the Tyler tornado and the forest fire disaster.

Opposition to any form of "state constabulary" was the keynote of representatives of labor. The bill was called "vicious" and "unstatesmanlike" and "reactionary."

Immediately following the adjournment of the hearing the committee went into executive session, and on motion of Representative J. P. Hompe the committee recommended the bill as amended to pass and be re-referred to the committee on appropriation.

Sullivan-Wilcox Contest.

St. Paul.—The Senate solved the George H. Sullivan-W. W. Wilcox election contest by ousting Wilcox, refusing to seat Sullivan and demanding that the voters of Washington county decide the issue at a special election.

The resolution, in a measure a compromise, was finally adopted by a unanimous vote after the senators, tired and hungry, had listened to more than six hours of debate.

Election to Settle Contest.

Governor Burnquist has fixed Feb. 29 as the date for the special election.

Safety Board Gets More Time.

The state Senate has given the Public Safety commission a breathing spell of 10 days instead of 60 days asked for by Senator F. H. Peterson, of Moorhead.

Senator Peterson had introduced two resolutions, one asking the continuance for 60 days of all commission orders relating to the liquor traffic, and the other calling for the continuance of orders establishing the home guard and motor corps.

The state senate, however, compromised by giving the commission a leeway of 10 days. That means that the commission will not revoke its orders as anticipated. In the meantime the legislature will come to some decision as to whether the commission should be continued or whether all of its orders should be revoked.

Governor Submits Budget.

Governor Burnquist has sent to the legislature the budget of state departments for the next two years, with a message, liberal in tone, and recognizing increases in the cost of necessities of life and also of supplies, travelling and other items for which state funds are provided.

$31,398,084 Is Asked.

The budget is recommended by the Governor in amounts requested by various departments, with a few exceptions. The requests of state departments for funds for the next two years, as previously made public, totaled $31,398,084, an increase of $11,975,250, or more than 33⅓ per cent over the appropriations for the present biennium.

For Higher Salaries.

The Wilkinson home bill, raising the salaries of the State Dairy Commissioner from $3,000 to $4,000 and that of his associates to amounts more nearly in proportion to the high cost of living, was recommended to pass.

Fixes Date of Special Elections.

Governor Burnquist has ordered a primary election for February 11 and a general election February 18 to fill the vacancies in the legislature caused by the recent deaths of Senator Carl L. Wallace of Minneapolis and Senator Harry F. Weis of Le Sueur.

Permits Loans on Unimproved Lands.

In anticipation of a general colonization scheme to develop unsettled lands in northern Minnesota, Senator Leonard H. Nord of International Falls introduced a bill to permit banks to extend loans on unimproved agricultural lands of the state, in amounts equal to one-third of the value of the land.

For State Insurance.

At the request of Senator Fred Rossette of Orr, members of the attorney general's office have drawn a proposed constitutional amendment which will permit the state of Minnesota to go into the insurance business on a big scale. Refusal of the old line insurance companies to take policies covering lands in Northeastern Minnesota make it necessary for the state to go into the business before unsettled lands in that part of the state are developed.

Honor Senator Nelson.

Sunday was Senator Knute Nelson's seventy-sixth birthday, and the Minnesota house of representatives honored the senator by unanimously passing a resolution paying tribute to his worth as a soldier, citizen and statesman. A certified copy was ordered forwarded to Senator Nelson at Washington.

Want Wheat Price Kept.

Senator Charles W. Gillam of Windom, chairman of the senate grain and warehouse committee, and Representative L. O. Teigen, a member of the house committee, have gone to Washington in company with O. P. B. Jacobson, of the railroad and warehouse committee, to urge that the government price of $2.26 on wheat be maintained until next spring. They will appear before the house committee on agriculture in Washington.

Hits Auto Thefts.

The Corning, Nimocks, Lennon, Nordlin bill, providing for the registration of automobiles with the register of deeds and the transfer and recording of titles as in real estate, has been passed by the house. It is aimed to prevent the sale of stolen cars.

Would Certify Potatoes.

As a result of the collaboration of potato growers in the house, Representative Daniel De Lury of Walker has prepared a bill authorizing a board of potato seed inspection and certification, with five members, who shall be the dean of the department of agriculture of the University of Minnesota, the president of the State Potato Growers' association, and three members to be appointed by the governor. These members shall serve without pay.

The bill calls for inspection during the growing season and after the harvest.

Certification of seed is being increasingly demanded by the southern states, said Representative De Lury. Oklahoma, and Texas will not allow seed potatoes to be shipped in without being tagged. The states of Wisconsin and Michigan already have a similar law, and the seed from these states sells for approximately $1 per hundred more than equally good seed from Minnesota.

State Grain Grades Asked.

Re-establishment of Minnesota grain grades in intrastate commerce, in preference to the Federal grades, is asked in a joint resolution prepared by Senator John L. Wold of Twin Valley and Representative Nels T. Moen of Fergus Falls.

Federal grades, the resolution asserts, are too technical for comprehensive use by small shippers, and are far more strict than those employed by the state.

Four Motor Corps Regiments.

The new Motor Corps bill provides that the corps shall consist of not more than four regiments, with sixteen companies to the regiment, each company to consist of sixty-to a enlisted men and three commissioned officers.

The new bill also adds an airplane squadron to be attached to the motor corps for administrative purposes. The flying squadron is to consist of three officers and thirty enlisted men to each airplane. Two motorcycles have been added to each motor company. The motorcycles were not provided in the original bill.

The appropriation is increased from $100,000 provided in the original bill to $150,000, of which $125,000 is for uniforms and equipment.

Congress Asked to Release Wheat.

A memorial to congress asking that means be provided immediately by the government to permit the shipment of the balance of last year's wheat crop held on northwest farms by embargo, was passed by the house with but one dissenting vote. The grain, according to Representatives O. C. Neuman, J. B. Gislason and O. A. Swenson, who framed the resolution, is jeopardized by the embargo because the farmers have no facilities for storing it.

Good Roads Measure.

The good roads bill, covering the Babcock plan, introduced by Senator McGarry will, if it passes the senate and house, go before the people at the next general election as a proposed amendment to the state constitution. In brief, it establishes a state trunk highway system of approximately 6,000 miles and limits the state road construction work to these trunk roads, which are to be built of hard-surfaced material. Tax on motor vehicles and, if necessary, a bond issue will furnish the $10,000,000 appropriation necessary for the prosecution of the work.

A secondary system, approximately 7,000 miles in length, of county roads will connect the various trunk highways. Still a third system of township roads will complete the chain of highways which road experts say will give Minnesota the best highway system of any state in the Union.

Will Sift Indian Charges.

St. Paul.—Charges of gross waste and inefficiency in the bureau of Indian affairs conduct in relation to the Chippewa Indians of Minnesota will be sifted as the result of action taken in the senate. Consideration of the matter was forced by Senator John G. Salmon of Frazee, when he attempted to force the passage of his resolution to memorialize congress not to include in its Indian appropriation funds for the maintenance of an Indian agency for the Minnesota Chippewa tribe.

Butter for State Institutions.

Manufacturers of dairy butter won a victory in the house committee on dairy products when the Welch bill, forbidding the use of butter substitutes in state institutions, was recommended for passage.

For Aids This Registry.

St. Paul.—Bills providing for registry of automobile titles, and creating research in school and institution economics in the state are introduced in house by Rogers.

State Board Sells Bonds.

St. Paul.—Carrying further its policy of converting investments of state trust funds in bonds of other states into Liberty bonds, the State Board of Investment has sold $905,000 of Massachusetts bonds for $887,313 and accrued interest to a syndicate. The investment board received disbursement on loans aggregating $90,000 and including $45,000 to Magnolia, Rock county, for a new school, and $20,000 to Tyler for refunding bonds. New loan applications were approved.

Gen. Wood Sounds Warning.

Detroit, Feb. 1.—Warning was issued against the growing Bolshevik menace in the United States by Major General Wood in an address here to the Four-Minute Men in which he urged them to "stick" and fight the Red movement. General Wood declared the Four-Minute Men must assist in creating employment for returning soldiers or face the result of a country torn apart by the industrial dispute. He warned that "this is not the last war. We don't want disgruntled men in this country."

The Housewife and Her Work

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)

GIVE THE BOYS AND GIRLS A SQUARE MEAL

Big Girls Prepare the Hot Dishes—Whole School Enjoys Them.

HOT LUNCH BIG HELP TO CHILD

Noon Meal for Youth Which Contains No Hot Dish Considered Back Number.

DEMONSTRATION AGENT AIDS

Department of Agriculture Officials Planned Easily Prepared Lunches and Taught Teachers How to Cook Simple Foods.

No, you didn't have any hot food at noon when you attended the little red school to which you trudged over two miles of roads that always seemed muddy, dusty, or waist deep with snow. But wouldn't even a hot cupful of cocoa have doubled your enjoyment of the stone-cold lunch?

Few grown-ups eat absolutely cold lunches day after day without grumbling, and yet that is what generations of school children have been supposed to do and to be able to recite brilliantly after stoking their little stomachs with that kind of fuel.

Hot Lunches in Rural Schools.

This is an age of progress, and what was considered good enough by grandfather is scorned by his grandson. Those who were in close touch with the educational problem, both in the city and country, realized what a handicap the child labored under who ate the average school lunch. The hot school lunch was, and is, the solution of what to do for many an apparently dull child.

Packing the noonday lunch for the school children is a very incidental part of the morning's work for most mothers, and the basket's contents show it. Cold griddle cakes, left from breakfast; soda biscuits, slabs of pie, pickles and other unsuitables form the bulk of the lunch. Then Kitty and Tommy, after eating this, are expected to guess the location of Kamchatka at the first try.

Aid of Demonstration Agents.

Nearly every school superintendent realized the necessity of changing or supplementing this kind of a lunch, and it was done in many places. The rank and file of teachers, however, had had no training in dietetics and some of them couldn't cook at all. Here was where the home demonstration agent's help was found invaluable. In every state in the Union—almost in every county—the home demonstration agents from the department of agriculture, who work in co-operation with the state agricultural colleges, have helped with the school-lunch problem. They have planned easily prepared lunches, taught teachers how to cook simple foods, and when more extensive plans were desired, helped the teacher to organize the families of the children attending her school. The United States department of agriculture has a publication which tells how to make school lunches more attractive and more nutritious. It is Farmers' Bulletin 712, and will be sent on request.

In most schools all that is attempted to serve is hot cocoa, soup, or creamed dishes. But in some localities the whole lunch is a community affair, one family sending enough food of one kind for all. Many mothers with two or three lunch baskets to pack prefer instead to send a pan of baked beans, two loaves of raisin bread, or an entire cake. When this method is followed, the teacher plans so the burden is shared equally. Each family is furnished once a week with a slip telling what is expected from it on each school day. This works out successfully in localities where the community life is strong.

Many ways of distributing the work at the school are used. In some localities each child furnishes its own dishes; in others they are provided by the school. A community adopts the plan best fitted to its needs. One of the plans of the home demonstration agents for the coming year is to see that every rural child will have a fair chance to develop into the strong, useful citizen he was intended to be, and they feel the hot lunch is one of the potent factors.

Keep Cloth Looking Like New.

To have fabrics, after laundering, possess their original appearance, care must be taken with colored materials that they do not fade, and with white materials that they remain snow white. Aside from this, suggests the department of agriculture, much depends on the sizing of cloth. Too much stiffening spoils its appearance and too little is quite as bad.

Most housekeepers use starch for stiffening ordinary clothing. Starch keeps the clothes clean longer and also acts as an absorbent for stain, thus saving wear on the fiber by making excess friction in laundering unnecessary. Manufacturers add other substances besides starch to their finished mixture and their practices have been adopted in home laundry work with success.

For instance, borax gives smoothness; paraffin, wax or turpentine gives gloss; and alum a certain degree of pliability. The substance used to whiten is bluing, which counteracts the yellow tinge. To use any finishing process successfully the mixture must be carefully worked into the fabric to insure uniform finish. This is done by dipping in and out of the starch and bluing and rubbing well between the hands.

Use the tea that is left over for cleaning the grained woodwork. It is excellent for this purpose, but should be used cold.

THIS YEAR'S HOME DEMONSTRATION PLANS

Leaders in 33 northern and western states have recommended the following projects for immediate work by the home demonstration agents:

1. Continuation of the thrift campaign, the foundation for which was laid in war conservation work. This is especially necessary while prices remain high and wages tend to return to lower levels. It is imperative that the whole nation unite in developing habits of thrift.
2. Home production of food.
3. Increased home conveniences.
4. Marketing of products of home industries.
5. Continuation and extension of food work inaugurated by the food administration with special emphasis on nutrition.
6. Continuation of the work started by the children's bureau so as to emphasize the importance not only of proper feeding, but of right sanitary conditions and care of infants and children.
7. Teaching of home nursing, the need for which was demonstrated by the influenza epidemic and the shortage of nurses.
8. Improvement of living conditions of women in industry and of families receiving public benefit such as given by the civilian relief of the Red Cross or by the state (mothers' pensions).
9. Development of better housing conditions, as a continuation of the improvement of standards set for laborers in war industries.
10. Work with foreign women in both rural and urban districts to aid in Americanization.

OF INTEREST TO THE HOUSEWIFE

When making fruit cake the raisins will not sink if they have first been cooked.

* * *

The quickest remedy for burns is common face soap—spread it on immediately.

Mop and floor cloths knitted of soft string are excellent.

* * *

Creamed sole is a pretty dish served in green pepper cases.

* * *

To be wholesome pork must always be thoroughly cooked.

* * *

Bean stew with little cold bits of meat added is nourishing.

* * *

Cabbage is nourishing because of the gluten contained therein.

STATE BREVITIES

St. Cloud—Stearns county subscribed $63,552.11 in the united war work campaign, according to a report issued by A. G. Whitney, Stearns county chairman.

Thief River Falls. — The district court convened in this city this week. There are scheduled but seventeen cases—one of the smallest calendars for some time.

Ortonville — The Ortonville high school has abandoned its debate this year because the influenza epidemic made it impossible for contestants to hold meetings.

Virginia — Father John Limmer, formerly of Cloquet, has arrived to assume the duties as pastor of the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, succeeding Father W. J. Powers.

St. Paul.—Inheritance taxes of $731 were paid the state on the estate of James T. Morrie, who died Oct. 31, 1917, in Minneapolis. Property valued at $61,238 was left to the widow.

St. Cloud—A committee has been appointed by the Commercial club directors to work with one appointed by the Business Men's association on the question of a new Armory for this city.

St. Cloud—Lawrence Notch, a pioneer of Albany, died in the St. Joseph home here. He was 87 years of age and has been a resident of Albany since his coming to this country, sixty years ago.

Thief River Falls—The Soo railway has again notified its agents along the Duluth-Thief River Falls line that live stock will be picked up on Saturdays instead of Tuesdays hereafter until further notice.

Crookston. — Shelly, a village near here, has contracted for a modern electric light plant. Thomas T. Johnson, owner and manager of the plant, declared that Shelly could easily support the project.

Rochester—Lieut. George Willard Parlow, one of Minnesota's two aces, has arrived home here. Parlow is officially credited with five Hun planes, and was cited for valor and presented with the Distinguished Service Cross.

Aitkin—Mrs. Hattie Safford has received a letter from her son, Capt. Orren Safford, reported missing in France, who was captured and taken to the prison camp at Baden, Germany. With a companion, he escaped from prison, walked across the Black forest to the Rhine and arrived safely within the Allied lines.

Stillwater—David Bronson, for the last 64 years one of Stillwater's most influential local men, died at his home. He was 85 years old. Mr. Bronson came to Stillwater in 1855. He has been interested in the town's largest business interests, and at the time of his death, was chairman of the board of directors of the Lumberman's National bank.

Minneapolis. — J. O. Bentall, sentenced to one year in Crow Wing county jail at Brainerd upon conviction of obstructing the draft, has begun his term. Bentall also is under sentence of five years in the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth for violation of the espionage act. An appeal is pending. He was convicted of draft obstruction for inducing a farm hand to neglect to register.

Cloquet—Mrs. Maud Anderson, publisher of the Gilbert Herald, lost the end of one of her thumbs, while the weekly issue of the paper was being run, when she attempted to rub a fleck of ink off one of the forms. The rag in her hand caught in the mechanism and her hand was drawn in, being badly hurt. It was found necessary to amputate the thumb about half way between the end and the first joint.

Crosby—Crosby claims the record for families of seven children or over among the towns of its size, about 4,000. Of the twenty-three families, and counting the parents there are just 331 people in the group. Fourteen of the families have seven children each, two have eight children each, four have nine children each, one has ten children and one thirteen. The last mentioned is Charles G. Heckala.

Virginia. — The complaining witness in the press charges against Corporal Clarence Carlson, arrested in Moorhead recently and returned here on a charge of grand larceny and asking that prosecution be dropped, Alex Carey, the company to recover $15,000 damages for injuries alleged to have been sustained in the local shops of the company, was called for trial. Russell's complaint recited that a machine in the shops cutting a cotter pin bolt, chipped a piece against a boiler and it rebounded and struck him in the eye breaking his glasses and destroying the sight of his left eye.

Stillwater—A. C. Staples, brought back from Chicago on a charge of passing forged checks here, pleaded guilty before a justice of the peace and held to the grand jury in $1,000 bail. Staples gave checks on a Seattle bank in which he had no funds.

Crosby—The mining men of the range and the presidents of the several villages will meet at the Armory and discuss ways and means to have employment ready for the soldier-and sailor boys when they come home. All the boys have found work so far and the idea is to form an organization that will look after the matter.

Minneapolis—Appointment of Maj Harvey B. Smith of Minneapolis, formerly in charge of the largest army reserve department of the United States at New Cumberland, Pa., as general manager of the Minneapolis war chest, is announced by John S. Pillsbury.

International Falls—Henry Andrews, 75, an old time woodsman in this district, died recently at the local hospital of pneumonia. He left an estate consisting of $1,100 in Liberty bonds. The body is being held at the local morgue, pending word from a brother by in his disposition.

Crookston—The Crookston Association of Public Affairs put on a membership campaign last week.

Bemidji—Lieut. Thayer C. Bailey has arrived home from service in the military of Uncle Sam and resumed his law practice.

St. Cloud—Register of Deeds John Lang is confined to his home with a broken leg as a result of falling on the icy sidewalk.

Long Prairie. — The annual corn show will be held at Community hall, Long Prairie, Saturday, March 1. Prof. A. D. Wilson of the state farm bureau will judge the corn and deliver an address.

Aitkin—The Aitkin county Red Cross chapter has donated $500 for relief work in this county. This does not include the amount donated to the five sufferers or soldiers and their families.

Moorhead—The croix de guerre, the coveted decoration of the French army, and the distinguished service cross of the American army were conferred upon Lieut. James H. Sharp, Jr., of Moorhead, in France on Dec. 30.

Virginia—Owing to influenza among the children of the Southside and South Park schools and fear of a spread of the disease if many children are gathered together, the regular Saturday morning story hour at the public library has been postponed.

Winona. — The Merchants' Trust company, a new Winona organization with $50,000 authorized capital, has filed articles of incorporation in the office of the secretary of state. Julius A. Schmahl. The incorporators are: H. E. Blair, C. M. Morse and S. A. Steffen, all of Winona.

Mankato.—Mankato is to have a new and thoroughly modern three-story flat building of brick and concrete construction to be ready for occupancy about Oct. 1. The estimated cost is about $150,000. Representatives of a Minneapolis building syndicate came here and secured the site and will start building operations.

Trommald—Robbed of $1,935 and a $50 Liberty bond was the hard luck of M. Marovich of this village because of keeping the savings of a lifetime in an insecure place. Marovich had the money and bond in the pocket of an overcoat. He had $450 in another place nearby, which the thief overlooked. Marovich intended going back to Austria.

St. Paul.—Senator Charles W. Gillam of Windom has been appointed by the president pro tem of the Minnesota legislature to represent that body at the hearing before the grain and warehouse committee of congress in its consideration of action toward maintaining a fixed price for wheat. Mr. Gillam is chairman of the senate grain and warehouse committee.

Brainerd—Thomas Wood, known all over the Northwest as "Patty," Brainerd's well known heavyweight comedian who was Joe Bush's first sponsor and trainer, is on his way to Los Angeles to become a rival of Fatty Arbuckle and other film stars, whose chief asset is poundage. He weighs about 550 pounds and has considerable natural histrionic ability.

Brainerd—Grieving over the death of his oldest son, Image G. W. Mantor killed himself here at his home. It is said that following the burial of his son, Guilford, the judge became unconsolable. Judge Mantor was at one time state senator from and municipal judge. He is survived by his wife and two sons, both of whom are serving in the military forces of the country.

Aurora—A first-class hospital, institutional, is to be opened here soon in a new building to be erected. Those interested in the new institution are F. H. Wellcome of Minneapolis, John A. Barton, cashier of the First State Bank of Two Harbors, C. E. Moore of Aurora and Virginia, H. C. Doerr, Jr., assistant cashier of the First State Bank of Two Harbors, and several others, residents of Aurora.

Minneapolis — Plans whereby churches may join together to "make democracy safe for the world" will be formulated as one activity of a Minister's Ministers' council to be held in Westminster Presbyterian church, February 10, 11 and 12 under direction of the Laymen's Missionary movement. Invitations to the council have been sent to about 1,000 ministers of all communions in 52 counties of southern Minnesota.

Minneapolis. — A. D. Wilson, food administrator for Minnesota, told members of the State Horticultural society at their annual meeting here that the food ild was lifted and that conservation was only necessary from the standpoint of general thrift. He said that the greatest tribute to the patriotism of the farmers was found in the fact that they had brought 40-cured acres into cultivation since the war began.

St. Paul.—Adjutant General W. F. Rhinow announces that federal recognition has been given the Sixth Minnesota infantry, with headquarters in St. Paul. This completes federal recognition of all state guard units authorized to date. Colonel George Bockstaxe commands the Sixth Infantry. With the exception of one battalion, made up of men from the iron range, the enlisted personnel is composed of St. Paul men. Supplies and equipment have been ordered for the regiment.

St. Paul—Frank J. Dunn, serving a life sentence in the Stillwater penitentiary for the murder of his wife, was in St. Paul to defend a suit for $2,500 brought by D. W. Lawler, attorney who defended him in district court on the murder charge. He was kept in the Ramsey county jail until the trial was over.

Thief River Falls—The epidemic of influenza has so far abated that it has been deemed wise to now close the detention hospital which has been maintained for some time in the old Telemarken hotel. Dances are again permitted.

St. Paul—St. Catherine's college, St. Paul, virtually is assured of a $100,000 endowment fund from the Rockefeller foundation, it was announced, following a series of conferences between members of the board of trustees and Dr. W. Hurlick, educational director of the foundation.

Mankato—H. B. Pastor, a shoe merchant, who died a few days ago, left $1,000 to the Jewish Board of Charities, St. Paul; $500 to the Salvation Army, and $500 in Liberty bonds to Miss Lydia Knaub, an employe in this state, as special bonuses in his will, disposing of a $20,000 estate.

DOCTOR URGED AN OPERATION

Instead I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Was Cured.

Baltimore, Md.—"Nearly four years I suffered from organic troubles, nervousness and headaches and every month would have to stay in bed most of the time. Treatments would relieve me for a time but the doctor was always urging me to have an operation. My sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before consenting to an operation. I took five bottles of it and it has completely cured me and my work is a pleasure. I tell all my friends who have any trouble of this kind what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—NELLIE B. HARTMAN, 609 Calverton Rd., Baltimore, Md.

It is only natural for any woman to dread the thought of an operation. So many women have been restored to health by this famous remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after an operation has been advised that it will pay any woman who suffers from such ailments to consider trying it before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

Selfishness is the greatest enemy of the human family.

LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH

HURRY, MOTHER! REMOVE POISONS FROM LITTLE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.

GIVE CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS AT ONCE IF BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels needs a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomachache, sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of the little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

You needn't coax sick children to take this harmless "fruit laxative;" they love its delicious taste, and it always makes them feel splendid.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grownups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. To be sure you get the genuine, ask to see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.—Adv.

Many a temperate sexton fills a drunkard's grave.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

FRANK J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System.

Druggists, 75c. Testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

His satanic majesty will trust any man who is good at making excuses.

TOO WEAK TO FIGHT

The "Come-back" man was really never down-and-out. His weakened condition because of overwork, lack of exercise, improper eating and living demands stimulation to satisfy the cry for a healthy appetite and the refreshing sleep essential to strength. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules, the National Remedy of Holland, will do the work. They are wonderful. Three of them taken with a little water, put a man on his feet before he knows it, whether his trouble comes from uric acid poisoning, the kidneys, nerve or pain in the bladder, stomach derangement or other ailments that befall the overworked worker. The best known, most reliable remedy for these troubles is GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. It has recently had stood the test for more than 200 years since its discovery in the ancient laboratories in Holland. It acts directly and gives relief at once. Don't wait until you are entirely broken down. Get them today. Your druggist will gladly refund your money if they do not help you. Accept no substitutes. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box, three sizes. They are the pure, original, imported Haarlem Oil Capsules—Adv.

Opportunity is the only "knocker" that ever finds a welcome.

Your Eyes A Wholesome, Cleansing, Refreshing and Healing Lotion—Murine for Red, Sore, Smarting, Granulation, Itching and Burning of the Eyes or Eyelids. "3 Drops" After the Movies, Motoring or Golf will win your confidence. Ask Your Druggist for Murine when your Eyes Need Care. 60 cts. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions in package and one ounce in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.-Adv.

The Proper Place.

"Where do wives keep rods in pickle for their husbands?"

"Naturally, in their family jars."

Weekly Health Talks

The Many Mysteries of Nature

BY L. W. BOWER, M. D.

You can take an onion seed and a pansy seed, and plant them side by side in the same spot of ground. In one case, you get an onion, with its peculiarly strong odor, and in the other you get a flower of rare beauty. You can plant a poppy seed and get opium (a dangerous, habit-forming drug), or you can plant a rhubarb seed and get something that helps constipation. No scientist, living or dead, can explain those mysteries of Nature. Behind the invisible life germ in each seed is hidden the deep secret that nobody understands. Everything growing out of the ground seems intended for some use in establishing natural conditions. Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., long since found out what is naturally best for woman's diseases. He learned all through treating thousands of cases. The result of his studies was a medicine called Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This medicine is made of vegetable growths that nature surely intended for backache, headache, weakening drains, bearing-down pains, periodical irregularities, pelvic inflammations, and for the many disorders common to women in all ages of life. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is made of lady's slipper root, black cohosh root, unicorn root, blue cohosh root and Oregon grape root. Women who take this standard remedy know that in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription they are getting a safe woman's tonic so good that druggists everywhere sell it.

Favorite Prescription should have the full confidence of every woman in America because it contains no alcohol and no narcotic. Dr. Pierce knew, when he first made this standard medicine, that whisky and morphine are injurious, and so he has always kept them out of his remedies.

Send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for trial pkg. of tablets.

An Attack of Influenza Often Leaves Kidneys in Weakened Condition

Doctors in all parts of the country have been kept busy with the epidemic of influenza which has visited so many homes.

The symptoms of this disease are very distressing and leave the system in a run down condition. Almost every victim complains of lame back and urinary troubles which should not be neglected, as these danger signals often lead to dangerous kidney troubles. Druggists report a large sale on Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root which so many people say soon heals and strengthens the kidneys after an attack of grip. Swamp-Root, being an herbal compound, has a gentle healing effect on the kidneys, which is almost immediately noticed in most cases by those who try it. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., offer to send a sample size bottle of Swamp-Root, enough to test its merits, to every sufferer who requests it. A trial will convince any one who may be in need of it. Regular medium and large size bottles, for sale at all druggists. Be sure to mention this paper.—Adv.

Work your eyes and ears overtime, but give your tongue an occasional holiday.

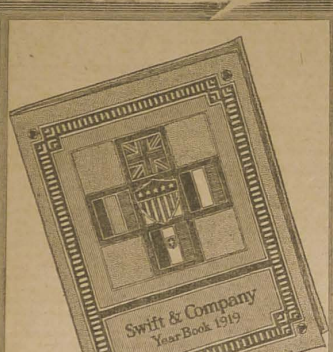
GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Has been used for all ailments that are caused by a disordered stomach and inactive liver such as sick headache, constipation, sour stomach, nervous indigestion, fermentation of food, palpitation of the heart caused by gases in the stomach. August Flower is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion both in stomach and intestines, cleans and sweetens the stomach and alimentary canal, stimulates the liver to secrete the bile and impurities from the blood. Sold in all civilized countries. Give it a trial.—Adv.

As a woman's beauty fades her brains come to the front.

Cole's Carbolsalve Quickly Relieves and heals burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Heals without scars. Be sure to ask your druggist, or send 25c to The J. W. Cole Co., Rockford, Ill., for a pkg.-Adv.

Charity consists of gifts. Probably that is why a girl thinks it charitable to give her rival's age away.



Do You Want to Know Both Sides?

Swift & Company's 1919 Year Book, just out, tells you

What Swift & Company's profits were in 1918,

The truth about the Federal Trade Commission's investigation,

Why the prices of butter and eggs are so high,

And many other vital facts.

Whether or not you agree with us after reading this Year Book, you will at least know both sides.

You will find it interesting; Americans like to hear about big things done in a big way.

You will also discover that we are merely human beings like yourself, doing in the best possible way a necessary service.

Legislation is pending in Washington; as a good American citizen you want to know both sides of this question. It concerns you, as well as one of the most important industries in the country.

Do not hesitate to send for a copy of this booklet. Your name and address are all we need.

Address Swift & Company
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

SWIFT & COMPANY U.S.A.

Helping the Meat and Milk Supply

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)

CLUBS HELP FILL NATION'S PORK BARREL

Boy Pig Club Members Exhibiting Their Animals at a State Fair.

CLUBS HELP TO YOUNG AND OLD

More Than Eighty Thousand Boys and Girls Enrolled in Clubs Throughout Country.

INTEREST IN HOG RAISING

Under Direction of Competent Leaders Juvenile Members Learn to Raise Better Pigs and Produce Grains Economically.

American boys and girls were not slackers when it came to answering the nation's call for an increased production of food. About two million boys and girls were connected with the agriculture and home economics clubs last year. Of this number more than eighty thousand were enrolled in pig clubs, organized and conducted by the United States department of agriculture and state agricultural colleges. Of the number who completed the year's work and made reports 71 per cent raised purebred pigs. Their records show that they know how to put fat on porkers, for more than twelve thousand pigs belonging to these juvenile club members made a daily average gain of 1.14 pounds weight, which is considerably above results obtained in most farms.

Under the supervision of 49 department specialists, in addition to county agents and local club leaders, these boys and girls are learning the fundamentals of hog raising and are becoming interested in agriculture. They are taught all phases of the hog industry and are making good in raising pigs and making economical gains.

Many of the club members are teaching their fathers how rapid and economical gains can be made in raising pigs. The members of the two De Kalb county (Indiana) pig clubs, under the direction of the local county agent, have been able to almost double the results obtained by their fathers within the same length of time and feeding pigs of the same litter. The boys used self-feeders and the fathers did not; and the pigs which were allowed to select their own feed made gains of two pounds a day. The club members have proved beyond question the merits of the self-feeder, and hog raisers in the locality of many years' experience are beginning to copy the boys' methods. As a result of the club work the county agent reports many fathers and sons are now planning to go into partnership and raise purebred hogs.

Self-Feeders Profitable.

As a result of an increased pork production campaign carried on by county agents and farm bureaus in Maine 745 self-feeders were built last year and 2,600 more hogs were raised in the state than during the previous year. Farmers who used self-feeders kept more hogs than they could otherwise, which suggested that the self-feeder be made the basis of a campaign for more pork. Building "bees," or demonstrations, were conducted and self-feeders were built with the help of the boys and their parents, and particular emphasis was placed on the advantage of using self-feeders in connection with pasturing hogs.

That boy and girl pig club members are making big records in fattening their animals is shown by a report of the work in Ames, Iowa. One Ames club boy made a gain of 2.39 pounds a day on his pig for a period of 123 days; another, 2.26 pounds a day, and 39 members succeeded in making an average daily gain of more than two pounds. Frank O. Reed, the pig club leader at Ames, says that this is the best record, from the standpoint of rate of gain, that the members have ever made. He also reports that some excellent gains and unusual profits were made in fattening beef, and that several members of the corn clubs produced over 100 bushels to the acre, one showing a yield of 135 bushels an acre, another 126 and another 124.

Red Cross Pig Club.

In Carroll county, Mississippi, where the Red Cross Pig club was organized last year, in which boys and girls as well as older people were members, 600,000 pounds of pork were produced, and $10,000 from the sale of the animals was contributed to the Red Cross funds. The club had 3,000 members and shipped 30 cars of hogs to market. As a result of the work of this club the people of the county have become enthusiastic over the possibilities of raising hogs. They are making a study of economical feeds, the use of tankage and self-feeders, and some of the members succeeded in producing as high as 118 pounds in gain on their hogs in a single month.

By no means must live stock production be allowed to lag. This is the best judgment of those who have studied the situation and who know that it is reasonable to look forward to the continuation of the European demand for meats after the close of the war. Boy and girl pig club members will play an important part in meeting this demand, for they are learning how to raise better animals and produce gains economically, and many of them will be leaders in the industry of the future.

CLUBS HELP ALL

The men and women who organize boys' and girls' clubs to strive to interest and train the youth of the country in better methods of agriculture and better homemaking. The developing generation is given an incentive and a spirit that in many cases have not only spurred them to high endeavor but have caused their elders to adopt better methods of farming and housekeeping.

Feeding for Health.

Aside from the communicable diseases the owner of live stock will find that his greatest losses can be traced to the diseases and conditions arising from some form of abuse of the stomachs and intestines of his animals as a result of improper feeding. The proper balancing of rations, therefore, has a material influence upon the health of stock. Continued feeding of a ration having a deficiency or excess of any of the elements of food may result in serious digestive disturbances.

Mineral material or ash is needed in proper proportion if the animals are to continue to grow and remain in good health. The necessity of bulk in the ration is of more importance than most people imagine. In fact, much of the trouble experienced in hog feeding has been caused by rations lacking proper bulk. Succulence is another feature which should not be lacking in the ration. Feeds containing excessive quantities of hard, dry, woody fiber, unless accompanied by some form of succulent forage, produce stomach and intestinal troubles. Moldy feeds frequently produce forage poisoning. Excessive quantities of ergot in grain fed a sufficient time will produce certain diseases.

Some feeds, as for example cottonseed meal, prove to be very satisfactory and economical when fed in reasonable quantities to certain animals, but if larger quantities are fed may result in sickness or even death. Any sudden change in feeds, such as from dry to wet feed, or an abrupt introduction of fresh green grain, tends to derange the digestion, produce colic and other stomach and intestinal disorders, particularly among horses. Stock is sometimes poisoned through access to piles of lime, paint cans or fresh paint on walls.

Every calf should be provided with plenty of roughage, such as alfalfa or mixed hay, as soon as it will eat it.

The self-feeder was especially made for winter feeding. The hogs at this time need grain to produce animal heat.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Sheep properly handled will give a good account of themselves on high-priced land.

* * *

A ration hard to beat for cattle feeding this winter is cotton-seed meal, silage, clover or alfalfa hay and a little corn.

Provide comfortable quarters for the pigs.

* * *

The practical way to feed corn to horses is on the ear.

* * *

Remember that a very warm and comfortable shed can be made from straw or corn fodder.

* * *

New-fashioned cattle feeding, in contrast to the old methods, submits large quantities of silage for corn.

Temperance Notes

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

SORRIETY AS WAR'S BY-PRODUCT.

"Two men were sealed together at a Long Beach lodge meeting. One was to uniform. The other was not. He to uniform, spoiling it promptly, tapped the other on the arm and as a result discovered that the other man had been "shot," for service overseas.

"Why in thunder are you entering the service?" the uniformed volunteer, naked. "You have a wife and kid to take care of and you are doing your level best here at home, as much good as you could do in France. Why you?"

"I'll take my answer out of your own mouth," replied he of the sore arm. "Why you?"

"Well, if you must know the whole truth," replied the navy volunteer, "I enlisted partly on the same account as you, patriotism and the desire to do my very best for Uncle Sam; but I must confess an ulterior motive. I wanted to stop drinking. I tried over and over again, in civilian life, but I couldn't get away from the gang, so I failed as often as I tried.

"I took my soaked carcass over to the training camp and they have made me over. I'm sober and safe, with no more desire for the red stuff or even the hops. It's worth it all to me, aside from my satisfaction at being privileged to serve Old Glory, that I have escaped the fate of a chronic booze-fighter. This is going to be a great country, when this war is over, with another sort of manhood at the helm, manhood that is loyal to the core and sober."—Long Beach (Cal.) Press.

PROHIBITION IN UTAH.

Salt Lake City's chief of police, J. Parley White, says:

"From my own observation I can truly state that employers, employees and the community have benefited immeasurably from prohibition. Hitherto, important business interests have been handicapped by the apathy and negligence of their employees. A state of indifference, due directly to indulgence in liquor, prevailed. All that has disappeared and instead we find the workingmen today in a brisk frame of mind, eager to perform their work and thoroughly capable of doing so.

"But the best results obtained from prohibition are observed in the children of the city. School teachers with whom I have conversed on the situation tell me that a large percentage of their pupils formerly considered defectives have become the leaders of their class. The reason for their poor work and lack of application was attributed directly to under-nourishment and as a sence of the little things of life that make children happy and contented. With prohibition in force the children are receiving more care from their parents, and as a consequence devote themselves to their school tasks with more energy and derive greater pleasure from their work."

IN DRY MICHIGAN.

"Evidences of the great social uplift that has resulted since May 1, are apparent everywhere. Prohibition has so materially reduced the number of arrests that peace officers can no longer live on their fees," said Sheriff Charles Berry in his address before the Michigan Association of Sheriffs, chiefs of police and prosecuting attorneys, as reported in the Christian Science Monitor. He further emphasized his remarks by pointing out that last year his county, which includes Grand Rapids, had 150 prisoners; this year it has 15. With this statement as a basis, the convention adopted a resolution to urge the legislature to grant increased fees. It is only a few months ago that all state institutions in Michigan were overcrowded; now they do not know what to do with the empty jails.

The people agree with Sheriff Berry that "The adoption of prohibition is the greatest single accomplishment that Michigan has to her credit."

JUDGE QUITS LAW FOR MILLINERY.

Gary (Ind.) men are getting so good since the town went dry that they are giving their money to their wives instead of paying the customary fines after the regular Saturday night celebrations.

At least Justice of the Peace John A. Gross has so figured out. For four years Justice Gross had a lucrative business in dispensing the law and collecting therefrom. But most of his business was wiped out along with the liquor.

Recently he opened a millinery establishment. "Guess the women must have the money now that used to go for fines and I'll have to get it away from them," he mused.—Exchange.

PROHIBITION DECREASES DIVORCES.

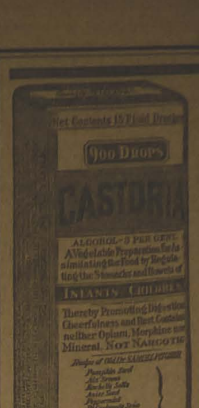
According to Judge Ben M. Terrell of the Sixty-seventh District court, the number of divorces being granted in the district courts in Fort Worth has diminished fully 50 per cent since prohibition has been in effect. He adds: "At least two-thirds of the divorce cases are attributable either directly or indirectly to whisky. The decrease shown would be greater were it not for the fact that we have to deal with many hasty and ill-considered soldier marriages."

HE MADE 'EM CHOOSE.

James J. Montague, in the Chicago Herald-Examiner, pays the following patriotic tribute to Josephus Daniels, secretary of the navy:

He made the navy rookies choose,
Before he took a step,
Between the job of fighting booze
And fighting with the Hun
And though a fruitful howl arose
From all the liquor gents,
The cure with which he licked our foes
Proclaimed his common sense.

Temperance is the moderate use of things useful, the total abstinence of things harmful.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

DISTEMPER

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

or Strangles in stallions, brood mares, colts and all others is most destructive. The germ causing disease must be removed from the body of the animal. To prevent the trouble the same must be done.

SPOHN'S COMPOUND

will do both—cure the sick and prevent those "exposed" from having the disease. Sold by your druggist or the manufacturers. **Spohn Medical Co., Mfrs., Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.**

Acid-Stomach Ruins Health of Millions

Besides those painful attacks of indigestion; that awful bloated, lumpy feeling after eating and, downright stomach misery that you who have experienced it know so well; besides disgusting belching, food-repeating, sour stomach and distressing heartburn—besides all this, ACID-STOMACH undermines the health and saps the strength of millions.

If you don't get rid of those stomach miseries there is no telling where your stomach troubles will end, for it is a well known scientific fact that many serious ailments have their start in an acid-stomach.

Start now—this very day—to get rid of your stomach miseries. Take EATONIC—the wonderful remedy that absorbs the excess acid from the stomach and brings INSTANT relief. You simply have no idea how much better, stronger and brighter you feel at once. It drives out all the gas and bloat, puts an immediate stop to belching and heartburn, ends stomach suffering and makes it cool, sweet, comfortable and strong.

There can be no further excuse for you to allow acid-stomach to wreck your health—pile up misery upon misery until you get to the point where you feel down and out and that life has lost all its joys. Remember, just as acid-mouth ruins teeth, so acid-stomach ruins health.

Take EATONIC. It's good, just like a bit of candy and makes the stomach feel fine. You can then eat the things you like and, what is more, every mouthful you eat will count in creating power and energy. You'll look much better—have punch and pep—the power and will to do things and get results, and your stomach misery will be gone.

Take our advice. Get a big box of EATONIC from your druggist today. It costs so little. If it fails to remove your stomach distress, he will refund your money. That is guaranteed; you are to be satisfied or money refunded.

TAKE EATONIC TODAY
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Good Delivery.

Hillfe—I hear your new minister is a great success. One of those straight-from-the-shoulder speakers, who can put 'em over the plate.

Plodder—Yes, and in the plate.

STOMACH UPSET?

PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN AT ONCE ENDS SOURNESS, GAS, ACIDITY, INDIGESTION.

When meals upset you and you belch gas, acids and undigested food. When you have lumps of indigestion pain or any distress in stomach you can get relief instantly—No waiting!

As soon as you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin all the indigestion pain stops. Gases, acidity, heartburn, flatulence and dyspepsia vanish. Pape's Diapepsin tablets cost very little at drug stores. Adv.

Life's Minor Worries.

Frequently a woman worries a great deal over the question of calling on another woman who doesn't care in the least whether she calls or not.—Boston Transcript.

Look out for Spanish Influenza.

At the first sign of a cold take

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—cut, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

Get Dodd's for kidney ills—proven relief and lasting results. Insist on box with 3 D's in name, shown here. All druggists.

Why Lose Your Hair The Cause is Dandruff and Itching; The Remedy Cuticura

Ad dress: Cuticura Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of Cuticura, Dept. C, Boston.

FISH

Tulibee Whitefish 11c a pound; caught through the ice. Codfish and Haddock, 11c a pound—sweet as a nut—1½ lb. to 3 lb. each. Write for complete price list; also prices on smoked, frozen, salted and smoked fish; ocean, lake and river.

CONSUMERS FISH CO.

United States Administration License No. G-12122

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Reference: First and Security National Bank

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

$100 AN ACRE!

Texas lands, 60 to 80 acres, $30 to $60 down, $5 to $10 each month, balance 4½ years 6%. Crops pay for farm. 10,000 acres on Rio Grande, 3½ hr. by auto. TEXAS MEXICO RANCH CO., San Antonio, Texas.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

For Coughs and Colds take a tried and tested remedy—one that acts promptly and effectively and contains no opiates. You get that remedy by asking for

PISO'S

W. N. U., Minneapolis, No. 4—1919.

BLACKMANS MEDICATED SALT BRICK

STOCK LICK IT — STOCK LIKE IT

For HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP & HOGS

DROP BRICK IN FEED BOX

A COMPLETE COMPERAS FOR WORMS. SULPHUR FOR THE BLOOD. SALTPETER FOR THE KIDNEYS, MIX VOMICA, A TONIC AND PURE FARM SALT. USED BY VETERINARIANS 72 YEARS. NO DOSING. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR BLACKMANS OR WRITE

BLACKMAN STOCK REMEDY COMPANY Chattanooga, Tenn.

The Best Money Maker

on your farm is

YOUR COW

and she can only produce the best results if you sell your milk and cream where it will bring the best price.

Try us

Beroun Creamery

Phone 234R11 Beroun, Minn.

If you want to

Sell Your Farm

List it

at once

with

Chas. T. Peterson

at the

Beroun State Bank, Beroun

Make Electricity Your Servant

Figure out with pencil and paper the actual saving in labor that electricity will accomplish in your home or place of business.

Electricity is the Solution of the Servant Problem

It takes no days off—has no "off days"—don't waste, loaf, eat, sleep, argue, complain, or tire out. Just "plugs along," day and night, early and late—doing all the hard, menial—labor—drudgery part.

Such an "old faithful" as this should have all the encouragement you can give it.

If you are not now using this modern commodity or if your premises are not wired so that you can use it to your full advantage, give our representative an opportunity to figure a complete installation. It will cost you nothing to get the information.

Eastern Minn. Power Co.

Bring in Your

KEYS

to the Phonograph we are giving away and let us see who has the

Lucky One

All the keys are out now and some one of our customers has the one that will make them the owner of this nice phonograph.

We have completed our new ice chest and will hereafter keep a complete stock of fresh meats at all times. "Nothing too good for Rock Creek."

ERICKSON BROS.

Rock Creek, Minn.

BEROUN NEWS DEPARTMENT

This Department Will Appear Regularly in The Pioneer-Maker
Readers will find the Beroun News in it

Mrs. J. W. Plasek Dies

Mrs. J. W. Plasek passed away at their home on the Government road northeast of town, last Thursday morning after a two weeks' illness from influenza. The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery here, last Saturday, with high mass in St. Joseph's church by Father Leo.

Deceased was born in Nebraska, 23 years ago and came to this region with her parents when an infant. She as married in October of 1914 to John W. Plasek and leaves, besides her husband and two little children, her parents and four sisters and one brother to mourn her loss.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our thanks to all those who attended the funeral of our beloved wife and daughter, Amalia Plasek, or helped us in any other way in our bereavement.—J. W. Plasek, husband, Joseph Slaby, Amalia Slaby, parents.

There was a fair attendance at the annual meeting of the Farmers' club at the Wm. Guptil home, last Saturday. Alex Henderson was re-elected president, Mrs. Chas. Butler vice pres., Wm. Guptil secy. and Rev. Barnes treas. while Mrs. J. B. Butler and Misses Alva Guptil and Evangeline Cote were named on the entertainment committee. The next meeting will be held at Mike Cabak's on March 1st. The club has a membership of about 20 families.

The grader was kept going on the Federal road during the blizzard, Monday, to keep the road open for the trucks hauling gravel from the Hinckley pit. As a result, the early travelers, Tuesday, found that road the only one in the region that was not drifted. Five foot drifts were not at all uncommon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Falk entertained their many friends at a dancing party in Prochaska's hall, last Saturday evening, the hall being crowded and everyone having a fine time. Jacob Ploub and Russell Wilson furnished the music. Refreshments were served.

The parties who have been molesting property around my engine and saw mill, one half mile west of Beroun, are hereby cautioned to keep away or I shall take the necessary steps for punishment by law. These parties are known.—Gust Sundquist.

John Cabak returned, yesterday, from a couple of months visit with relatives in western Kansas. He reports a heavy snow fall in that region and says that the prospects for a good crop this year are regarded as excellent.

Rev. Harry Barnes is on the sick list at this writing and fears that he will not be able to keep his regular Sunday appointments in town and at the Lawn but Sunday school will be held as usual in any event.

The annual meeting of the Beroun bank was held last week and the old officers reelected. The bank shows a fine, healthy condition and starts the new year with a substantial increase in its surplus.

It is "Postmaster Mykiska" now, V. A. having taken over the ermine from Frank Horejs who has worn it so long in the Federal building on Monday of this week.

Word from John J. Sicko says that they have purchased a small tract of land at Marysville, Washington, and expect to spend the balance of their days there.

Albert Mans returned, yesterday, from SanFrancisco where he has been stationed at the Presidio much of the time since his call to the colors, last April.

Frank Kadavy is beginning to get in his stock of goods and will announce through The Pine Poker as soon as it is complete.

Mrs. Gilson returned home from a month's visit at the home of her daughter at Truman, last Saturday.

ROCK CREEK NEWS DEPARTM'T

Wherein is Published the News of the Rock Creek Region
It is intended to help Rock Creek never say and solicit your aid

There is talk of trying to get the farmers' telephone lines in this locality to center at the Creek and then connect with both Rush and Pine City. If some such plan could be worked out it would be an advantage to everyone. All of the farmers of the Creek region are residents of Pine county and transact at least a part of their business at the county seat, on the other hand a part of these do much or most of their trading at Rush City and need connecting at that place as much or more, but the double connection would be an advantage to them. Those on the Pine City line, west of town, would not be injured in any way by coming through the Creek and, since this is the community center for all and more or less their trading or shipping point, a central telephone connection here would be an advantage to all.

The creamery checks received the first of the week were on the basis of 58 cents for butter fat. The first shipment in January brought that figure but the one made about the middle of the month and settled for on Jan. 31st brought only 45 cents and our New York dealers wrote "Market thoroughly demoralized, 45 and 45 1-2 ruling as extras. Looks like lower prices; bottom seems to have dropped out completely. Be conservative in paying for your butter fat as prices willbe lower." The annual meeting of the creamery association will be held Feb. 18.

A house full of friends and neighbors gathered at the C. F. Carlson home, east of town, last Friday evening to aid in giving a fitting welcome home to Adolph Carlson who returned last week Tuesday from 14 months in the national service, 9 of which were spent in France. The evening was spent socially, games and bountious refreshments being enjoyed. Ad was in nine battles, beginning at Chateau Thierry and was once wounded in the foot, from which he recovered and went back into the fray.

A party was given for Julius Berg at his home near the Pine Grove church, recently, at which all his neighbors and friends gathered to give him a warm welcome home from "sunny" France. There was a large crowd and everyone had a good time though none were more glad to be present than Julius. He went "over the top" eight times on the battle front and carries a flesh wound in his thigh as a memento of one of the occasions.

Theodore Erickson had the misfortune to break his arm, last Friday, by falling from a tree in which he was fixing a stretcher on which to string a beef they were about to slaughter. Ted admits that the animal had the laugh on him but says that he will recover first.

Wm. Anderson from southeast of town is showing his R. C. White Leghorns at the poultry show at Pine City this week and Mrs. A. J. Johnson from west of town is showing White Wyandottes. Sandy Tate had expected to show Black Minorcas but was unable to get them in on time.

The meeting of the Farmers' club in the creamery, Tuesday evening, was attended by only a few, owing to the snow and cold weather. Notice will be given in The Poker of the time of the next meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Barringer were called to Eagle Bend, last Thursday, by the death of his father. Mr. Barringer sr. was recently confined in a Minneapolis hospital.

George Tate from Camp Robinson at Sparta, Wis., and Miss Lucy Tate from Minneapolis were home for Sunday. George has no idea when he will be discharged.

Jos. Strandberg arrived home, last Friday, from the New York region, where he has put in much of his time since his enlistment last April, in the aerial service.

If you have been dealing at Erickson Bros. and have a key for the beautiful phonograph that they are giving away, be sure to read their ad on this page.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Gevers arrived from Watertown, S. D., Tuesday, for a few days' visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. Ed Anderson.

The January shipment of the Red Cross was made last week, consisting of 64 pair of sox and 2 or 4 sweaters.

For sale—Favorite coal heater. Burns either hard or soft coal or wood—Farmers State Bank, Rock Creek.

Remember the dance to be given by the firemen in Johnson's hall on Saturday evening, Feb. 15.

The Cabman Knew Him.

During a lecture tour through the United States Sir Conan Doyle arrived one day in Boston and was considerably astonished when a cabman accosted him and addressed him by name. "How did you know who I was?" said Sir Conan Doyle, much interested, and not a little flattered by the recognition.

"If you'll excuse me saying so," said the cabman, "the inside of your coat look as if they had been grabbed by New York reporters, your hair looks as if it had been cut in Philadelphia, your hat looks as if you had had to stand your ground in Chicago, and your right shoe has evident Buffalo mud under the instep, and—and—"

"And what?" queried Sir Arthur.

"Well," replied the cabman, "I saw 'Conan Doyle' in big white letters on your trunk"—Boston Transcript.

Snatching Him.

Robert Chambers tells a good one in which Bret Beach is the hero. Seems that a certain acquaintance of Beach occasionally breaks into print and causes the novelist great annoyance by bragging about it.

"One day," says Chambers, "Beach and this party met and the latter said, 'Did you see my latest story in the Wonder Magazine?'

"'Yes,' said Beach, 'and a friend of mine paid it a nice little compliment.'

"'How's that,' asked the delighted poet.

"'He wanted to know if I wrote it,' retorted Beach."

Personal Property Tax List

1918

Town of Rock Creek

TOTAL TAX RATE BY SCHOOL DISTRICTS

Including State, County, Town and School District Levies

School District No. 4 Mills 37
School District No. 9 Mills 36.7
School District No. 10 Mills 37.1
School District No. 12 Mills 36.4
School District No. 13 Mills 36.1
School District No. 15 Mills 31.8
School District No. 21 Mills 32.1
School District No. 28 Mills 38.7
School District No. 77 Mills 31.1
School District No. 83 Mills 36.1

(Rate of Taxation on Money and Credits 30 cents per $100.)

Name of Person, Firm or Corporation Assessed	Valuation of Real Estate Assessed	Valuation of Personal Property Assessed	Amount of Tax
Hugh Alguire	410	100	15.47
B J Anderson	590	100	21.02
J A Anderson	600	100	21.02
Fred Allgood	1115	100	41.50
August Altman	625	....	8.25
Julius Anderson	719	100	26.00
Wm H Anderson	405	100	14.90
J E Anderson	540	100	20.09
W J Biggs & Co	260	....	9.25
J W Bassett	240	....	8.55
Walter Barstow	1050	100	39.15
Anna Berglund	555	100	20.84
O W Barringer	....	100	.30
Ben W. Bull	250	100	9.55
Peter Carlson	358	100	13.55
Rock Cotton	109	....	4.03
John Dahl	350	....	12.95
Herbert Dane	670	100	25.31
Mary Doran	239	100	9.14
Elmer Doran	80	100	2.96
Will Doran	577	100	21.68
Emma O'Donnell	435	200	16.52
John A. Erickson	2587	1200	99.02
Martha Erickson	701	....	25.94
A J Erickson	95	100	3.74
Barney Greenspan	444	100	16.73
Hans K. Hanson	174	100	6.74
Jesse Hammers	587	100	22.02
H O Holst	185	....	6.85
Arthur L. Hanson	150	....	5.55
Gerie John	1228	100	45.74
John Johnson	60	....	2.22
Tom Johnson	....	100	.30
Fred Lee	358	100	13.55
Geo Liedstrom	509	350	19.66
Liedstrom & Anderson	273	100	10.10
J B Lindstrom	....	400	12.00
Leon of McNeal	52	....	1.92
H L Mills	459	550	18.63
J M Morrow	708	....	26.12
D M Merritt	548	....	20.28
John Nelson	300	100	11.00
Aug. Nys	600	100	22.50
John Nerland	417	100	15.73
Gilbert Nelson	744	....	27.42
D Pegin	1007	....	37.26
Nels Peterson	351	350	14.04
John L. Peterson	260	....	9.62
Oscar G Peterson	38	100	1.71
C Rasmussen	300	200	14.14
Rock Creek Prod. Cr'y Co.	300	....	11.10
Rock Lumber Co	2773	4300	106.50
Otto Schmidt	205	....	7.59
G C Schmidt	970	....	36.02
J C Smith	1400	....	37.00
Aug Shogren	265	100	10.03
R P Sandlie	419	100	15.80
L R Beckland	227	100	8.70
K B Beckland	....	100	.30
Farmers State Bank	3615	....	133.78
Israel Lara G	....	3000	9.00
Frank Johnson	382	....	10.20
Sigvald Swanson	161	....	4.30
Aage Tedstrom	337	200	9.33
Nick Thiry	457	....	13.00
Leo Thiry	389	....	10.39
Henry Weiss	306	....	8.17
Joseph Wimmer	518	....	13.77
Oscar E. Anderson	496	140	13.86
Rudolph Bebrendt	455	....	12.33
John Behrendt	517	....	14.01
John C Behrendt	477	....	12.93
A P Bystrom	565	100	19.99
Andrew N Bornhoft	70	....	1.90
N J Burnhart	598	....	14.28
J W Beavers	238	....	6.63
M A Bescher	394	700	11.42
Osmon Beacher	80	....	2.16
C H Beavers	723	500	21.09
Erick Carlson	48	....	1.30
Tom Carrier	431	100	11.98
Lars Johnson	180	....	2.71
A J Johnson	580	....	15.72
Alfred Johnson	110	....	3.22
Johnson & Sundren	700	....	18.97
Henry Johnson	324	....	8.78
Erick Johnson	....	300	.90
Henry Kroeger	654	....	17.72
John Lacy	209	300	8.19
John Linder	515	100	14.26
Chas Lindstrom	920	500	40.43
B A Linnell	439	....	11.90
John Lundstrom	200	....	5.42
C O McNeal	775	....	21.00
Glen McNeal	85	....	2.03
J Marty	1086	2000	35.43
Erick Markland	394	500	12.18
Elmer Nelson	432	....	11.70
G B Mills	270	....	10.11
Wm Olson	401	....	10.87
J M Olson	278	....	7.53
Louis Olson	482	1000	16.06
Oscar Olson	560	....	15.18
Gust Peterson, jr	372	....	10.31
Paul Pegin	539	....	14.61
Geo Russell	70	....	1.90
Swedish Good Templars	300	....	8.13
Leo A Tate	126	....	3.35
Axel Tate	451	....	12.22
John L. Peterson	....	250	7.75
S. A. Vandh	1175	100	32.01
C B Anderson	156	....	4.04
A J Anderson	146	175	5.21
N J Anderson	438	200	13.76
Gust Anderson	354	....	10.91
P O Boe	309	600	11.19
Lars Bloomquist	416	....	10.57
Ernest Bloomquist	48	....	1.46
A J Bloomquist	448	200	14.00
John Carlson	311	....	9.45
O D Dahl	23	400	1.90
Otto Ehrenberg	192	....	5.84
John Freeman	695	....	21.13
Andrew W Johnson	147	....	4.47
J N Johnson	877	300	27.66
Chas Johnson	475	250	17.26
Axel W Johnson	569	200	17.90
Ludwig Johnson	357	....	10.85
Mrs Rose Lorentz	320	....	9.73
Earl Lieb	219	....	6.67
Geo W Marrinson	199	....	6.05
Isaac Matison	424	....	12.89
Oscar Magnuson	219	....	6.66
Helmer Magnuson	163	....	5.87
Joe Meyers	299	....	9.09
Hilding Olson	70	....	2.13
Joel Olson	337	....	10.24
Peter Olson	361	....	10.98
Nelle Soderbeck	462	....	14.06
Ole Sorenson	363	....	11.04
Frank Schneider	142	....	4.32
C J Anderson	581	100	17.91
Nellie Burton	570	....	14.15
D Daum	215	....	6.44
Magnus Bergllo	455	....	13.71
John Christianson	485	100	14.93
Gust Christianson	60	....	1.82
J W Collyn	284	....	8.55
C P Carlson	365	....	11.01
Israel Erickson	499	....	15.02
Jonas Forsberg	392	100	12.11
John Glader	1316	400	40.81
W J Hibert	501	....	15.08
Ned C Hawkinson	100	....	3.01
Mrs C O Johnson	330	....	9.93
R C Julen	185	....	5.57
August Johnson	622	700	8.74
Halmar Johnson	606	....	18.24
Albert Kreck	885	....	20.92
Rainer Lindell	284	....	8.55
Tom Moseberg	314	....	9.45
W D Miller	704	....	21.19
Ed Nelson	1182	....	35.58
Christine Nelson	279	....	8.40
Chas Nelson	421	....	12.73
Ernest A Olson	101	....	3.07
Frank Orvis	372	....	11.20
Victor Pepin	366	....	10.93
Peterson Bros	1401	....	43.98
Arndt Paulsen	441	....	13.27
Geo A Rydlund	110	....	3.31
J O Rydlund	905	100	27.24
John Radquist	1148	100	34.85
Geo L. Stevens	81	....	2.44
Geo S Stevens	485	100	14.30
Erwin A Stevens	208	100	13.60
Alva B Stevens	813	....	24.47
W. L. Stevens	145	....	4.21
W J Stevens	348	100	17.10
Chas Stevens	50	....	1.52
L. Skelle	420	....	13.33
Albert Schuler	115	....	3.46
Halmar Swanson	180	....	5.42
Otto Swanson	672	....	20.23
Edward Swanson	200	....	6.11
Henry John Swanson	93	....	2.80
Tines Sahlberg	1000	150	30.73
Geo Walton	288	100	8.67
John Watrous	488	....	13.96
Victor Wistrand	288	....	8.67
Elmer Robison	270	....	8.90
C P. Berg	821	....	10.24
Adolph Bjork	270	300	9.80
John E Bjorkman	....	100	.30
John Jacobsrom	191	....	6.09
H Hawkins	503	100	16.35
Ole Hanson	713	100	23.04
Emil Hanson	234	....	7.07
Axel Hanson	385	100	9.39
Alfred Hanson	320	....	10.21
Theodore Johnson	280	....	9.22
Ben Johnson	482	100	15.68
Herman Johnson	473	150	15.54

Name of Person, Firm or Corporation Assessed	Valuation of Real Estate Assessed	Valuation of Personal Property Assessed	Amount of Tax
Billy Johnson	646	....	21.02
Chas Johnson	300	100	10.00
T H Lundstrom	648	....	21.02
Isaac Lundquist	300	....	9.90
Wm H Larson	342	....	11.12
Lewis Lundquist	300	100	10.00
Lucile Mortenson	540	....	17.55
Gustof Olson	180	....	5.85
Peter Gerdsen	112	100	3.66
Peter Jensen	112	100	3.66
Oscar Petersen	112	100	3.66
Jacobsen Petersen	112	....	3.64
Frank O. Smith	112	100	3.66
Peter E. Sundstrom	112	....	3.64
Chas Anderson	270	....	8.77
Ole Anderson	270	100	9.00
Peter Carlsonson	108	....	3.51
Mary Lundquist	108	....	3.51
L A Gustafson	270	....	8.77
J F Pinkosky	270	....	8.77
Gust Boe	648	....	21.02
C. H. Hendricks	648	....	21.02
A. Hanson	270	100	9.00
Fred Hanson	405	....	13.15
A. A. Hendricks	648	....	21.02
Alma Lund	270	....	8.77
H J MacKay	540	200	19.27
Gust Olson	324	....	10.51
Conrad Olson	324	....	10.51
Frank S. Stevens	648	....	21.02
Wm Schroeder	324	....	10.51
Albert Sigvard	576	100	19.79
Frank Vondike	324	100	13.51
John Wastman	576	150	21.24
B Carson	540	....	17.55
John Hulda	540	....	17.55
John Hanson	....	100	.30
Edward Hansen	180	200	15.60
Lamont Novak	576	....	18.70
John Novak	250	....	8.12
Wm Tissell	1000	350	39.37
J J Shambow	747	....	24.26
Herbert Sikanack	594	....	19.29
Ludwig Sikanack	648	....	21.02
Frank Sikanack	540	150	21.24
W J Franco	252	200	15.37
Tom W Franks	540	150	19.57
Mrs John Grom	216	....	7.01
Vendl Handcuk	420	200	15.60
David Haynes	225	....	7.31
Harry Haynes	175	....	5.68
Henry Soukup	317	100	22.29
John Soukup	672	200	21.80
John Bergan	1100	....	35.77
Hattie Bruce	45	....	1.46
Andrew Carlson	114	....	3.70
R J Carson	398	....	12.93
John Collins	493	....	15.01
Carl I Hendrickson	143	....	4.64
Gust Hendrickson	98	150	8.07
John Karnick	752	200	25.37
Gust Olson	437	....	16.04
Ole Olson	432	....	15.61
Aug Sperling	491	....	17.23

Tn. of Mission Creek

Total Tax Rate by School Districts, Including State, County, Town or Village and School District Levies.

School District No. 8, Mills 45.7
School District No. 21, Mills 42.4
School District No. 25, Mills 44.4
School District No. 34, Mills 51.9
School District No. 44, Mills 52.7
School District No. 45, Mills 53.7
School District No. 48, Mills 50.5
School District No. 81, Mills 55.1
School District No. 82, Mills 45.7

(Rate of Taxation on Moneys and Credits 30 cents per $100.)

Name of Person, Firm or Corporation	Valuation Assessed Property	Valuation Assessed Personal Moneys Credits	Total Tax
Adolph Anderson	184	....	17.54
L. Eccle	198	....	9.06
Joe Frenl	175	....	16.66
Charles Gass	488	....	32.30
Albert Jackson	204	500	19.41
F. J Knowlton	164	....	7.50
P Koop	549	125	25.16
Martin Kokama	273	....	12.48
L. Larson	83	....	3.80
A. M. Myren	112	....	5.12
P. H. Nyberg	553	268	28.34
Joseph Orr	185	....	7.06
Walt Patterson	63	....	2.82
Francis Prolfin	340	60	16.73
Ole Soelberg	241	....	11.02
J. P. Sobeda	247	....	11.29
J. T. Zeman	189	....	8.52
Chas. Vatuck	159	....	7.27
Harry Winslow	316	....	14.51
Wm. H. Hancock	223	166	12.26
John Mana	228	....	10.10
Martin J. Ploub	46	....	2.53
Jos. Cack	160	....	15.46
Chas. Vettling	178	....	14.02
P. Wood	133	....	12.28
Jos. Barton	230	....	12.88
J. R. Butler	252	25	14.24
Jos Cerney	253	100	33.70
W. A. Guptill	122	....	6.70
E. Heath	50	....	2.63
Chas Kuh	79	....	4.19
Christ Kryzer	407	....	22.36
Jos L. Kryzer	154	45	8.10
L. J. Osendinik	459	100	20.29
Jos Ouradnik	46	....	2.64
Anton Pavek	275	600	16.18
J. W. Plasek	269	....	11.94
Adolph Pavek	141	....	8.36
Frank Prihoda	571	....	32.24
Harry Barnes	50	....	2.96
C. L. Butler	221	....	11.47
Joe Chalupsky	....	70	2.31
A. B. Chalupsky	74	....	3.84
J. W. Chalupsky	202	....	11.53
John Chalupsky	231	....	12.98
S. H Derr	203	....	12.70
Falk and Wahlstrom	672	1700	72.24
Mrs. W. H. Gilson	48	....	3.54
Frank H. Hovejs	706	470	33.63
Frank Hofrichter	453	....	22.45
Alb. Hornek	245	100	12.79
G. W Hokanson	39	....	1.61
Ned Hokanson	....	....	.90
Interstate Lumber Co	1563	....	81.06
Henry Kuben	37	....	1.90
J. W. Kryzer	197	100	14.91
Frank Kadovy	395	....	20.59
Frank Kubesh	262	....	14.61
G. Krotkney	103	....	5.59
Jack Nemec	53	....	2.72
Matt Newman	25	....	1.39
C. M. Reynolds	....	....	3.33
Katie Pulkrabik	67	100	2.79
Chas. Peterson	57	100	2.79
Rud. J. Plasek	357	....	18.53
Casper Shana	315	200	18.64
A. Shonkrich	....	....	2.94
Gust Strohkirch	....	....	7.06
Strohkirch Bros	1352	3000	78.24
State Bank of Beroun	2886	....	200.64
Frank Vacek	....	100	.30
A. L. Bennett	487	....	26.16
Frank Cerny	262	....	14.61
W. S. Hopkins	312	....	18.42
John Klasna	363	400	22.71
J. J. Kryzer	302	30	20.77
Henry Kryzer	267	....	14.33
Mary Plasek	257	100	12.45
E. A. Pepin	199	....	10.49
G. Plaisted	420	....	22.57
Ernest Roff	215	....	11.95
Alex Anderson	272	....	14.63
Frank Baumchen	312	....	16.76
Miles Cabak	511	....	27.36
Thomas Hlavek	100	....	5.38
Frank Hlavek	163	....	8.76
Albert Kub	469	300	22.78
V. A. Mikyska	116	....	6.23
A. B. Reese	41	....	2.20
G. L. Richardson	162	363	9.59
James Rydl	118	....	6.34
J. C. Hancock	558	615	31.03
Benjamin F. Hancock	....	....	1.00
Jos. J. Kub	81	....	4.34
Carl Kochera	67	....	3.60
Albert Kubesky	96	....	6.02
Mary Krofta	214	100	16.56
Jos. Kaspar	239	....	12.84
O. S. Mc Call	170	100	9.93
J. M. Novak	100	....	5.16
John Pulkrabek	353	....	17.12
Frank Plasek	116	....	6.23
J. J. Ploub	262	....	13.36
Frances Ploub	177	....	9.51
F. W. Runa	191	....	9.91
J. J. Runa	241	....	12.96
John Rehanek	....	200	6.00
Vincent Stephen	277	....	15.73
John Zbytovsky	348	....	12.29
Byron Wilcox	....	....	15.83
Frank Dedic	278	....	4.68
J. B. Dufek	74	....	3.90
John Dedic	73	....	3.84
Andrew Tosvik	152	....	8.16
Jos. Hamera	328	....	17.63
Frank Harastat	162	....	8.81
G. F. Harman	1115	....	59.93
J. A. Libra	152	....	10.84
Anton Libra	39	....	2.09
Jos. Libra Sr.	73	....	4.12
J. Michalec	73	....	3.84
W. Mosel	93	....	5.46
Mike Marecska	350	100	18.86
Steve Bootjak	265	....	14.61
Jos. Rusicka	114	....	6.23
Adam Stanek	432	100	24.24
Anton Strandler	728	....	40.66
Frank Tuchka	124	....	6.68
Frank Talber	270	....	14.52

New Jewell Hotel

IS 10 E FIFTH ST
ST. PAUL, MINN.
OPPOSITE CITY HALL
MODERN EUROPEAN PLAN

LOCATED IN HEART OF BUSINESS DISTRICT
RATES: Rooms with detached bath and shower bath—
One person 75c, $1.00 and $1.50 per day.
Two persons in same room, 50c extra.
ROOMS with private baths and toilets—
One person $1.50 and $2.00 per day.
Two persons in same room, $1.00 extra.

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